TODAY'S WEATHER
FAIR AND WARMER; SOUTH WINDS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

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HANNA CLINGS TENACIOUSLY TO THE LAST SPARK OF LIFE

NEWS SUMMARY

SITUATION IN THE FAR EAST.

A Russian torpedo transport blown up at Port Arthur—94 men killed—Japanese merchantman sunk—Bombardment of Hakodate confirmed.—Page 1.

Only four big encounters have been reported from the orient—News of operations delayed by Japan.—Page 1.

Chinese are waiting for a chance to start new revolution—"Fighting Bob" wants gunboats to use in Chinese waterways.—Page 7.

Baron Hayashi declares that the fortification of Masampho by the Japanese has effectually bottled up the Russian fleet.—Page 12.

Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles praises the Japanese for celerity in action and perfection of discipline.—Page 7.

Between 50,000 and 60,000 Japanese troops have already landed in Korea.—Page 1.

Amiral Togo sends in his official report of the engagements at Port Arthur.—Page 2.

FOREIGN.

Speyer & Co. of New York took the entire Cuban bond issue of $35,000,000.—Page 8.

DOMESTIC.

The uprising of constabulary of Luzon is blamed on Ricarte.—Page 8.

United States troops will not act as guardsmen in Baltimore.—Page 14.

Senator Hanna rallied from a critical sinking spell.—Page 1.

Senator Forsker praised Hanna at the meeting of the Ohio Republican clubs, which indorsed both senators for national delegates at large. President Roosevelt was indorsed, after discussion.—Page 1.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Two Pittsburgh men were burned to death in a hotel destroyed by fire, near Kittanning.—Page 14.

Italians and lumbermen had a desperate fight, near Coudersport.—Page 14.

LOCAL.

Important subjects discussed at conference of club women of Western Pennsylvania.—Page 10.

There are no court proceedings pending which affect W. H. McKinsey's right to a seat on the central board of education.—Page 5.

Jury in the Ousley and Johnson murder case is still trying to reach a verdict.—Page 12.

Republicans and Democrats will today petition the courts for the appointment of election overseers.—Page 3.

Common council passed appropriation and tax levy ordinances finally.—Page 5.

Republicans closed their campaign in the Fourteenth ward with a big meeting.—Page 2.

D. T. Watson spoke at the annual banquet of Allegheny County Bar association.—Page 5.

SPORTING.

The National baseball commission failed to reach a decision in the Ridgewood park case.—Page 9.

The Allegheny college five defeated the German Y. M. C. A. champions of Buffalo.—Page 9.

The bowlers have organized a national league with A. C. Anson at its head.—Page 9.

SOCIAL.

Annual valentine dinner and the dance at the Pennsylvania College for Women.—Page 10.

Mrs. William Flinn and Mrs. Alexander R. Peacock will be hostesses at valentine dinners this evening.—Page 10.

Medical students of the Western university gave a ball.—Page 10.

THE WEATHER

Fair.

Fair and warmer today and snow and warmer for tomorrow is the forecast of the Washington weather bureau for Pittsburgh and vicinity. Yesterday's maximum temperature, 26, occurred at midnight Thursday, and the minimum, 12, was registered at 8 p. m. The precipitation measured .06 of an inch. The sun rose cloudy at 7:22 and set cloudy at 5:48 yesterday. The daily report, furnished by the local weather office, follows:

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m....	30.35	16	93	N. E.	Snow
8 p. m....	30.52	18	78	N. W.	Pt. Cldy

Comparative temperature and precipitation for February 12:

	1904	1903		1904	1903
Maximum ...	26	52	Mean	19	46
Minimum ...	12	39	Precipitation .	.06	.00

Nor. temp. 31 yrs. . 34 | Nor. precip. 31 yrs. .10
Dfcy. for day ..... 15 | Dfcy. for day ..... .04
Dfcy. since Feb. 1.. 70 | Dfcy. since Feb. 1.. .94
Dfcy. since Jan. 1..235 | Dfcy. since Jan. 1..1.78

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Fair and warmer Saturday. Sunday, snow, with rising temperature; variable winds, becoming fresh southerly.

Ohio—Fair and warmer Saturday. Sunday, snow; fresh east to southeast winds.

West Virginia—Fair and warmer Saturday. Sunday, rain or snow.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 o'clock last night:

Cincinnati ..	22 Clear	Indianapolis .	20 Clear
Chicago	16 Cloudy	Washington .	22 Pt. Cldy
Oklahoma ..	48 Cloudy	Kansas City..	38 Pt. Cldy
St. Louis ..	26 Pt. Cldy	Philadelphia .	22 Pt. Cldy
Vicksburg ..	50 Clear	New Orleans .	50 Clear
New York..	18 Pt. Cldy	Duluth	6 Snow
Buffalo	10 Clear	Cairo	30 Clear
Omaha	28 Cloudy	Salt L. City..	46 Cloudy
St. Paul....	12 Cloudy	Denver	58 Pt. Cldy
Bismarck ..	18 Cloudy	Louisville	26 Clear

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON—Maxine Elliott in "Her Own Way," 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.

ALVIN—Lawrance d'Orsay in "The Earl of Pawtucket," 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.

GRAND—Stock company in "Nathan Hale," 2 and 8 p. m.

AVENUE—Dan Daly, the Ponz ballet, and other favorites, in a 15-act continuous performance bill, 1:30 to 10:30 p. m.

BIJOU—Charles Warner in "Drink," 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE—Star vaudeville bill headed by the Four Mortons, 2 and 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—"The Sign of the Cross," 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.

ACADEMY—Phil Sheridan's "City Sports," 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Skating afternoon and evening.

ALLEGHENY CARNEGIE MUSIC HALL—Free organ recital by City Organist H. P. Eoker, 2 p. m.

PITTSBURGH CARNEGIE MUSIC HALL—Six hundred and forty-third free organ recital; E. H. Lemare, city organist, 8 p. m.

Senator Faces Crisis and Gives Battle Against Death.

CONDITION ALARMING

Typhoid Fever Reaches the Turning Point and Uncertainty Prevails.

RALLIES FROM SINKING SPELL

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU.
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13.

At 2:10 a. m., Mr. Dover, the senator's secretary, said Mr. Hanna was still sleeping. Dr. Futcher, he reported, did not look for any change before morning, though the patient's temperature might rise from time to time, in which case it would be reduced by sponge baths.

At midnight, Senator Hanna's temperature was 105. He was given a sponge bath and in 30 minutes it was reduced to 102 and a fraction. He has been asleep most of the night, awakening at intervals for a moment and then dropping off again. His condition is practically unchanged.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU.
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 12.

At 11 o'clock the doctors issued the following bulletin about Senator Hanna: "At 11 o'clock Senator Hanna has reacted from the chill and depression. Temperature, 101; pulse, 120; respiration, 32. He is quietly resting.

RIXEY.
OSLER.
CARTER."

Never was a more brave and determined fight for life waged than Senator Hanna is making against typhoid fever.

Tonight the vital spark trembles in the balance. Within the next few hours it may rise and glow into renewed life or it may sink and be extinguished forever. Discouraged and disheartened, his family and friends are still hoping, buoyed up by the success of the patient's struggle when the crisis in his case arrived today and in which, assisted by the resources of medical science, he beat back the foe and came out victorious.

It was the period of his illness that the doctors have been expecting and fearing from the start, the branching of the roads one of which leads to recovery and the other to dissolution. Senator Hanna has now reached that parting of the ways and the whole capital waits breathlessly to know what path the dreaded disease has taken.

Today the fever reached 104 and the pulse leaped up to 112 with respiration at 29, indicating that the patient's heart was fluttering in its weakness and that a terrific drain was being made upon his limited strength. But the iron will of the man asserted itself. Saline solution and strychnine were administered to strengthen the heart action, stimulants were given him and in the last extremity oxygen was administered to his lungs.

Quickly Yielded to Science.

The senator responded to this treatment, the temperature was lowered, the pulse was reduced and in a few hours he had rallied to a degree that surprised the physicians and nurses. But whether he can stand another sinking spell of this kind is the problem that is worrying his friends. Today Dr. Osler said that the patient had strength sufficient to keep him up for possibly 48 hours, but if after that time there was not a marked improvement there would be practically no hope for his recovery. H. M. Hanna, the senator's brother, is the most hopeful one of the family. He says there is still a fighting chance and he believes in fighting to the end.

This morning Senator Hanna's physicians found the crisis in his illness had suddenly come upon them. The morning bulletin told of fever rising in a tide; of quickened breath; of fluttering, leaping pulse. There was but one favorable symptom, "the irritability of the stomach" had disappeared. With grave face Dr. Osler explained to the senator's friends the situation. Dr. Carter told a friend that the senator's temperature had almost ceased to interest him; it was the heart action that must be watched. If the weary valves could keep up their work of circulation the physicans could take care of the temperature or it would take care of itself.

His Powerful Will Triumphed.

Then Senator Hanna's physicians resorted to the aids that science prescribes in extreme cases. They injected saline solution into his body, administered strychnine, whisky and morphine and such other stimulants as were considered best and waited for a turn for better or worse.

The announcement was made that the patient, supposed to be unable to speak above a whisper, had risen in his might to demand a barber and a morning shave. The physicians put him off; the nurses tried to soothe him through his notion. But it was the Senator Hanna the public knows. He had a clear idea of what he wanted and he meant to have it. The will power of a sick man won. Senator Hanna had his shave. The news broke the nervous tension.

At noon a favorable bulletin was issued. The senator was resting quietly. His fever had come down, without recourse to baths, from 104 to 101.9; his pulse had fallen from 112 to 108; respiration was one degree faster, from 28 in the morning it had risen to 29, but that was a detail. It was felt that the senator was meeting the crisis, acknowledged to have arrived, better than the most hopeful had anticipated.

Early in the afternoon President

Continued on Second Page, Sixth Column.

J. B. FORAKER LAUDS HANNA

Dramatic Scene in Ohio Republican Club Convention at Cleveland.

QUICK CHANGE CAME

Governor Herrick, His Voice Choked by Emotion, Told of Senator's Critical State.

TRIBUTE TO STRICKEN CHIEF

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Cleveland, Feb. 12.—A dramatic scene, seldom, if ever, equalled in the history of Ohio politics, occurred at the convention of the Ohio League of Republican Clubs this afternoon, connecting, as it did, the presidential indorsement of the league and the critical condition of Senator Hanna. A spirited fight had been precipitated by the report of the committee on resolutions indorsing the candidacy of President Roosevelt for renomination. Objection to this was taken by the Montgomery county delegation and a heated speech was made by the Hon. Robert M. Nevin of Dayton, supporting the stand of the delegation. The Roosevelt spirit was plainly predominant and Nevin's voice was frequently drowned by the opposing faction. Amid such confusion the Roosevelt resolution was finally adopted, only Montgomery county dissenting. At this psychological moment Gov. Herrick arose on the platform and in a voice choking with emotion read a telegram from Washington, announcing that oxygen was being administered to sustain Senator Hanna, and that it was feared that his condition was hopeless.

A deathlike stillness followed when the governor concluded. The transition from the rampant scene preceding the announcement to the subdued aspect of the assemblage afterwards was so sudden as to be almost shocking.

Senator Foraker was introduced and said in part: "I did not come here with the idea of interrupting the business of this convention with any remarks that I might make at this time. The pleasure of meeting you again I am glad to express, because it is always a pleasure to me to see a fighting, organized body of the Republican party of Ohio. The Republican party has everywhere been triumphant. No problem has baffled us and no serious difference of opinion have arisen to create any serious discord in our ranks. We write a new chapter of party history every year and even every week. We are a united party. We are practically united as to the man who is to lead us, the man who has been making the record upon which we must stand.

"Now, while it is all bright on this horizon, there comes one painful feature to mar our joy. No one could feel more keenly than I would, the death of Senator Marcus A. Hanna. We have had our differences, but they have been fought out fairly in the open without the loss of my respect for him and I find myself hoping that he has none the less respect for me. During his seven years in the senate, I have seen him engage in his work and have seen him grow in the estimation of his colleagues. No man in public life has grown in the last several years as has Marcus A. Hanna. He has been outspoken, faithful and loyal to the highest degree to the Republican party. He was not an active participant in general debate, but no one exerted more influence on the floor of the senate.

"It would be a severe loss to us if he should pass away. He has been a truly great man, not the greatest perhaps, for we have had Sherman, Garfield and a great galaxy of statesmen; but his name will always stand as one of the strongest men in the nation's history."

The resolutions adopted by the convention prior to the reading of the telegram from Washington, primarily indorsed Senators Foraker and Hanna to be delegates-at-large from Ohio to the coming national Republican convention.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, W. E. Guerin, Sandusky; first vice president, Frank B. Archer, Bellaire; second vice president, F. G. Shuey, Canton; secretary, Sherman Arter, Cleveland; treasurer, Fred H. Tibbits, Columbus.

The banquet which was to have been held tonight, as the concluding feature of the meeting was abandoned because of the serious illness of Senator Hanna.

Ohio Statesman Is Making Brave Fight Against Death

Senator Marcus Alonzo Hanna.

RUMOR OF FIGHT ON YALU RIVER

Unconfirmed Report of Fighting North of Ping Yang Again Circulated.

TOGO'S FLEET IN THE DARK

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chefoo, Feb. 12.—There are persistent rumors current here today that the Japanese and Russian land forces have met south of the Yalu river and that fighting on an extensive scale is in progress. It is impossible to trace these reports to any authoritative source, but they are given considerable credit by a great many.

It is known that the Japanese have a considerable force in Korea, north of Ping Yang, and that the Russians have been rushing reinforcements to the northern bank of the Yalu. It is believed they have crossed the river in force between Antung and Wiju. If this supposition is true the Russian advance guard marching south and the advance guard of the Japanese marching north must be pretty nearly in touch with each other.

No definite news of Admiral Togo's fleet has been received here for several days and there is much speculation as to its whereabouts and actions. It has been variously reported at various points in the Yellow sea, from the mouth of the Yalu to the neighborhood of Niuchwang but its exact whereabouts is not known here and there is no inkling of Togo's plans.

The movements of the Japanese forces both on land and sea are most successfully guarded and will not probably be known until they have delivered some deadly blow to Russia.

FORTY SECONDS TO MILE IS NEW TRAIN RECORD

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—A new speed record has been made on the Central of New Jersey by the east-bound Harrisburg "flyer." This train made the run from Phillipsburg, N. J., to Jersey City, 73 miles, in 78 minutes. The time consumed included three stops, several slowdowns for crossings and bridges. Many miles were made at the rate of 40 seconds to the mile, and if the train had come through without stopping the run would have been made in about 66 minutes.

RUSSIA SURE OF FINAL SUCCESS

Belief at St. Petersburg That Japanese Fleet Suffered at Port Arthur.

RESERVES JOINING COLORS

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

St. Petersburg, Feb. 12.—There is a dearth of news from the front here today. Whether this is owing to the fact that nothing is happening or to the strict censorship imposed by the government it is hard to tell. The reports of Admiral Alexieff indicating that the damage done by the Japanese in the attack on Port Arthur was not so great as at first reported and that the Port Arthur squadron is not weakened as much as was supposed has had a good effect.

It is pointed out that the fact that the Japanese fleet has not been heard from since the attack indicates that the damage inflicted on it in the Port Arthur engagement may have been so great as to cripple the Japanese from further offensive action until the damages have been repaired. It is confidently believed here that some of the Japanese ships were badly hurt.

While the strict kind of censorship is maintained as to the movement of ships and troops, it became known today that measures are being taken to strengthen Russia's naval forces in the far east, and if possible to regain control of the sea.

All the Siberian military reserves have been called to the colors, and it is believed that the first reserves throughout the empire have received instructions to join their commands. Evidences of military activity are visible throughout European Russia.

Red Cross organization work is going on actively. Volunteers for service in the field hospital are coming from all classes and in such numbers that the Red Cross society officials have been compelled to announce that no further applications will be considered. Some of the volunteers are from the highest circles.

Russia is not at all cast down by the early reverses and there is the utmost confidence that when the first land fight has been fought there will be a different story to tell. The departure of Admiral Skrydloff to take command of the Russian naval forces has created a good impression. No officer in the Russian navy has a finer record for dash, courage and seamanly qualities than Skrydloff and the public believes when he reaches Port Arthur that Russia will make a better showing on the sea.

Capt. Rudney of the Variag, who blew up his ship rather than have her fall into the hands of the enemy, is a popular hero. Had he lived he would have received high honors.

NEARLY SIXTY THOUSAND JAPANESE TROOPS IN KOREA

News of Decisive Movement on Land Is Hourly Expected in Tokyo—Mobility of Mikado's Troops Beats Russians.

By PERCIVAL PHILLIPS.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

TOKYO, Feb. 12.—I have good authority for stating that up to today Japan has successfully landed between 50,000 to 60,000 troops in various parts of Korea. I also have the highest authority for stating that decisive developments may be expected hourly. The marching power of the Japanese infantry is much higher than that of the Russians.

Not over a score of miles a day is given as the average capacity of the Russians while the Japanese can always cover much more ground and arrive in splendid condition at the end.

Japan's great initial victories have not unduly elated either the civil or military leaders. The people throughout Japan celebrated the happy opening of the war with rejoicings, but the authorities are looking farther ahead. They have full confidence in the ultimate issue, but regard the work still in hand as serious beyond all power of exaggeration.

No alarm is felt in official circles at the news cabled here that Russia is about to dispatch the remnants of her Baltic squadron. In the first place, it is doubted whether the vessels will be able to accomplish the cruise and in the second place, it is stated that long before they arrive, Admiral Togo's ships will have nothing to do but to receive them. Admiral Togo is the popular idol of the hour. The people, delighted over his victory, are parading and shouting his name. Cries of "Bangai" (hurrah) are heard constantly, coupled with the name of the victorious admiral. The victor of Chemulpo, Admiral Uryu, gets his share of the applause but Togo is the popular hero.

I understand a majority of the crew of the Variag are on board the British cruiser Talbot.

KAISER THREATENS TO COMPLICATE SITUATION

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]
(Copyright, 1904, by the New York Herald Co.)

LONDON, Feb. 12.— The Daily Telegraph this morning gives prominence to the following special from St. Petersburg:

"ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 12.—I have unimpeachable authority for stating that if the fortunes of war prove adverse to Russia a diversion which may lead to far-reaching results is confidently expected from Germany.

"Already proposals are affirmed to have been made by the chief of the state, which, if accepted, will considerably complicate matters.

"The German government is especially bitter with England, and will support Russia diplomatically in any action tending to bring the evacuation of Wei-Hai-Wei before The Hague tribunal.

"Germany's fixed resolution is to avail herself of the present crisis to win back Russia's friendship and oust France from favor, but the proposals which have emanated from Berlin are definite and concrete, and, if accepted, are likely to interest Europe more keenly in the far eastern war."

BOTH NATIONS LOSE VESSELS

Russian Ship Blown Up at Port Arthur—94 Men Are Lost.

COASTER IS SUNK

Japanese Merchantman Sunk by Vladivostok Squadron—Bombardment Confirmed.

BRITISH STEAMER IS FIRED ON

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

TOKYO, Feb. 12.—The Russian squadron from Vladivostok sunk the Japanese mail steamer Nakonoura Maru yesterday.

The whereabouts of this squadron of the czar is causing much uneasiness in Japan. Instead of being safely frozen in, it is free and evidently aggressive. After shelling Hakodate on the 10th, it is now learned the squadron, in an effort to capture the Nakonoura Maru and the Zensho Maru, two merchant ships, sank the Nakonoura Maru. The Zensho Maru escaped, and arrived safely at Fukuyama, a port near the entrance to the Tsugaru straits, yesterday.

The officers of the Zensho Maru report that early yesterday morning, while the two coasters were about half way between Sakata, on the main island of Japan, and Otaru, a port on the western coast of Yezo, they were surrounded by four Russian men-of-war, one of which signaled the ships to surrender. The demand was followed by a shot across the Nakonoura Maru's bows. Instead of hauling down her flag, the merchantman crowded on steam and headed for Fukuyama.

The Russian ships opened fire at once, and a chase down the coast began. Off the island of Okushiri, off the west coast of Yezo, the Nakonoura Maru was disabled and soon went to the bottom.

Second Coaster Hit.

The Zensho Maru, though hit, was not disabled, the shot passing through her upper works. The officers report that the Russians appeared under full speed from the south, and it is probable that they were then proceeding from the shelling of Hakodate.

The Nakonoura Maru was an iron steamer, schooner rigged, of 1,973 tons. She was 224.4 feet long and 27.2 beam and was owned by a commercial firm in Yokohama. She carried a complement of about 29 officers and men, all of whom are believed to have been lost.

The certainty that the Vladivostok squadron is on the move has spread alarm among the residents of the ports of northern Japan.

The squadron comprises the armored cruisers Rurik, Grimlvol and Rossia, the protected cruiser Bogatyr and the troopship Lena.

If, as is now believed, the Russians, with their powerful ice breakers, have succeeded in opening a passage for the ships, they are in a position, by making their headquarters at Vladivostok, to do incalculable harm to a score of Japanese ports within striking distance of the Russian stronghold.

It is thought that a Japanese squadron will be dispatched north to engage the Russian ships.

Russian Ship Blown Up.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 12, 4 a. m.—A report has been received from Viceroy Alexieff saying that the Russian torpedo transport Yenisei has been blown up as the result of accidentally striking a mine at Port Arthur. The Yenisei sank and Capt. Stepanoff, three officers and 91 men were lost.

London, Feb. 12.—(Special Cable.)—Dispatches from Vienna say the reported Russian bombardment of Hakodate is confirmed and was successful. The cruisers of the Vladivostok

Continued on Second Page, Second Column.

FOUR BIG FIGHTS ONLY, REPORTED

Japan Taking Steps to Delay News of Movements in Orient.

BLOW A QUICK ONE

Mikado's Fleet Must Have Sailed from Sasebo Before Kuring Demanded Passports.

BIG BATTLE EXPECTED SOON

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]
(Copyright, 1904, by the New York Herald Co.)

London, Feb. 12.—There probably have been four engagements in the war so far:

1. The naval engagement at Chemulpo.
2. The torpedo attack at Port Arthur.
3. The naval engagement at Port Arthur.
4. A demonstration in force at Talien-Wan bay.

The latter is not absolutely established.

While the reports as to the damage suffered by the Russian ships at Port Arthur are meager, it seems clear that Japan has succeeded in her efforts to obtain at least such temporary command of the sea as will permit her to land the main army of invasion at Chemulpo, thus saving the long and demoralizing march overland from Masampho or Fusan.

With several battleships and cruisers crippled, Russia's main fleet at Port Arthur is in no way capable of making the offensive. Japan's main fleet is threatening Port Arthur, making diversions along the coast and above all it is believed, guarding the entrance of the gulf of Pe Chi Li from the Yellow sea, to prevent Russia's swift cruisers or a torpedo flotilla from slipping through to attack the line of transports which is now rushing the Japanese invaders from Nagasaki to Chemulpo.

It is apparent now that the Japanese fleet must have sailed from Sasebo on February 6 or 8, some days previous to the sudden demand of M. Rosthe at St. Petersburg for his passports.

It was on February 7 that the Japanese representative demanded his passports. On the same day several cruisers and transports from Sasebo, near Nagasaki, arrived at Chemulpo. An engagement followed and the Variag was sunk, after a gallant defense against overwhelming numbers.

On the night of February 8, the torpedo boat attack at Port Arthur occurred, and the next day a fleet of battleships and great cruisers attacked the Russians under the guns of the fortress, which the Japanese once carried by assault.

The official notice sent out Friday night from St. Petersburg that the cable from Vladivostok to Nagasaki, the telegraph line from Seoul to Masampho and the telegraph line from Seoul to Wonsan are broken, limits communication with Japan to the cables that land at Shanghai, which are under Japanese censorship. This is a strong reason to discredit the vague reports of further engagements.

Spencer Wilkinson, writing in today's Morning Post says the Japanese government has no intention of allowing the movements in progress to be published to the world. European observers must, therefore, wait patiently for a few days, confident that when the veil is lifted there will be an interesting budget of news. The action at Chemulpo made an end of what Russian force was on the spot, where it might have interfered with unopposed transports.

The actions at Port Arthur were evidently intended for the same purpose and what are called demonstrations. The object was to immobilize the Russian naval force while movements were taking place within it was not desired should attract its attention. The purpose was fulfilled with astonishing success, but the operations which were covered by the demonstrations have not yet been disclosed.

General Wheeler Spoke.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—One of the many dinners tonight in honor of Lincoln's birthday was given by the Chicago Society of New York, at Sinnott's. Among the speakers were Gen. A. W. Greeley, U. S. A., Gen. Joseph Wheeler and Lyman J. Gage.

DEMOCRATS SEEK IN VAIN

Shaw Says Their Campaign Issue Must Rest on Local Wants.

REPUBLICANS FIRM

Stand Bulwarked on the Virile, People-Indorsed Policies of the Nation.

LINCOLN DAY BANQUETS

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, Feb. 12.—Lincoln's birthday was observed in Chicago tonight by the Marquette club with a banquet and public meeting at the Auditorium. Secretary of the Treasury Shaw was the principal speaker. He talked on "The Democratic Quadrennial Search for an Issue." Secretary Shaw said in part:

I have been reading with some interest the recent speeches made at Democratic dinners and on the floor of congress, and from them I have sought to discover, if possible, the issue the battle are for the Democratic national committee.

No phase of the money question can become the paramount issue in the campaign of 1904. The gold standard has been established, and the last report of the secretary of the treasury officially interprets the act of March 14, 1900, as authorizing the redemption of silver dollars and silver certificates in gold, whenever, in the opinion of the secretary, such a course is necessary for the maintenance of parity between all forms of money coined or issued by the United States government. On the rock upon financial interests securely rest, and it is just here the conditions of the American people constantly change.

Neither can the campaign of 1904 be fought upon any issue growing out of our recent war with Spain. Imperialism, which was assailed by the Democratic party as a vice of wrecking and always in 1900, has been silenced or officially as it was silenced in 1900 and 1872.

McKinley Settled Problem.

The independence of the Philippine islands cannot be made an issue. The promise made four years ago by William McKinley, in the letter of acceptance, has been redeemed. The only criticism that anyone has ever dared to make of the administration of the islands is that the Independence letter has given publicity to public affairs beyond their urgency.

Neither can the forthcoming campaign be fought upon any phase of the civil question. On March 2, 1903, a Democratic committee appointed by a Democratic congress made its report, closing with these words: "Owing to present differences of opinion between the members of the committee, we limit the report to submitting to the careful consideration of future Democratic congresses the facts shown by the testimony taken before your committee. To this end we think that time until now an original majority legislation on the subject has been passed by a Democratic congress or recommended by a Democratic president, and few important measures dating against alleged trusts have been instituted by Democratic attorneys general. All that has been done on the subject, except the investigations of Democratic committees, has been the result of Republican administrations alone, and all important suits for the enforcement of the law have been brought by direction of Republican executives.

Can't Resort to Tariff.

It will be somewhat difficult to get an issue out of the tariff. The last time upon which any was believed upon the declaration that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for purposes of revenue only. But Democrats with denouncing the protective policy as unconstitutional useless, they went to the 1896 and 1900 campaigns with platforms declaring that protection was robbery. Then, when we were leading an unusual surplus, our Democratic friends said it was because the tariff was too high. Now we have a monthly deficit, and they say this is because the tariff is too high. Two years ago they said that if the tariff were lowered, the revenues would be increased. Now they say that if the tariff were lowered the revenue would be decreased. Democratic orators generally insist that when the tariff is reduced more foreign goods will be imported. They say that a low rate of duty on goods, the importation of which is invited by the low rate, will yield more revenue than a high rate of duty, which excludes importations. They tell us further that a rate of duty sufficiently low to invite goods of foreign manufacture will, of necessity, supply the home market with the product of foreign labor, and that the people will prefer to buy the cheaper, and not the best products of a portion of their best markets.

Old Issue With Them.

The only other possible issue that can be evolved from the brain of the politician that our present protective policy shelters trusts and monopolies. Our political opponents have sung the change our tune so long, and reiterated the removal of duties from trust-made goods until the trusts are destroyed with such continued vehemence that a confirmation of their position can scarcely be made the paramount, though it may become a prominent issue in the near future. Any one who gives heed to the time signs ought to understand that any tariff policy that will destroy a monopoly will compel the creation of a competitor for the monopoly, and will involve labor of much profitable employment.

It must not be forgotten that in 1902 the Democratic party in Massachusetts declared in favor of reciprocity with Canada and secured Democratic congressmen have recently made speeches in support of that proposition. This will probably be an issue in the next campaign.

A joint high commission was created in 1898, consisting, originally, of five representatives of this government and five from Great Britain, most of whom resided in Canada. Subsequently the commission was increased to six representatives of each government. To this commission was entrusted the subject of reciprocal trade relations between the United States and Canada.

The Democratic congressmen who have spoken in favor of Canadian reciprocity know full well that the American people will never consent to the only terms at the time attainable, and they are making their speeches largely to secure power and consideration in Republican states. One of them represents the Twin Republican of Minnesota, embracing Minneapolis and Minneapolis is supposed to favor free trade in wheat with Canada. The Democratic representatives of the Eleventh district of Massachusetts has also been heard on the floor of congress in advocacy of reciprocity with Canada, and he controls his supporters upon whom an important portion of his success depends.

The Democratic attempt to bring forward upon the independence of Panama and the acquisition of a right of way for an interoceanic canal. The administration of President Roosevelt has been sustained by votes, confirmed by others, and associated by not a few of the opposition party. Permit, therefore, a brief review of the situation.

We Stand on Independence.

First, the country is on record in support of the proposition that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of inalienable rights a revolution of independence is justifiable. We date our national existence from such an event. Have recently we embarked in a great adventure not in defense of a people who had revolted against a sovereign country, and, at no small expense to ourselves in blood and treasure, we forced them to be free. Spain is the sovereign, and the republic of Cuba holds no place in the sun, if the word of the president is to be accepted. There is no evidence that the great republic still

THIBET MAY BE SOURCE OF ANGLO-RUSSIAN IMBROGLIO

Col. Younghusband's Expedition Into Sacred Land of Buddhists Said to Be Reason for Non-Acceptance of Hay's Note.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU.
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 12.

England's military expedition now pressing into Thibet has become the target of the eyes of the other great powers involved in the far east. This is because England, while apparently all smiles at Secretary Hay's Chinese neutrality proposition, had not, up to today, expressed formal acceptance of the idea, but was diligently inquiring what would probably be the extent of international concurrent action for the preservation of neutrality. This would seem to indicate that Downing street requires some important information before committing itself.

Russia has regarded the British expedition with suspicion ever since it started on an ostensible mission to support the British treaty commissioners who recently went to Thibet. Reports received in London are that Russian emissaries have recently penetrated the sacred city of Lhassa to combat the growth of British influence. For the British to be received cordially at the seat of the Buddhist religion, which has been visited by few other than Buddhists, would give English prestige in the far east a far greater force than it now possesses.

Col. Younghusband, who commands the expedition, will probably have more than winter with which to encounter, for it is reported that the Thibetans will fight the invasion of their territory. This probability of hostilities assumes great importance now. Representatives of foreign governments here today frequently asked the question:

"How will England, Japan's ally, be able to further invade Thibet if she agrees to respect and assist the neutrality of China."

It is pointed out here that if Russia agrees to the neutrality proposition she will doubtless declare that further progress of an English force into Thibet would be as flagrant a violation of the agreement as the Russian occupation of Peking.

lieves in the principles promulgated at its birth.

Now take the case of Panama. Under the Colombian constitution of 1863 Panama enjoyed absolute autonomy. Her representative in the federal congress was denominated a plenipotentiary. A majority of the states could annul any act of the federal congress. The right of revolution was expressly guaranteed, and the republic was required to recognise any de facto state government that could establish itself by revolutionary methods upon the ruins of its predecessor. The right to negotiate treaties and contracts with foreign governments and foreign persons embraced everything reserved to the republic. So much for Panama's relation to Colombia.

Right Acquired by Treaty.

By a treaty negotiated with New Granada in 1846 the United States acquired the right of free and open transit of the isthmus. By the same convention and by subsequent treaties with other countries, this government guaranteed to all the world the right of unobstructed interoceanic travel.

After weary months of negotiations, early in 1903 a treaty was agreed to between Colombia and the United States. It was signed, submitted to the United States senate, and ratified. Under its provisions, the United States agreed to pay Colombia $10,000,000 cash and $250,000 per annum in perpetuity. In consideration of this enormous sum of money, the United States was to have a right of way across the state of Panama; the right to construct a ship canal along this right of way; the right and the obligation to maintain the canal free of expense to others, and for the joint use on equal terms of all nations and all peoples of the earth, and the right and obligation to defend it against all comers. Colombia was to receive not alone the money, but also the canal and the defense thereof, and, what would prove more valuable still, the actual, though incidental, protection against invading armies that might otherwise devastate her domains.

The treaty was sent to Colombia for ratification, but it was never submitted to vote, nor even recommended. It was rejected avowedly for the reason that in October, 1904, a forfeiture could be declared of a concession made to a French corporation which had expended many millions in an attempt to construct a canal at private expense, and the work already performed would thus inure to the benefit of Colombia. We had agreed to pay this corporation $40,000,000 for the concession.

And this brings us to the summer and fall of 1903 when the rebellion occurred. What did this government do? It pursued the same course it has always followed under similar circumstances; the same course it pursues in both hemispheres and with respect to all continents and every group of islands where American rights, or where this government has obligations to perform. It collected a few ships and prepared to guard American interests. The government's course was as open as the day, and concealed nothing. It had nothing to conceal. The movement of its ships was known to all. Their destination was known to all. Suddenly, the revolt occurred, and the Colombian troops were repulsed, with the loss of only one life, and he a foreigner. Then the United States government did what Colombia under the constitution of 1863 was powerless to do—recognized a de facto state established by revolution and maintained by force of arms.

The Democratic national platform of 1856, referring to this "great highway of nature," expressly advocated "the timely and efficient exercise of the control which we have a right to claim over it," and then declared that "no power on earth should be suffered to impede or clog its progress." If that resolution was in harmony with international law in 1856—and it has never been called in question—then the United States has not only been honorable, but it has been magnanimous. No campaign material can be extracted from the event.

People Want the Canal.

The people of the United States have determined to construct a canal, and having so determined, they will not only approve, but they will applaud the termination of 100 years of negotiation, of debate, of discussion, and of idle talk, and the inauguration of a campaign of action.

If I were to advise the opposition, I should recommend the adoption of the resolution passed in 1832, at the first Democratic national convention. It reads as follows:

"Resolved, That it be recommended to the several delegations in this convention that in case a general address should be made to the people of the United States, by this convention, each delegation make such declaration, by address, report, or otherwise, to their respective constituents, of the object, proceedings, and result of this meeting as it may deem expedient."

Under that resolution the campaign can be localized.

If the issue were to be candidates, there would be no campaign. The administration of the last seven years has been progressive; it has been honorable; it has been wise; it has been consistent, and it has been clean. The present chief executive is the embodiment of all that is American and the people have found, he has defended their every interest, and the people honor him; he has taken them into his every confidence, and the people love him. Be the issue, then, what it may, the result of the next election is assured. The people will return to the White House that scholar among scholars, that prince among all Americans, and that statesman among those who have helped to make this country what it is, and to win for it the respect of all nations—Theodore Roosevelt.

Other speakers were Representative Robert Cousins of Iowa, who replied to the toast "Abraham Lincoln," and Congressman Henry Sherman Boutelle, who talked on "The Latest Triumphs of the Republican Party."

Another celebration in memory of Lincoln was held at Kinsleys where the Lincoln club gave a banquet. Among the speakers were Hon. Thomas E. Kinsman, the Rev. W. Quayle, W. J. Calhoun and Congressman George Edward Foss.

FOR THE FATHERLAND AND FREE SUFFRAGE

Two Notable Addresses Were Delivered at a Lincoln Banquet.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Feb. 12.—The annual Lincoln day banquet under the auspices of the two Republican clubs of this city eclipsed all former successes. A special train from Washington brought as guests Baron von Sternburg, the German ambassador; Senator Dolliver of Iowa, Congressman Cushman of Washington, exCongressman Wise of Virginia, Col. E. S. Pierce, Congressman R. P. Bishop and William Alden Smith of Michigan and others.

After the arrival of the Washington party a reception was held in the Morton house in honor of the ambassador. This evening 2,500 people sat down to a banquet in the Auditorium.

John S. Wise of New York, in an address on the Republican party and suffrage, dealt ably with the existing race problem. In part he said:

"The irritation against the negro in the south springs from a deep-seated feeling among the whites that the Republican party is attempting by force and violence to write a greater recognition of the black man than he has ever received or ever will receive where Republicanism is strongest. If we boldly announce our abandonment of this attempted coercion, that irritation is removed; the feelings of the southern white will no longer be aroused by it, and he will once more feel toward the negro the kindness which long association and dependence upon his labor naturally create.

Having done this manifestly sensible thing, we will have virtually remitted the control of suffrage to the states. The ratio of congressional and electoral strength should be determined by actual and not by fictitious electorate. The fourteenth amendment declares who are citizens of the United States. If you grant to those citizens residing within your borders the right to vote, your representation should be measured by that scale. If, for causes satisfactory to yourself, you reduce the numbers of your electors, your representation shall abate pro tanto.

No sophistry or selfishness can evade the justice of this demand. The Republican party has the power to enforce it, and it is right. Being right, the party ought to demand it, and demand it quickly.

Baron von Sternburg the German ambassador, responded to the toast "The German Emperor." In part he said:

"The eyes of the Fatherland are upon America. History tells us Abraham Lincoln loved the Germans who came to America. And why should he not? Your pages are filled with names of those who have become immortal in deeds of bravery for the land of their adoption.

One country has helped the other. German centers of learning have been the Mecca of thousands of Americans during the last 50 years, and Germans of all classes, statesmen, manufacturers, merchants and men of letters have been visiting the United States to become closer acquainted with the American people and to exchange ideas. To foster the seed sown by Prince Henry on his return from America and to develop it to its fullest blossom is the wish of Emperor William.

It has become a fad of late saying that there is a strong resemblance between the present heads of our two nations. This is a powerful guarantee for our peaceful progress. These two great leaders of men keep before our eyes those ideals which make men worthy of the lives God has given them. They form the strongest ties between us. The more we live up to these ideals the stronger the bonds will grow which unite us, and the more powerful will be our influence in the interest of peace and civilization.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

All Races of Man,
strange, curious and interesting, are among the myriad sights at the St. Louis World's Fair, open April 30, and reached by Pennsylvania Lines direct route. "Look at the Map!"

MOODY DEFENDS NATION'S NAVY

Intimates Present War Illustrates the Necessity of Always Being Prepared.

SPEAKS AT GOTHAM BANQUET

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Lincoln's birthday was celebrated by the Republican club of New York by a banquet at the Waldorf, attended by 600 guests, of whom 100 were women. The toasts and those who spoke to them were: "Abraham Lincoln," Hamilton W. Mable; "The Republican Party," Senator Charles W. Fairbanks; "The Pillars of the Republic," Senator Chauncey M. Depew; "The Navy," Secretary W. H. Moody.

Many expressions of sympathy were heard when the following letter from Senator Hanna, dated January 20, and addressed to S. M. Kenyon of the dinner committee was read: "I thank you very much for the invitation to attend the Lincoln dinner, to be given by the Republican club February 12. However, I am compelled to decline all invitations which will take me away from Washington during the present session of the senate. I am physically unable to meet the demands which a general acceptance would entail, and in addition, cannot with any degree of certainty plan for an absence from the city with so many important measures pending in the senate. I appreciate the invitation and regret that it cannot be my pleasure to accept."

President Roosevelt sent a letter of regret, in which he said:

"It is a matter of great regret that I cannot be with the Republican club on the occasion of the Lincoln dinner. I feel very strongly that the celebration of Lincoln's birthday has more than any mere significance. The particular problems which Lincoln had to meet have passed away; but the spirit, the purpose, the method with which he met them are as needed now as they ever were, and will be needed as long as free government exists, as long as a free people tries successfully to meet its manifold responsibilities. The principles for which Lincoln contended are elemental and basic. He strove for peace, if possible, but for justice in any event; he strove for a brotherhood of mankind, based on the theory that each man can conserve his own liberty only by paying scrupulous regard to the liberty of others. He strove to bring about the union of kindliness and disinterestedness, with strength and courage, upon which as a foundation our institutions must rest if they are to remain unshaken by time."

Robert T. Lincoln sent his regrets.

Secretary of the Navy William M. Moody, who responded to the toast, "The Navy," in commencing his speech, referred to the Japanese-Russo war. He said:

"Unhappily there is war upon the sea. We are upon friendly terms with both of the nations who are now at war.

"We have declared our neutrality which we shall maintain.

"We have no interest except that the war may end speedily.

"We have no concern except that it may not bring into the struggle any other nation than those nations now in conflict. I can assure you that under no circumstances which I can conceive is there danger to the peace of our own nation.

"There never was a better time to consider the subject given me. There never was a day when it appeared more clearly that a country should have its navy ready instantly for war.

"I have not lost hope that the policy of increasing our power upon the sea will be continued, whatever party may be in control of the national administration. I confess that I look with apprehension upon the observations which were offered the other day by the senator from Maryland.

"I hold in my hand a graphic delineation of the naval strength of the principal powers of the world, measured by displacement in tons. From this comparison auxiliary vessels and surface and submarine torpedo craft are excluded. We are weaker than other nations in three respects, notably weaker in torpedo craft. Therefore the comparison is more favorable to our strength than the facts of the situation warrant."

The secretary pointed out how since 1896 the United States navy had risen from sixth place to fifth place and we now had building more tonnage than any other country save Great Britain. He pointed out the necessity for keeping up the personnel and gradation of service to no swashbucklers, swagging around the world with a chip on their shoulders, as Senator Gorman said.

KAISER PROMPTED NOTE TO POWERS

Move of Secretary Hay for Neutrality Suggested by Prussia.

ENGLAND STILL HESITATING

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—"To Russia and Japan the Washington government suggests the propriety of limiting hostilities within as small an area as possible and of respecting the neutrality and administrative entity of China, that China may be free from disturbances and foreign interests there from menace."

This is the substance of the note addressed by Secretary Hay on February 10 to the St. Petersburg and Tokyo governments. On February 8, in a note to Germany, Great Britain and France, Mr. Hay invited those powers concurrently to address Russia and Japan with the same suggestion, and on February 11 this invitation was extended to Italy, Austria-Hungary, The Netherlands, Denmark, Spain and Belgium.

Germany was the first to respond, with a prompt acceptance of the invitation and the promise that she immediately would address the two combatants.

Great Britain was heard from next, expressing adherence to the principle laid down in the note, but withholding formal acceptance pending an answer to an inquiry whether the "administrative entity" of China involved Manchuria.

Japan Quick to Reply.

Japan was heard from quickly with the answer that she would act readily on the suggestion of the United States if a similar promise could be obtained from Russia.

Italy, Austro-Hungary and the Netherlands expressed sympathy with the idea and promised an answer after consultation with other powers. There is reason to believe that Spain and Belgium also will accept the invitation. Russia thus far has been silent and the attitude of France is one of hesitation.

This is the situation tonight. Meantime it is learned that Germany is addressing the combatants with a note in substance the same as that of Secretary Hay.

A high official of the administration has given these details of the diplomatic steps which led up to the issuance of Secretary Hay's note:

On February 6 Baron von Sternburg, the German ambassador, under instructions from Berlin, called at the White House and laid before the president this proposition:

Germany's Proposition.

That the powers urge on Russia and Japan the expediency of preserving the peace of mind of the Chinese court and of respecting the neutrality and entity of administration of China. The German government invited the United States as the power possessing the least political interest in European and far eastern affairs to issue the invitation; in the event, however, that the power, first approached, declined, Germany expressed her willingness to take the initiative.

The German ambassador called again the day following. Such a few further conference with the president, to whom the idea appeared exceedingly practicable and worthy of execution. Secretary Hay arrived in Washington that night and had a conference with the president immediately after his arrival.

The afternoon of the German ambassador called at the secretary's residence for a conference. It was then decided that probably the invitation could be issued more advantageously by this government and the notes to the peace and combatant powers were that afternoon framed, those to Germany, France and Great Britain being called that night.

Kaiser Stood Alone.

"Germany made this proposition to the United States without consultation with other powers. It is said that Russia had no knowledge in advance of Germany's intention to take this step. In diplomatic circles the fact that Germany and the United States took the lead concurrently in this important diplomatic move is regarded as having great significance."

Minister Conger cabled the state department today from Peking that the Chinese government would immediately issue a proclamation of neutrality, having yesterday received from the Russian minister the declaration of war.

If this proclamation is observed it will prevent the threatened invasion of Manchuria by the Soviets. China also must prevent the use of her soil by either Russian or Japanese troops.

Mrs. M. A. Hanna,

Who has been constant in her attendance at her husband's bedside since his illness began.

IT WASN'T FLINN IT WAS LARKIN

Wasson Makes Countercharges to William H. Stevenson's Regarding Appropriation Bills.

NIGHT OF POLITICAL MEETINGS

The Republicans of the Fourteenth ward closed their campaign last night with a big ward meeting in the Holmes school house. The hall was filled to its seating capacity and great enthusiasm was shown.

A parade preceded the meeting. Led by Rocerelo's band, the Republicans marched in procession from the headquarters in Boquet street to the school house. Red fire was burned and the marchers were applauded all along the line.

The meetings was opened by Alexander McKnight, the ward chairman, who introduced William J. Smith as chairman. In a few terse words Mr. Smith called attention to the issues confronting the voters and introduced Councilman Joseph C. Wasson.

Much of Mr. Wasson's speech was devoted to analyzing the record of the Citizens' party in the late lamented two years of pledges made before election. Then he took up the appropriation and tax levy bills pending in councils. He referred to a speech made the night before by Councilman William H. Stevenson, who said the changes in the bills were made by William Flinn. Mr. Wasson said he himself had a hand in preparing the changes and he would make a counterchange.

Mr. Wasson's Countercharge.

The bills, as reported by the finance committee, were not prepared by the committee, but by Controller Larkin himself, the sub-committee on appropriations merely attesting to his work. The Republican city council had incorporated in the bills appropriations that would benefit the city. They had given the director of the department of public safety money enough to enable him to hire plenty of firemen in the new fire houses. They made it possible for him to hire 50 additional policemen; and they had provided for 100 more electric lights. Whereas, the finance committee had given the director of public works only 400 street laborers, the Republicans had given him the money with which to hire 600, and they had given him the money that would enable him to repave the streets. They had cut out the appropriation for $14,000 for a race track to Schenley park, which improvement intended to benefit only the "favored few" who owned fast horses.

Ex-Judge Josiah Cohen began his speech with a reference to the late C. L. Magee, a resident of the ward, whom he termed the "master mind of the Citizens' party government," saying it should not be necessary for him to talk to Republicans of that ward to urge them to vote the Republican ticket. Judge Cohen declared the Citizens party had not kept a single pledge it had made.

Lincoln's Birthday Reminder.

Assistant District Attorney Albert J. Edwards reminded his hearers that it was Lincoln's birthday and that on such an occasion Republicans ought to make up their minds to vote the Republican ticket straight at the election. Short speeches were made by J. F. Mullarkey and Thomas Kelly.

The Republicans of the Twenty-fifth ward met in the Morse school and Thomas Liggett of the twenty-fourth ward at Ritters hall, 2726 Carson street. The meetings were to instruct the workers and watchers at the polls next Tuesday. The district committees were also instructed. Market Master Ed Chapman at the Morse school and William A. Larimer, candidate for common council in the Twenty-fourth ward, was chairman in Ritters hall. The men were addressed by S. H. Oliver, David Barton and John McKain, candidates for offices in the wards.

A meeting of Citizens and Democrats of the Eighth ward was held at 110 Fulton street. Joshua Jones presided and Charles S. Wallace, Andrew Carey, sr., H. S. Brock, Pyrion Wood, Ephraim Eberstone, William McKelvey, candidate for select council, and Samuel Frankel, candidate for common council, spoke.

A mass meeting of the Citizens and Democratic parties of the Twelfth ward was held at the Lexington house on Thirty-first and Smallman streets. Addresses were made by Dr. D. W. Clinton, J. M. F. Foster, Archibald Hanlon and Joseph Henry.

Instructing the Workers.

A meeting of the Citizens-Democratic party of the Twenty-fifth ward was held in the Morse school to instruct the watchers and workers who are to be at the polls. Magistrate J. H. Vitchesham acted as chairman, and remarks were made by Alderman John A. Bleichner, Lawrence Fagan, Morgan McDonald, John S. Rossiter, Joseph Detterle, jr., and David Lewis.

A mass meeting of Orphans was held in the auditorium of the Sterrett school. Many of the residents of the ward went in their carriages. John Zipf, Speer presided. John Bissell and George A. Hogg were the speakers. Williamson Haines, Lawrence McDonald, Dr. J. P. Shaw and Councilman W. B. Wolfe spoke.

Citizens and Democrats will hold a meeting tonight in the Schiller Glocke hall, Jane and Smith streets. Mayor Andrew Fulton, J. H. Vitchesham, W. J. Brennen and L. S. Levin will speak.

The Citizens of the Seventh ward held a well attended meeting last night in the Franklin school. Alderman James R. Connor presided and addresses were made by City Attorney L. S. Levin, E. W. Hill, George S. Wilson, Samuel Sheraden and several others.

The Republicans of the Second ward, Allegheny, held a meeting last night in the Sherman avenue schoolhouse. Dr. Charles A. Spicer presided. The speakers were William T. Bradberry, William H. Graham, Dr. Samuel S. Woodburn, Thomas G. Sample, W. A. Shallenberger and John L. Knock. Mr. Bradberry said that orders had gone out from City hall that he was to be defeated as candidate for school director in the Eleventh ward.

BAGGAGE LOADED WITH DYNAMITE

Pittsburgh Austrian Arrested in Liverpool for Carrying Explosives.

HAD IT IN HIS TRUNK.

Ivan Lymbanovic, an Austrian, who formerly worked in the mills in the Penn avenue district in this city, is reported to be under arrest in Liverpool, England. He sailed from New York on the steamer Majestic of the White Star line, on February 3, arriving in Liverpool on Thursday. The customs officials allege that on examining Lymbanovic's trunk they found it contained a false bottom.

Lymbanovic was arrested and upon being searched 3,320 detonators were found in his possession while the trunk contained 18 pounds of dynamite. Lymbanovic and Ivan Brodovic purchased tickets from Pittsburgh to Karlstadt, Croatia, on January 30, through the foreign department of the Franklin Savings and Trust Company in Penn avenue, near Twenty-ninth street, this city. The men did not exchange any money for foreign currency and neither of the men could speak a word English and previous to their employment in the local mills they worked in coal mines in this district.

A special cable from Liverpool to The Gazette gives the following account of the arrest:

When the White Star liner Majestic arrived here today the customs officials found in the baggage of Ivan Lymbanovic, an immigrant passenger, 18 pounds of dynamite. Lymbanovic submitted to a search of his baggage and person as customary with steerage passengers, unmoved. He had carried off the ship by a rope binding a box 15 by 18 inches.

The inspectors noticed Lymbanovic carried the box gingerly and seemed fearful of a collision. Lymbanovic was not disconcerted when the officers began searching the box. The inspectors on opening the box became suspicious because it contained a shoddier stock of apparel. They concluded it had a false bottom. The latter was found and opened. Eighteen pounds of dynamite was discovered. Lymbanovic displayed no alarm when his secret was disclosed.

Inspector Jones of the explosives department was summoned and prosecuted the explosive dynamite. Lymbanovic then was searched and 3,320 detonators were found in his pockets. Lymbanovic was locked up in Bridewell and held pending an investigation.

Lymbanovic knows no English and maintains silence. He declines to talk through an interpreter. Experts state if the dynamite had exploded on the Majestic at sea, she would have sunk immediately.

Suspicions of an Anarchist plot are rife, but it is suggested that it is more likely that Lymbanovic, who is the son of an Austrian farmer, brought the dynamite over with the object of using it for blasting purposes on his father's land.

DEEP REGRET EXPRESSED BY CLEVELAND CITIZENS

Senator Hanna's Home City is Shocked by His Critical Illness.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, Feb. 12.—The news of Senator Hanna's critical illness in Washington is a distinct shock to the people of this, his home city, and from early this afternoon until 1 o'clock tonight the bulletins were being read by crowds in front of the newspaper offices.

Innumerable telephone callers have requested information as to the latest from the sick room, and general regret is felt and expressed that his illness has taken such a serious aspect. Senator Hanna's illness and his public career are the chief and practically the only topics of conversation about town tonight.

NO FOOD SUPPLIES CAN LEAVE CANADIAN PORTS

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 12.—The British war office today notified the Canadian Pacific that no contraband of war must be carried by the naval reserve stores to Japan. Several hundred tons of barley for Japan, which has already been placed aboard the steamer Kingsmoor at China, was taken off immediately, and the vessel will sail with a very light cargo.

Lutheran Synod to Meet.

The southern conference of the Pittsburgh Lutheran synod will be held next Monday and Tuesday in Christ English Lutheran church, Millvale. About 60 ministers will be present. Four sessions are scheduled.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Sailed Feb. 12.

London—Minnetonka, for New York; Scandia, for Seattle.
Manzalina—Ilsna, for New York.
Mayville—Sicilian, for Halifax.

Arrived Feb. 12.

New York—Victorian, from Liverpool; Victoria, from Genoa; Celtic, from Liverpool.
Lizard—La Champagne, from New York (for Havre).
Gibraltar—Atlantic Victoria," from New York.
Genoa—Canopic, from Boston.
Liverpool—Parisian, from Halifax.

HANNA CLINGS TO SPARK OF LIFE

Continued from First Page.

Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt called to express sympathy with the family in their trial. The president reiterated former offers to do anything that lay within his power to be of service.

Conditions were regarded as so favorable that Mrs. Hanna was sent away upon her usual afternoon ride when the president and Mrs. Roosevelt left, about 2 o'clock. She had hardly left the house when Dr. Carter and the nurses discovered in the patient the symptoms of a chill. Under its influence Senator Hanna suddenly sank into a comatose condition. Stimulation had no apparent effect. The fever rose; the pulse bounded; his breathing was short, hurried, painful. Then began the fierce fight of the day that ended shortly after 6 o'clock with the rally which was so surprising.

The last resort of medicine was called into service. The oxygen tanks were put to use and artificial respiration induced. The Arlington was in a turmoil. For the first time the nerves of H. M. Hanna was plainly shaken. Miss Phelps, striving bravely to keep back the tears, met Mrs. Hanna, returning hopeful and smiling from her drive and hurried her to their rooms where the news was broken to her. Mrs. Medill McCormick, who had prepared to secure rest in her favorite exercise of riding, hurried about the hotel in boots and habit ploddily helping her uncle in the preparations going forward to bring assistance.

Dr. Osler was summoned from Baltimore and a special train chartered to bring him. When everything had been done that could possibly be done the senator's friends sat down in the rotunda of the hotel to await the result. It was all they could do. Doctors and nurses stood back to watch the results of their supreme treatment. The pulse rose to 150 and then began to subside. The physicians could not detect it. Secretary Dover telegraphed to friends and relatives:

"There has been a very unexpected turn for the worse. The situation is quite critical.

"He telephoned the White House and called Gov. Herrick over the long-distance telephone to tell him the situation. It was admitted that if the oxygen was taken from the senator, life would cease. The end was believed to be a question of minutes. Then came the report that the senator was responding to the treatment. Minute by minute there filter out of the sick room news of Senator Hanna's slow return from the valley of the shadow. Within the senator's apartments his family learned of his successful resistance to the sinking spell with wondering gratitude.

The shadow of the brave old man upon the bed slowly became outlined into something like the semblance of life. Consciousness slowly returned, and then at the request of the doctors the senator began to take long breaths. It was a great task upon his strength, but he determinedly kept at it and by his own will helped fight the battle. Together the senator and his physicians gained ground slowly but steadily. At 8 p. m. his physicians were able to issue the following bulletin:

"Senator Hanna had a chill at 2 p. m. He has reacted from it and is now in better condition. Temperature 100.2; pulse 112; respiration 36. (Signed)

"HIXEY,
"OSLER."

"The immediate critical crisis is passed," was the final announcement, "and the senator's condition generally is no worse than it was at 8 o'clock. Oxygen is still being given frequently."

The evening called forth the senators, representatives and politicians, big and little, throng the lobby of the Arlington, waiting for some news of the patient. Every favorable word from the sick room is grasped as the basis for a hope of recovery and the wonderful rally of the patient this afternoon is the bright ray in the gloom.

Senator Hanna, as the night wore on, continued at least to hold the rally he had shown and at 11 o'clock the doctors said that the indications are that the senator would have a quiet and comfortable night. They said that he at that hour was resting without any artificial aid but oxygen is slight and diminishing doses were being given him at intervals of 15 minutes. It was said that the bulletin, issued at 11 o'clock would be the last for the night unless something unforeseen occurred.

The physicians say the chill from which the senator suffered is quite unusual in typhoid cases, and has but few precedents. It does not follow they say, that another is likely to occur and for this reason they are inclined to hope there may not be further trouble from this source.

A pathetic feature of Senator Hanna's illness is the receipt of a number of telegrams of condolence with his family, based on reports of his death, which have been printed in newspapers in the east and west.

At 11:45 o'clock President Roosevelt sent a personal message of inquiry as to Senator Hanna's condition. He was furnished a copy of the 11 o'clock bulletin, issued by the physicians, with the additional information that the senator's condition at midnight was practically the same as before the chill of the afternoon.

Miss Mary Phelps, the senator's niece, was near at hand when the doctor came from the sick room and when she heard the announcement of the rally, she asked:

"Then you have hope, doctor?"

"Hope!" the doctor replied. "Of course there is hope. When a man rallies from a sinking spell such as the senator had this afternoon and shows such strength afterward, there is the best ground for hope."

L. W. STRAYER.

DAN R. HANNA MAKES A RACE WITH DEATH

Son of the Ohio Senator Had a Flying Trip to Washington.

Dan R. Hanna, a son of the senator passed through Pittsburgh last night on his way to Washington to reach the bedside of his father. In his race with death the son had almost given up hope when he reached here. He was accompanied by his wife and was greatly depressed by the bad news which had caused him to start on his journey from Cleveland with so much haste.

"Paper—all 'bout Hanna's dyin'." The shrill voice of a newsboy with an afternoon paper rang in Mr. Hanna's ears as he approached the porte cochere of the Union station to take a carriage to the Duquesne club where he took dinner.

"Is that news true?" he asked a reporter for The Gazette who met him at the train. It was shortly before 9 o'clock and bulletins had been received which showed that the patient had rallied.

"The latest news is that Senator Hanna has regained consciousness and shows some improvement," the son was told.

"This is the best news I have heard today," he replied. At the Duquesne club he received further news of the same hopeful nature. He said that the crisis in Senator Hanna's condition had been reached and he had hope for the best. At the club he was given the sympathy of many Pittsburgers who knew him. Mr. Hanna and his wife left for Washington at 10:20 o'clock on the car Wilmerding on the Pittsburgh limited.

TOAST WAS DRUNK TO THE RECOVERY OF MR. HANNA

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Feb. 12.—At the Lincoln day banquet here tonight Senator Beveridge referred to the illness of Senator Hanna and a standing toast was drunk to his permanent recovery.

TOGO TELLS OF FIRST CONFLICT

Japan's Fighting Admiral Sends In Official Report of Port Arthur Battle.

ABSOLUTE RESULT UNKNOWN

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

TOKIO, Thursday, Feb. 11.—The Admiral Togo's official report of that attack of the Japanese fleet at Port Arthur reached Tokio late this afternoon. The report was written at sea, February 10, at a point undisclosed by the navy department.

The report briefly and modestly recounts the Japanese victory. Vice Admiral Togo left the battleground not knowing the full extent of the damage he had done, which he believed, but as he was evidently confident that the Russians had suffered heavily. A translation of Vice Admiral Togo's report follows:

"After the combined fleet left Sasebo, on February 8, everything went as planned. Early midnight, in the van of the advance squadron attacked the enemy at Port Arthur. At the time the enemy's advance squadron was for the most part outside of Port Arthur. Of the advance squadron, I know the battleship Petropavlovsk and boats the battleship Poltava, the protected cruiser Askold and two others appeared to have been struck by our torpedoes.

"On February 9, at noon, our fleet advanced to the offing of Port Arthur and proceeded to the east of the enemy's fleets which were at anchor. The result of the attack is not yet known, but it is believed considerable damage was inflicted on the enemy, and I believe that they were generally demoralized. They stopped fighting about 2 o'clock and appeared to retire within the fort. While doing the damage to our fleet was very slight, and our fighting strength is not in the least decreased.

"The number of killed and wounded was 58. Of these four were killed and 24 wounded in regard to the engagement of the squadron off Chemulpo have previously been sent to you already direct by Admiral Uryu. As our advance squadron bore the brunt of the enemy's fire, then, after the attack, for the most part, opened the main fleet. The wounded prisoners on board the ships are now convalescent.

"The conduct of all our officers during the action was cool, and unlike that during the ordinary maneuvers. Since the battle, their spirits have been high, and their conduct was very calm during the battle. This morning, owing to a heavy sea which drove the torpedo boats back to their bases, we could not proceed to the outer anchorage, but the damaged vessels have been removed from each vessel, so I report merely the above facts. (Signed.)

TOGO."

HEART FAILURE CAUSES DEATH OF THOMAS KINSEY

He Was the Husband of Mrs. Mary E. Kinsey, Mrs. C. M. Schwab's Mother.

Thomas Kinsey, aged 66, husband of Mrs. Mary E. Kinsey, the mother of Mrs. Charles M. Schwab, died at his home, Orchard street and Fisher avenue, Braddock, late last night. He had been sick for several weeks and death was due to heart failure.

Mr. Kinsey was born in England and came to this country in early life. He settled in the Lehigh valley about 30 years ago and engaged in the steel and iron business. He was connected with the Catasauqua iron works and other steel and iron concerns in the valley. He removed to Braddock about 20 years ago and was for a time connected with the Edgar Thomson steel works. He was an expert chemist and metallurgist.

BOY KILLED IN A MINE.

Father Was With Him, but Escaped Injury—Other Cases at the Morgue.

John Schinski, aged 14, was crushed to death by a fall of slate which he failed to avoid in the Crucible Coal and Coke Company, at Gastville, about half a mile from Cascade. The father and son were both employed at the mine and would together. Shortly before 4 o'clock they were working at the side of an entry when the accident occurred. The father escaped uninjured. The boy's body was recovered.

The inquest into the death of Vincenzo Carbone, who was shot and killed in Turner street, November 27, was held yesterday, and the jury recommended that Turnatore Cirrone and Gaetano Greco be apprehended to await the action of the grand jury on a charge of murder in the first degree. Cirrone fled to Italy immediately after the shot. It is believed that Cirrone and Greco have escaped to Italy and it was proved at the inquest that Carbone added them in their flight.

Tommy Harris, the 5-year-old daughter of James Harris of 4 Vine street, died at the Mercy hospital yesterday of burns received at her home earlier in the day. Her clothes caught fire while she was standing in front of an open grate.

Phillip Rinaldi, aged 32, was found dead in his room, at the Crawford house, yesterday morning. Heart disease caused death. He was employed as a cook at the Seventh Avenue hotel.

Change in Allegheny Ticket.

Percy R. Smith and Dr. S. S. Brown, who were nominated for school directors on the Citizens ticket in the Tenth ward, Allegheny, have withdrawn. This leaves the field to John McLaughlin and Henry Lowrey, the Republican candidates.

A Bonaparte to Direct Cavalry in Manchuria

[Special Cable to The Gazette.]

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, Feb. 12.—Prince Louis Napoleon has received a telegram from the czar recalling him to St. Petersburg. He will be given chief command of the Russian cavalry in Manchuria.

THE RELIABLE
HARDMAN PIANO
The Only Piano That Actually Improves With Use.

Reasonable Prices and Easy Terms, if Wanted, Make Piano Buying Easy at This Store.

SOLD ONLY BY
W. F. FREDERICK
RELIABLE PIANO DEALER.
G. SCHROEDER, MGR.
633 SMITHFIELD ST.
ENTIRE SIX STORY BLDG. NEAR 7TH AVE.

Exclusive agents for genuine Chickering, Krueger, McPhail, Kroeg, Mehlhorn, Schubert, Hinze Piano, Kingsbury pianos and the perfect piano player, Cheney Baby.

PATTI SAYS:
"The two APOLLO Piano Players I have purchased are marvelous. I cannot find words to express my admiration for this most wonderful invention. I have seen others, but yours is the one I consider perfect, both for Piano and Voice. The transposing device is most ingenious, and I congratulate you on the greatest of all musical inventions."
ADELINA PATTI,
Baroness Cederstrom.

Sole agency for the World-Standard KNABE Pianos. Also the many-toned Crown Pianos, and manufacturers of Pittsburgh's Art Product—the KLEBER PIANO.

KLEBER,
69 Years in Pittsburgh.
221-223 Fifth Ave.
Piano Factory: Greensburg, Pa.

NOTICE!
To the Retail Grocers and Consumers of Good Coffee:
As we were burned out in the Baltimore fire, it will be about May before we can supply the trade with
HASTY LUNCH and AMERICAN JIVA COFFEE
Thanking you for your past patronage and hoping you will continue to use these two delicious Coffees when we can place them on the market again.
Yours Very Respectfully
CHARLES F. FRAZER.

J. C. GROGAN & CO.
Jewelers and Silversmiths.
The Leather Department is one of our most attractive features, useful and practical products for men and women, for a birthday remembrance always appropriate.
443 MARKET ST.—Cor. Fifth Ave.

FOR ONLY 10 CENTS

4% HOME TRUST COMPANY 2%
Capital and Surplus $1,000,000
Deposits $5,000,000
Banking Rooms, Fifth Ave. and Wood St.
Savings Accounts, Fifth Ave. and Wood St.
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Your Nerves
Furnish the motive power of the entire body. Dr. Miles' Nervine will keep the nerves strong and healthy or restore their strength if weakened. Sold on guarantee. Write for free book on nervous diseases.
Dr. Miles' Nervine Co., Elkhart, Ind.

DOCTOR LITTLE,
832 Frick Building.
Eye Diseases. Glasses Supplied.

Incorporated 1840.
WESTERN INSURANCE CO.
This company will suffer no loss by reason of the recent Baltimore fire.
305-309 ABBOTT BLDG.

DR. WARNER,
418 PENN AVE., PITTSBURGH.
Chronic Diseases Only.
PILES—Rectal Diseases
Safe, Quick, Permanent Cures. No Knife—No Pain. Hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Special attention made to Nervous and Blood Diseases.

Humors of the Blood
Cause many troubles,—pimples, boils and other eruptions, besides loss of appetite, that tired feeling, fits of biliousness, indigestion and headache.
The sooner one gets rid of them the better, and the way to get rid of them and to build up the system that has suffered from them is to take
Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills
Forming in combination the most effective alterative and tonic medicine, as shown by unequaled, radical and permanent cures of

Scrofula	Salt Rheum
Psoriasis	Boils, Pimples,
All kinds of Humor	Rheumatism
Blood Poisoning	Dyspepsia
Catarrh	Debility, Etc.

Accept no substitute, but be sure to get Hood's, and get it today.

CZAR IS BLAMED.

Russian Defeat in the Orient Openly Attributed to the "Little Father."

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—(Special Cable.)—The blame for Russian defeats in the orient are openly attributed by Russians to the czar himself. A high Russian official here said:

"The czar's recent manifesto is practically an act of self-accusation. He cried peace when everybody else knew peace was impossible. The loss of his warships at Port Arthur and Chemulpo awakened him to a realization of his delusion that war was avoidable. The czar stubbornly led the hards of our naval and military leaders, who knew war was inevitable.

"There will be an official scapegoat, but the weight of blame that has unnecessarily disgraced the Russian arms must rest on the czar himself."

CASSINI'S RECALL NEXT MOVE OF CZAR'S MINISTERS

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—(Special.)—A World cable from St. Petersburg says: There is reason to believe that the foreign ministry has decided to recall soon Count Cassini, Russian ambassador to the United States. The Russian government is highly disappointed that Count Cassini did not succeed in establishing closer friendly relations with the United States before hostilities began.

Nexer again will Pittsburghers have the opportunity to hear the great PATTI.

**A magnificent Russo-Japanese war map, print

MANY OVERSEERS WILL BE NAMED

Republicans and Democrats to Petition the Courts for Their Appointment.

THE THIRTEENTH WARD FIGHT

Election overseers will be appointed in many of the districts of Pittsburgh. This morning Robert Ostermaier, secretary of the Republican city committee, will present petitions for 34 overseers and the Democrats will ask for a larger number. The Republicans will name a man in each district where the Democrats have petitions.

The law requires that two overseers of different political parties must be named for each district. The overseer has much power. He is privileged to be present from the time the polls open until the vote is counted. They may keep a list of voters; challenge any person offering to vote and interrogate him and his witnesses under oath in regard to his right of suffrage and examine his papers; election officers are required to afford overseers every convenience and facility for the discharge of their duty; if an election officer or officers attempt to prevent the overseers from performing their duty, they are liable to a fine of $1,000 or imprisonment for one year or both, if the overseers are driven away from the polls by violence or intimidation all the votes polled in such district may be rejected by the proper tribunal trying a contest under such election; the overseers make report to the court appointing them, if such report is required.

Names of Republican Overseers.

Usually overseers are appointed when there is an allegation that fraud is anticipated. In this instance there is an absence of such allegation. The following are the names of the overseers the Republicans will petition the courts to appoint with the ward and district they are to represent:

Fourth—First, Ed. Martin. Second, D. J. Sweeney.

Fifth—First, M. B. Cloonan. Second, Joseph McCarthy. Third, Andrew McGraw.

Tenth—First, John A. Haugh. Second, John Lehan.

Thirteenth—Fourteenth, Wm. Calhoun.

Twentieth—Fourth, H. B. Holman.

Twenty-first—First, Adolph Roth. Second, Daniel Histle. Third, S. C. Simpson. Fourth, Harry McDade. Fifth, H. D. King. Sixth, S. J. Urban. Seventh, H. B. Duff. Eighth, P. H. Menniston. Tenth, H. E. Leslie. Eleventh, W. H. McFarland. Twelfth, George W. Harris. Thirteenth, R. J. Gumbert. Fourteenth, S. N. Proffitt.

Twenty-fourth—First, James McDermott. Second, L. J. Harris. Third, Albert Meagor. Fourth, George Cunningham. Fifth, Gust. Krano.

Thirty-first—First, Max Pullman. Second, G. W. Heimann. Third, L. J. Fritz. Fourth, William Allen. Fifth, H. Burit.

Thirty-second—First, George Washabaugh.

Thirty-third—First, Daniel P. Reardon.

The Democrats will name men in each of the above districts, and the Republicans will ask for the appointment of overseers in each of the new districts the Democrats present petitions for. The following is the list so far decided upon by the Democrats:

Democratic Overseers.

Second—First, Frank Culbert; Second, James McGovern.

Seventh—First, Thomas Quinn; Second, Thomas Chaifan; Third, Fred Fleck; Fourth, Patrick Manning.

Seventeenth—First, C. E. Eberhart; Second, C. B. Hunt; Third, J. B. O'Shay; Fourth, Windell Miller; Fifth, J. A. Flowers; Sixth, P. S. Morgan; Seventh, George Mock; Eighth, Hugh Savage; Ninth, Edward McMann; Tenth, William Harris, Sr.; Eleventh, John Cushman.

Twentieth—First, Charles Benson; Second, C. H. Fry; Third, Joseph Howley; Fourth, R. B. Patton; Fifth, J. W. Ryan; Sixth, William Johnson; Seventh, John A. Staley; Eighth, Joseph Laxterman; Ninth, John D. Scanlon; Tenth, T. M. Hughes; Eleventh, Frank Lanigan; Twelfth, William Campbell; Thirteenth, R. W. Guthrie; Fourteenth, John Conway; Fifteenth, H. C. Cypher.

Twenty-second—Third, E. P. Kearns.

Twenty-fourth—First, W. J. Harnett; Second, J. J. Murphy; Third, M. Masterson; Fourth, Thomas O'Mara; Fifth, John McCarthy.

Twenty-ninth—First, John Lohman; Second, Charles McDevitt; Third, Patrick Martin.

The Democrats will also ask for overseers in each district of the Eleventh, Twenty-first, Twenty-fifth, Thirtieth and Thirty-second wards. In the Twentieth ward the faction of the Democrats that is co-operating with the Citizens petitioned City Chairman James A. Clark to recommend the appointment of a list of overseers submitted by it, but he recognized the regular Democracy or the faction that is affiliated with the Orphans.

They Desert Schad.

The Thirteenth ward Democrats, who follow the leadership of John Madden, have deserted C. C. Schad, the Orphans candidate for common councilman, and will support Ward and McNally, who are on the Republican, Democratic and Citizens tickets. The Madden Democrats nominated Schad and Thomas P. Geary for councils on a ticket with Edward McNally, a Democrat, and John Frisel, a Citizen, for school directors, and Robert Erskine, a Citizen, for ward assessor. A Democratic certificate bearing three names filed in the county commissioner's office. Several days later the Schad Citizens faction filed its papers. McNally's place for school director was given to George Vogel and the Madden candidate for minority inspector were replaced by Citizens followers of Schad. The Orphans ticket contains the same names.

The Madden Democrats have adopted resolutions denouncing Schad and calling upon Geary and Edward McNally to withdraw from the contest. The resolutions conclude as follows:

Resolved, That we, the Democrats, support the ticket containing the names of Richard McNally and R. B. Ward for council and Alex Curry and S. A. Will for school directors, by voting for them, and by so doing we shall revoke the insult perpetrated upon us.

Resolved, That we, the committee on resolutions, advise the retirement of our candidate, Thomas P. Geary, for council.

The members of the committee are T. J. Dewan, William Bruner, C. H. Mock and Michael Crowe.

The petition of W. H. Gill for correction of the First district, Second ward, registry list, has been dismissed for want of sufficient proof.

Henry Reutzel, Independent candidate for common council in the Twenty-second ward, has withdrawn in favor of W. B. Wolfe, the Orphans nominee. The Independents called a meeting at the Colfax school house Thursday night and the Orphans had called one for the same place and time. The two parties got together and chose Thomas Casey, an Orphan, to preside. It resolved into a harmony meeting, at which Reutzel withdrew from the contest.

Twelfth ward Republicans will hold a meeting in the Springfield school house tonight. James Francis Burke and H. I. Riley will be the speakers.

Heavy Judgment Against Baxter.

An execution for $29,850 66 was issued by the county court yesterday against A. B. Baxter, the broker who failed recently in New York. The judgment was made in favor of David Hunter. Other executions issued were as follows: Charles K. Barnhart vs. H. H. Rodgers, Jr., $700; N. E. Graham vs. P. A. Bailey et al., $5,917 27.

ATTACKED GIRL AND DREW REVOLVER ON RESCUERS

Butler County Oil Well Driller Was Badly Beaten Before He Was Overpowered and Locked in the County Jail.

James Reynolds, an oil well driller of Evans City, Butler county, attacked a girl, drew a revolver on those who tried to rescue her and caused a lot of excitement in the vicinity of Grant and Diamond streets before he was beaten up and captured yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock. Reynolds is in jail in default of $800 bail for a hearing on a charge of carrying concealed weapons and pointing firearms. The young man carried a lot of fine files wrapped up securely in cotton and red flannel in his overcoat pockets.

Reynolds entered the building in Diamond street in which is Alderman John Groetzinger's office, and going to the second floor met a young girl in the hall. He attacked her and tried to drag her into a room. The girl screamed for help, and Private Detective James B. Kirk, who was in the office of William M. Price with a prisoner, turned his charge over to Mr. Price and went to the rescue of the girl.

The girl's assailant by this time was trying to escape and pointed a 38-caliber revolver at Kirk, who was unarmed. Reynolds backed out of the building. Kirk called upon Alderman Groetzinger's son for assistance. The latter secured a revolver and the two started after Reynolds. He tried to enter the Frick building when Kirk and young Groetzinger caught him and a lively fight ensued, in which the stranger was pretty badly used up. Reynolds was finally overpowered and taken before Alderman Groetzinger, where Kirk made information against him for carrying concealed weapons and pointing fire arms. The stranger at first refused to give his name, address or business, but finally said he was James Reynolds of Evans City.

TWO MORE BODIES FOUND.

Remains of 162 Victims Have Now Been Taken Out of the Harwick Mine.

Two bodies were taken from the Harwick mine yesterday, bringing the number of dead recovered to 162. One body was that of Alexander Fiennar, aged 37, who leaves a widow and several children. The other was Clemente D'Apra, an Italian, aged 33 and single.

The coat of T. W. H. Thomas, a Welsh miner, was also found. There have been many inquiries for him since the disaster. He was a local preacher. In the pocket of the coat was a mine statement.

It has been suggested that every miner in the bituminous region be assessed 25 cents for the benefit of the survivors. This would add $25,000 to the relief fund.

Memorial services in memory of members of the Hungarian Reformed church who lost their lives in the Harwick mine will be held at the Homestead Hungarian Reformed church, Nixon and Fifteenth streets, tomorrow afternoon. The Rev. Alexander Harsanyi will conduct the services and will be assisted by Dr. J. H. Prugh and the Rev. Paul Leinbach. Forty-eight members of the Hungarian Reformed church were killed in the explosion.

Telegraph Tight Rope Not a Success.

John McCabe yesterday afternoon attempted to do a tight-rope specialty on telegraph wires over Chartiers avenue, McKees Rocks. He took three steps and fell 30 feet to the pavement, landing on the head of Everett Parks. From Parks he bounded against Mrs. James Manning, knocking her to the ground. When the injured were picked up it was found that McCabe had three ribs broken and Parks and Mrs. Manning were badly bruised.

Aged Man Starts Trouble.

Paul Roesman, 76 years old, of Morgan street, is locked up in the South Side police station. He was taken to the station by his son at the request of the department of charities. The old man is said to be demented and his son said he tried to beat his wife.

SHADDICK GOES TO BUFFALO

One of the Carnegie Junior Partners Will Work for Lackawanna Company.

John P. Shaddick, superintendent of the 30 and 128-inch mills at the Homestead steel works of the Carnegie Steel company, and one of the "junior partners" in the Carnegie Steel Company, yesterday resigned to accept a position with the Lackawanna Steel Company at Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. Shaddick for many years was assistant master mechanic at the Edgar Thomson mills at Braddock, but was transferred to the Homestead mills at the time of the erection of the 30 and 128-inch mills. He was given a large block of stock in the company when the "junior partners" were created. Mr. Shaddick is to superintend the erection and completion of many of the new mills at Buffalo and is expected to become superintendent of the plant when it is completed.

HANGERS-ON AT SOUTH SIDE DANCE HALLS ARRESTED

Thirteen young men were arrested last night by a special squad of policemen in plain clothes for hanging around the entrances to two large dancing halls on the South Side. It is the purpose of Magistrate J. H. Vichestein and Inspector E. J. Kennedy to break up this habit, in regard to which many complains have been made. It is alleged that the hangers-on "nurse" people for enough money to let them inside and often insult the patrons. At the Jane street Turner hall eight were arrested and at the Schiller Glocke hall five more were taken in tow. They will be given hearings this morning.

Charged With Horse-Stealing.

Frank Poker of Spring hill, Allegheny, was arrested last night by Officer Edward Dunn on a charge of stealing a horse from the Shanahan express stables in Forbes, near Magee street, Thursday night. Poker is said to have sold the horse in Allegheny.

TITLE OF Y. M. C. A. USED BY CHINESE

Grant Street Contains a Little Institution Unknown to Larger Organization.

SECRETARY GRIGGS' VISIT

On the third floor of 312 Grant street, above a large Chinese restaurant, are two rooms which are called on large signs on the walls the "Chinese Y. M. C. A." There was formerly a large sign on the outside street wall of the building beside the door bearing the same marks, but this has been removed.

General Secretary J. R. Griggs of the Young Men's Christian association of Pittsburgh was informed yesterday of the existence of the Chinese association, and at once made a personal investigation. This was the first information he had had concerning the place, and he wished to make sure that there was nothing sinister in it or anything that would injure the real Y. M. C. A.

His investigation satisfied him that the purpose of the institution was all right. The two rooms are neatly furnished. In the front room is a little old reed organ, hardly large than an old fashioned melodeon, and about 20 chairs are there to seat the audience. In the adjoining room is a table covered with a large number of copies of the New Testament in both English and Mandarin, with first readers, slates and writing material.

The Chinamen in the house did not know enough English to give any information regarding those who are interested in the new work. They say that meetings are held Monday mornings and Sunday evenings.

Among the furnishings of the room are two strikingly handsome lamps of Chinese design, worked out in iron and decorated with fancy beads. There is also a mantel decoration of ebony inlaid with pearl and containing an exquisite piece of Chinese embroidery, representing a scene in that country.

While fairly well satisfied that the institution is of good character, General Secretary Griggs does not think that it is advisable to allow the indiscriminate use of the name of the Young Men's Christian association. The name is protected by law, the association having been incorporated in 1868. Further efforts are being made to locate the Americans who are interested in the institution.

STEVENS IS DISMISSED.

Man Arrested for Trying to Enter Reduction Plant Goes Free.

Albert Stevens, who says he represents a New York firm, was arraigned before Magistrate J. P. Kane yesterday morning, charged with being a suspicious person. He was arrested the afternoon before at the plant of the Duquesne Reduction Company, Laurel street, after having attempted to bribe a workman to admit him to the building. He was taken to the Butler street police station and later released on $500 bail, furnished by Fuller & Fuller, contractors of Cleveland.

The man was arrested on authority of Raymond Brown, superintendent of the plant. It is supposed that Stevens was trying to get trade secrets. Brown concluded not to push the case and asked for dismissal.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Fair. Saturday, February 13, 1904.

Miss Haxworth's Subjects for Today, Saturday.

Miss Haxworth continues to draw interested audiences to her lectures on cooking. Naturally women are attracted when the speaker is a gold medalist of the most celebrated school of cooking in London, England.

The morning subject will be: "Dishes for the Nursery;" in the afternoon she will discourse on "The Invalid's Tray."

Notice to Parents: Opportunity to Save Money on Clothing for the Little Chaps.

Our entire stock of big and little boys' clothing including Overcoats, plain box back and Buster Brown effects, Norfolks, and double-breasted styles, in blues, black, and fancy cloths; sailor and Russian Blouse Suits in all styles, also our entire stock of Boys' Knee Trousers, serges, cheviot and cassimere, are now offered for such greatly reduced prices as to encourage parents to give their boys an outfit and profit by a considerable saving.

This branch of our clothing business always has our best attention, because boys' clothes must be made stronger and more durable in every way than clothes for grown-ups. Every boy knows how to kick out a suit in the quickest possible time and our objective point has always been to handicap him in the operation to the best of our ability. There are no boys' clothes made that will last so long as ours. Note that in your memorandum book.

The clothes now offered for the lowered prices are just right for school, for dress occasions, for any occasion the boy chooses to don them. Today at these under prices—

Former $5.00 and $6.00 Suits now $4.00.
Former $7.00 and $7.50 Suits now $5.00.
Former $8.00, $8.50 and $9.00 Suits now $6.00.
Former $10.00 Suits now $7.00.
Former $12.50 and $14.00 Suits now $8.50.
Former $15.00, $16.00 and $18.00 Suits now $12.00.
Former 85c Knee Trousers now 60c.
Former $1.00 Knee Trousers now 75c.
Former $1.25 and $1.50 Knee Trousers now $1.00.
Former $1.75 and $2.00 Knee Trousers now $1.50.

Men's Clothes at Reduced Prices.

Quite a number of suits for men in which clothes known as mixtures are used, simply to distinguish them from clothes of plain color.

Here's the way you can buy fashionable and dependable sack suits today:

At $14.00 a suit, reduced from $18.00, $20.00 and $22.00.
At $20.00 a suit, reduced from $25.00, $28.00 and $30.00.
At $25.00 a suit, reduced from $32.00, $35.00 and $38.00.

And if men will only look ahead to next Winter they can have a considerable lot of money left in their pocketbook by taking advantage of our reduced prices on fine Overcoats.

Overcoats that sold for $10.00 and $12.00 reduced to $6.50.
Overcoats that sold for $15.00 reduced to $8.50.
Overcoats that sold for $18.00 and $20.00 reduced to $12.00.
Overcoats that sold for $22.00 and $25.00 reduced to $15.00.
Overcoats that sold for $28.00 and $30.00 reduced to $20.00.
Overcoats that sold for $32.00 and up to $40.00 reduced to $25.00.
Overcoats that sold for $45.00 to $55.00 reduced to $30.00.

More Dollar Shirts For Men.

We are showing the greatest collection of Shirts for the even dollar that we have ever had. The prettiest patterns, too. We know these shirts cannot be surpassed for quality, fit and durability. If they bore the trade-mark of some shirt maker with inflated popularity, they'd cost you 50c more and not be one iota better. Unquestionably they're the best shirts ever offered for the price.

MEN'S SHIRTS TO MEASURE—We've spent years in perfecting made-to-measure shirts. Perfection can't be reached in a single jump. One must cut, try and profit by experience. The fruit of our years of experience is perfection. Every tiny detail in shirtmaking has been studied, so that we know our shirts fit well, wear well, are slightly and comfortable. Could any man ask more?

Colored Shirts, $2.00 and up to $5.00 each, made to measure.

White Shirts, $1.50 and up to $6.00, made to measure.

Men's New Spring Derbies.

"Checkers," "Gustark," "Oriental," three names given to the three best styles brought out for men's Spring Wear. Besides these handsome hats, our Hat Section of the second floor, East Store, is ready to show many other new blocks.

We are more than proud of a new Opera Hat just placed on sale for the exceptionally small price of $6.00. Men don't often have the opportunity of buying a fashionable hat for the play at such a price.

Our new Derby, "Checkers," is the one in which we have most pride. It was blocked for the man who is up to the minute in dress. Flattish set brim, tapering crown, dimensions 5¼x1⅝ and 5¼x2, prices $3.00 and $4.00.

Next comes the "Gustark," rather a conservative style but with lots of individuality, $5.00.

Our "Oriental" is one of those hats that makes friends on sight, $3.00 and $4.00.

PENN, FIFTH, CECIL WAY.

PIANOS

Organs, Piano Players, Sheet Music, String Instruments, and all kinds of Musical Merchandise to the amount of over

$260,000

To be sold at immense reductions during a **Removal Sale**

Prior to the change of location of the long established Music House of

S. HAMILTON

SALE BEGINS THIS MORNING

We're Going to Move.

For eighteen of the thirty-four years of our business existence, we have been located in the Hamilton Building, on Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh. Our expanding business makes larger quarters a necessity.

We have secured the property at Nos. 531 and 533 Wood street, hereafter to be known as "Hamilton Hall," where our business will removed on or before April 1, 1904.

All of Present Stock Must Be Sold.

It is our purpose that we will not take into our new store (which has been splendidly remodeled to suit our needs) anything but goods fresh from the factory. This does not mean that our present stock is in the least unin- or less worthy your interest, or the regular value they command. It simply means that our pride in our new location demands a complete new stock.

That can be possible only by a quick and complete selling out of the present stock. The greatest argument we can make is price—quality considered. And we make the argument.

Famous Makes of Pianos to Choose From.

Prices Begin at $88.

We offer a line of new shopworn, slightly used, second hand and rented pianos, including such makes as A. B. Chase, Fischer, Hamil-Tone, Schumann, Smith & Barnes, Willard, Barnes & Son, Jacob Doll, Palmer, Knabe, Weber, Plymouth, Heller, Tiffany & Co., Hardman, Cable, Wegman, Stultz & Bauer, Kieber, Colby, Vough, Marshall & Co., Bradbury, Crown, McPhail and other pianos at prices beginning at $88—these are upright pianos, remember.

Baby Grand Pianos As Low as $360.

We offer some slightly used baby grand pianos as low as $360—think of it.

Organs.

New organs made by Clough & Warren, Estey, Hamilton and other companies at $38.50 and up.

Any second-hand organ we have at $20, some less.

Square Pianos—your choice for $50 and less.

And you can buy during this sale a good piano at practically cost price to us, pay a small amount down and the balance on

Easy Monthly Payments.

We haven't room here to tell you all about it. It's the greatest musical instrument sale of the new century. Send to us—(cut out blank in right lower corner of this ad.) and we will send you an eight-page paper giving the full details of this great offer.

We Pay the Freight

on all pianos and organs bought during this sale. Write for particulars.

Store Open Saturday Evenings Till 10 O'Clock.

Appointments for any evening may be made (by telephone or letter) for the convenience of those who cannot come during the day.

Bell Phone 151 Grant. P. & A. Phone Main 402.

Piano Players As Low as $95.

We will sell at cut prices a number of shop-worn, used and second-hand piano players, including some celebrated Angelus orchestral piano players, together with some other makes, beginning as low as $95.

Sheet Music At 2 Cents Per Copy.

There's an announcement that will awaken the most widespread interest and enthusiasm on the part of teachers and music students wherever this advertisement is read. Put up in bundles of 5 pieces each, either all vocal or all instrumental. We are offering an immense lot of soiled, slightly shop-worn music which we have taken right from our regular stock. It's almost like giving it away or paying you to take it, isn't it?

Popular Hits 6 for 25c.

Songs, waltzes, marches, etc., that were very popular last year, and we've put them up in bundles, too, at 6 for 25c.

That is, 6 pieces, either vocal or instrumental, in a bundle for 25c. Remember, not a lot of badly soiled, good-for-nothing selections that one wouldn't have on one's piano. They are regular 50c and 60c pieces, taken from our regular stock.

Other great sheet music bargains, together with special announcements of new books, instructors, opera scores, cantatas, oratorios, anthem books, organ books and such like reduced from ¼ to ½ less than regular prices are given in the circular we've published to show all such details. Send for it.

In Small Goods,

Talking machines, musical boxes, violins, guitars, mandolins, banjos, brass instruments and trimmings the reductions during this great removal sale are as thoroughgoing as in the piano and organ departments.

For instance, there's a

Lot of Toy Graphophones reduced from $3.50 to $1.75

—just half-price and they play the regular records, too.

Another lot of $10 Columbia Graphophones reduced to $6.50; and still another lot reduced from $25 to $12; and we also have two or three of the big $75 Edison concert grand phonographs that we'll sell you for just half price—less than first cost—$37.50.

Then there is a big lot of disc machines using 7-inch, 9-inch and 10-inch records that we offer at similar reductions. And just think of this—

Thousands of Records

for use on Edison, Columbia, Victor, Gramophone, Zonophone or Universal machines

Reduced from 50c to 15c.

And a lot of $1 records reduced to 35c. And this is only an inkling of what we have in other departments.

Mandolins, guitars and all string and brass instruments go at like price reductions.

We Must Reduce the Stock.

Are you interested enough to write for the full detailed list, giving particulars of the various offerings in the different departments? If so, tear out and send to us with your name and address the blank in the lower right hand corner of this advertisement and we will send full information regarding the exceptional offerings we are making this month to reduce a very large stock to the smallest possible proportions.

We guarantee to serve you by filling your mail orders just as satisfactorily as though you made your purchases in person or at our store.

You should not miss this opportunity. It won't come again, be assured.

Write to or call on

S. HAMILTON,
Hamilton Building, 335 and 337 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Fill in name and address, tear out and mail to us.

Date.....1904.

S. Hamilton, Hamilton Bldg., Pittsburgh.

Dear Sir—Please send me at once, complete printed list of details of your Removal Sale of Pianos, Organs and musical merchandise, as advertised in The Pittsburgh Gazette, February 13, 1904.

I am interested in and would like to learn particularly about .....

.....

.....

.....

Signed.....

Postoffice.....

County.....

State.....

Send For Complete List.

Address All Communications to

S. HAMILTON,

HAMILTON BUILDING,
335 and 337 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

A Magnificent War Map....

The finest map of the scene of the Russo-Japanese war that has ever been published will be given as

A Free Supplement

to Tomorrow's Sunday Gazette

The map was specially prepared for The Gazette and is right up to date in every detail. It is printed in three colors and black on heavy paper, and will be of great service in enabling one to intelligently follow the course of the war from the cable news.

You'll get the map free with your . . .

Sunday Gazette

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Established July 29, 1786.
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING
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WESTERN OFFICE—Rooms 1210 and 1212 Boyce Building, Chicago, Ill.
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PHILADELPHIA NEWS BUREAU—Press Building, Seventh and Chestnut Streets.
LONDON (ENGLAND) OFFICE—5 Henrietta Street, Covent Garden.
ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.) OFFICE—Bartlett Building.
ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.) NEWS BUREAU—Young's Pier.

The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

TERMS.

Daily Edition by carrier in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and surrounding towns for 6 cents a week.
Sunday Edition, 5 cents per copy.
Rates by mail within the United States and Canada, outside of the City of Pittsburgh:
Daily Edition at the rate of $3 00 per year.
Sunday Edition, $2 50 per year.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per month, 50 cents.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per year, $5 00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Saturday, February 13, 1904.

A rumor has been current that, as a result of the Baltimore fire, the Baltimore & Ohio railroad has been considering the removal of important general offices to this city. It is not difficult to see the advantage of having all operating offices so centrally located, but the treatment accorded the ordinances designed to enable the Baltimore & Ohio to make improvements of material advantage to the city has not been such as to encourage the company to favor Pittsburgh. It may be hoped, however, that if there is a chance to get the general offices here a more just disposition will be shown by councils after the election. Pittsburgh is the greatest traffic producer in the world, and the Baltimore & Ohio lines radiate from this center, not from Baltimore.

Under the management of Speaker Cannon, the house has again broken all records for speed in passing private pension bills. The new record is 320 bills in 155 minutes, many of them without the formality of even reading the titles. It is not a record to be proud of. It is excusable on the ground that the bills would have passed under any circumstances and that an appearance of deliberation would have been a waste of time, but that comes under the head of a poor excuse being better than none. There is only one aspect in which this inordinate haste of the house can be viewed with comparative approval, and that is in contrasting it with the extremely dilatory proceedings of the senate. Anything is better than the way the senate does not do business.

W. H. McKelvey, candidate for council in the Third ward, has been a member of the ward school board for 30 years and for some years was president of the central board of education of the city. He is known to every resident of the ward as a citizen of high character, possessed of that interest in public affairs and the common welfare that leads men to serve the communities in which they live. He is a model of what candidates for councils should be and ought to be elected by an almost unanimous vote. Dr. McKelvey has given freely of his time, energy and intelligence in promoting the educational interests of his ward and the city. He has a correct appreciation of civic virtues and municipal needs. These facts speak loudly for his success at the polls next Tuesday.

We are promised a vote in the United States senate on the Panama treaty next week. The vote might as well have been taken a month ago, and probably would have been had Senator Gorman been able to see as clearly as he now does that no advantage would accrue to his party by delay and opposition. The whipping of Gorman has been a feature of the matter of more than momentary interest. Incidentally, Senator Morgan of Alabama is a victim of retributive justice, since he has lost his voice, after the repeated abuse of its powers in obstructing the senate procedure. He had to have a substitute read his speech yesterday, and it should now be made the rule of the senate that no member can have a speaking substitute. Morgan will recover soon enough to become a nuisance.

Another reduction of 5 cents a barrel on all grades of crude petroleum is announced for today. Thus the hope of "two-dollar oil" becomes less and the belief grows that reports of a superior quality of oil at Batson Prairie, as compared with other Texas points, are not without foundation. Experience in the oldest Pennsylvania territory teaches the probability of varying grades of petroleum in the same region. Northwestern Ohio has its variations. The same is true of the scant developments in Wyoming. Why not of Texas? If it be true that Texas is going to produce higher grade oil in floods, then the oil map will change and the Guffey Petroleum Company will be in the way of reaping the harvest that has heretofore been reaped by the Standard Oil Company. It is a hardly credible prospect, but stranger things have happened.

Russia has, according to reports, retaliated for the Port Arthur disaster by bombarding the city of Hakodate, in the island Yezo. Details are lacking at this writing, and the purpose of this attack does not appear. The place had no military or strategic value. It is said this attack was made by the warships that have been at Vladivostok and that they are now on their way to Port Arthur. If this be true, the attack at Hakodate has only served to advertise the movement of the squadron and destroyed its only chance to take the Japanese by surprise. It does not look like good tactics, especially as detachments of the Japanese navy are cruising about the waters through which the Russians must pass. There is momentary expectancy of news from the land forces. It is possible they may have met and that important results have been achieved, but the interruption of lines of communication will prevent the news getting out at once. In the meantime the movement of the Vladivostok squadron and the approach of vessels from the Russian European squadron render the possibility of further naval battles imminent. During the next few days there will be news of intense interest.

Brave Fight for Life.

The sympathies of the nation are with Senator Marcus A. Hanna in his desperate struggle for life. His condition became extremely grave yesterday and several times hope was practically abandoned, but the oxygen treatment and the senator's wonderful vitality enabled him to rally repeatedly and renew the hope of the watchers. The interest of the people was exhibited in the avidity with which they sought the bulletins telling of these changes in condition. A report early in the evening that he had died cast a gloom over all.

Senator Hanna became a prominent figure in the political world many years before he ever held a public office. He began his business career as a clerk for the firm headed by his father. At the same time he developed an acute interest in the affairs of his city and state. When he succeeded his father as head of the firm he was well known in Cleveland as a wide-awake citizen. His activities broadened into the field of state politics and later he entered the arena of national politics.

Mr. Hanna became really prominent as a national figure when he took the lead of the McKinley forces in 1896. The successful campaign of that year convinced the nation it had witnessed the rise of a star of the first magnitude. His participation since that time in the proceedings of the senate, the management of the Republican party, the work of the Civic Federation and in other matters of public moment has enhanced the appreciation of his ability. He has ever been a hard fighter, but always with such kindly personality that his political foes are his warm friends.

Up to Select Council.

Common council yesterday passed the appropriations and tax levy ordinances as they were amended on Wednesday. The Orphans voted against all except the appropriation for the department of charities, which had not been altered by council, thus registering their protest against the reduction of the millage and the rearrangement of sums appropriated. They dispute the estimate of revenues from the office of the city solicitor and attempted to amend the item before the tax levy ordinance passed.

Now the whole matter is up to select council. If it acts quickly the ordinances may be practically put through before election. If it reserves the right to examine and discuss the measures in detail and the privilege of playing politics after the manner of common council, the ordinances may not be passed much before March 1. The election is so close, however, that very little can be gained by playing to the grandstand.

As The Gazette has said, the appropriations ordinances were improved by common council, though they still fall short of the full measure of public needs. Those needs figured throughout secondary to the partisan aims of the contending parties. The public is threatened with a lengthy statement from the city controller which is expected to bolster up the case of the Orphans, but the probability is it will not alter the situation. In fact, the controller is at a disadvantage when he undertakes to argue the insufficiency of 12½ mills after years of advocacy of a 10-mill tax on a smaller property valuation.

The Latest Cure-All.

The claims of socialism as a panacea for all ills have always been peculiarly subject to disturbance by the rude persons who always ask how the grand things promised are to be actually accomplished. There are hard natures which will not surrender themselves to enthusiasm until their appetite for sordid details is satisfied. To all such it is now possible to offer a complete legislative system of socialism, covering the whole range of human needs. The measure has been introduced by the Hon. Robert Baker, Democratic congressman from Brooklyn, famous from his well-advertised refusal of a railroad pass. He says he introduced the bill by request. It stands for 45 executive departments, each charged with specific duties in behalf of the public, upon which the law insists with strict particularity. For instance, it is the bounden duty of the secretary of public laundries to "operate them in such a way that the water in the tubs will be changed with each lot of clothing." The secretary of public hotels must see that they are run in a manner entirely satisfactorily to themselves and their patrons. A department from which Pittsburgh will reap great benefit is that of the secretary of public fluids, for it is his duty "to supply the people with gas and filtered water of the greatest possible excellence at the lowest possible cost; to construct reservoirs in the mountains for the purpose of storing snow water and distributing it over the plains to the people in their various habitations; to catch rain water and store it in large tanks and cisterns above and below the surface of the ground; to distill water and supply it to the people when cool, in glass vessels, and to freeze pure water and place it in drinking coolers, where it can be used for drinking purposes when it melts."

The bill regulates almost every branch of human activity and its preamble announces that it means happiness and freedom for mankind. If it works as its author intends it will undoubtedly remove all the ills of which humanity complains, for that is the very object of the bill. It may be added that if wishes were horses beggars would ride and that if turnips were watches we'd wear one by our side.

The Business Situation.

The effect upon general trade of the double calamity of fire and war, which occurred simultaneously this week, has so far been confined to the market for staples. In Chicago May wheat advanced to 97 cents, the highest price for years, and corn and provisions were also strong and higher. In New York the cotton market became demoralized and the price declined the equivalent of 4½ cents a pound from the recent high record. The security markets all over the world were seriously affected, but those which suffered the least were the railroad and industrial stocks in the New York market. English consols declined to 86⅛, the lowest quoted since the reduction in the rate of interest to 2½ per cent, and Russian and Japanese bonds broke violently. The disturbance in the markets was responsible for the failure of an old private banking house in Bremen, and the brilliancy of the Japanese victories in the initial naval battles produced a semi-panicky condition on the Paris bourse, which is probably the best open market for Russian securities. On the whole, however, the financial markets and the general trade situation withstood the Baltimore fire and the outbreak of war in the orient better than anyone would have thought possible three months ago.

The direct loss in the Baltimore fire has been variously estimated at between $75,000,000 and $125,000,000. The absolute wiping out of property to such an extent cannot be viewed otherwise than as a calamity, and while some special lines of business will be stimulated thereby, the effect as a whole will be bad, and the recovery from the consequential damage will be prolonged. The destruction of and damage to a considerable percentage of the Russian navy which has occurred during the first week of the war will ultimately result in large appropriations for additional armaments by all the civilized powers, which will mean increased consumption of iron and steel and all the materials that go into the construction of warships, but at the same time it will mean additional burdens of debt, particularly for foreign nations, which will naturally reduce the purchasing power of the masses, so that what the manufacturer of munitions gains, the producer of the necessaries of life will lose in reduced profits. Destructive fires and wars are not favorable factors in the business world as a whole.

A feature of the week in financial circles that was overshadowed by greater events was the evidence of large borrowing by railroad corporations, and indications that others were in the market for similar accommodation. From the stockholder's point of view this is an unfavorable development, because these new debts come between him and increased dividends or a resumption of deferred dividends. From the standpoint of the business man, however, it is not a bad thing to borrow money to furnish additional facilities for handling trade. In the Pittsburgh district, for instance, despite the enormous outlays for additional railroad facilities during the past few years, shippers are handicapped by a shortage of cars which in some cases has been so serious as to necessitate a partial suspension of mining and coking operations.

Improvement is noted in some departments of the iron trade, and the announcement yesterday that a large order for steel rails which had been held back for weeks had been placed at the makers' price of $28 a ton was hailed as an indication that the deadlock in this branch of the industry had been broken. In tubing and wire business is reported active, and all the indications point to large orders for structural material as soon as the building season opens.

The announcement that former Captain Putnam Bradlee Strong, of the United States army, has gone to serve the mikado in the war against Russia probably indicates that the honeymoon is over.

Inasmuch as there has been no news from the emperor of Korea since some days before the fighting begun, it is suspected that he has pulled his cyclone cellar in after him.

The Russian government suppresses the news in the hope that the people can be induced to believe that no news is good news.

Of course, the names of the Russian war vessels were against them, but those of Japan suffered an equal handicap.

Alabama Republicans have no electoral votes to spare, but if they had they would give them all to Roosevelt.

The senate expects to ratify the Panama treaty next week as a guarantee of good faith to the people.

It is generally admitted that the Japanese have a very winning way.

After Tuesday less will be heard about the war in the Sixth ward.

The groundhog's shadow is still on the weather map.

The valentine habit is unaffected by the mercury.

IT IS TO SMILE.

Mrs. Benham—Every time our boy runs away we find him on the railroad track.

Burnham—I've always said that he was a born actor.—Town Topics.

"What's the matter, Bob? You look worried."

"I am trying to decide whether to go to the St. Louis fair and wish I had stayed at home, or to stay at home and wish I had gone."—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

Mrs. Gudething—I suppose most of the prisoners are brought here by bad company.

Guard—Oh, awful, mum! They're usually accompanied by a police captain or a ward detective.—Judge.

Tom—Young Huggins has a cheap look about him, yet he is decidedly popular with the fair sex. How do you account for it?

Jack—Oh, I suppose there is a sort of bargain-counter charm about his cheap look.—Chicago News.

"No wonder a fellows gets discouraged occasionally," said the struggling family man, "it's hard getting up in the world."

"Perhaps," replied the man who had once seen better days, "but the coming down is harder."—Philadelphia Press.

The Quiet Observer

ERASMUS WILSON.

It seems so hard at first, but time will lend
Its antidote to sorrow in the end;
It may take years yet as the years go by,
Each rub's a touch of sadness from the eye.

Were this not true, should each dark shadow stay,
Life were a burden one would throw away.
Aweary and oppressed did time not lend
Its antidote to sorrow in the end. B.

There is a touch of true philosophy in these lines—the sort of philosophy that all should study who wish to live happily and die peacefully. For what is there to disturb the dying, except a knowledge of having failed to live as well as they know how?

Death is as welcome to those who are worn with suffering as is sleep to those who are worn with toil.

Nature has been wondrous kind in so ordering affairs that death shall not be unwelcome to those who are called to face it. Were it not so life would be saddened with a mortal dread of this inevitable change.

* * * * *

'Mid the green fields of Virginia, in the vale of Shenandoah,
Stands an ivy-covered homestead that I love.
With its quaint old-fashioned chimneys and its simple homelike air,
'Tis the home of my dear parents now above.

Though I live in a mansion grand, with wealth at my command,
I'd give it all for just a single day
To play with my old comrades and see my mother, dear,
'Mid the green fields of Virginia far away.

CHORUS:
There's a peaceful cottage there, a happy home so dear,
My heart is longing for it day by day;
Where I spend life's golden hours, in the vale of Shenandoah,
'Mid the green fields of Virginia far away.

'Mid the green fields of Virginia there's an old mill by the stream;
To this dear place I would go to sing and play;
And how often did I throw the stones into babbling brook,
And I thought some day 'twould carry me away.

My dream came true, one day in June I left the dear old place;
They told me mother's heart was broke that day;
If I could just but see her and kiss her once again,
'Mid the green fields of Virginia far away.

This is the only copy of "The Green Fields of Virginia" that has come to hand, and it is a copy from memory, but substantially correct. Who knows where may be found a neat little poem entitled "The Garden in the Sand"? In it were the following lines:

"And with a wish to keep it dry
They made a wall two inches high;
Within the wall and around the walks
They made a hedge of slender stocks.
Great daffodils and heart's-ease low,
And buttercups all in a row."

The poem "Lasca," asked for by a correspondent, is too long for this column. It is to be found in No. 4 of Metropolitan Handy Series and several other collections of choice selections.

Mrs. L. L. Householder of Monaca, Pa., would like to find a copy of the Christian Herald, published sometime prior to 1853. This will tax the memory of the oldest inhabitant.

Mr. Quiet Observer:—Will you, or some of your numerous correspondents, please give me, through The Gazette, the other verses of those songs, the first being sung in the Tip, Tom and Tyler campaign in Eastern Ohio in 1840, and the other four years later, when Clay and Polk ran against each other:

"What has caused this great commotion, motion, motion,
All our country through
It is the ball that's rolling on,
For Tippecanoe and Tyler, too,
For Tippecanoe and Tyler, too,
And with them we'll beat Matty Van, Van, Van, Van is a used up man,
And with them we'll beat little Van."

The following was the popular campaign song four years later:

"O, Polk! O, Polk!
For you to run is a first-rate joke,
* * *
"You must mind what you're about,
For as sure as you are born,
You are bound to figure out
At the small end of the horn."

Wilkinsburg, Pa. J. H. S.

Mr. Quiet Observer:—Your column the past week has been another of those "heart to heart talks." A revival of old memories, and with you, we say keep their memory green as often as deemed best, for the interest of your column.

As to filling them we have done so for a long time, but found it more convenient when your "observations" appeared in the column now occupied by the New York correspondent, to refer to day, month and year of the article—can't you go back?

I would like to ask for a copy of the piece called "The Order for a Picture." I think that is the title. The artist is asked to paint the "looks of a lie." I cannot recall but a few words, which run thus:

"Good painter, paint me true."

Perhaps some one can recall the lines, which in later years I have wanted to possess.

C. T. H.

This poem is also too long for this column. It is given in No. 4 Metropolitan Handy Series, and the others.

Dear Quiet Observer:—Your column has recently described to your readers the sagacity and great devotion to the dog, the progenitors of the groundhog. Now let us take a general view and review of the life and habits of what is familiary known among us old farmers as the "land turtle," or "tarrepin."

Have you ever examined how beautiful and wonderful its exterior make-up is? It is neither fish, bird nor animal, yet can walk, swim and run. If a man, after many years of toil, is able to possess in fee simple a comfortable home, with all modern conveniences, he considers himself well fixed.

When it goes on a journey it always takes its house along, and can, therefore, always sleep in its own bed. It does not have to work, and is happily exempt from the worries of spring and fall housecleaning. If any one calls that it don't like it draws in its head locks the door and pretends no one is at home. If it goes to church, and the preacher is too long-winded, it can go to sleep unnoticed till they sing the doxology. It goes barebeaded, barefooted and naked the whole year round. But the turtle is born with a house on its back, complete in its architectural design, and this inherited house it occupies as long as it lives. No lawyer can place a mortgage on it, nor can the sheriff obtain an execution to sell it out; it pays no rent, no taxes, no gas bills, no insurance, its house is practically fire, water and burglar proof. If the sun shines too warm it can use it for an umbrella. If it rains, hails and thunders, it can draw in its head and legs and keep perfectly dry and comfortable. It will sit a whole day in a fence corner and content itself in solitary meditation, and not catch cold, nor is it bothered with appendicitis.

How innumerable its advantages over mankind. It owns the world, and can set its house anywhere it pleases without taking out a permit. Nor can it be bribed by the Democratic, Republicans, Citizens or Orphans parties; never gets arrested or in trouble with the police for staying out late at night, belongs to no social club, chews no tobacco, smokes no cigarettes and cant get drunk. It often lives to be 100 years old because it takes no medicine, and when it dies and leaves its house no one moves in. It makes no will and lawyers can make no fee because of its demise. And as to the next world it has no anxieties, indulges in no scrape with its neighbors, lets everybody alone, keeps on the even tenor of its way, does not know from whence it came or whither it goes. While here it does the best it can, settles its accounts as it goes, and attends strictly to its own business.

If only man would do as well how happy we would be. SWEEPSTAKE.

Station street, East End.

A Change Desirable.

We are all satisfied that we have more brains than money, but somehow feel well rather experience a change in assets.—St. Louis Star.

Talked of in New York

GEORGE C. JENKS.

(By Private Wire to The Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Firemen everywhere are desirous of reassuring the public and proving to them that such a disaster as that at Baltimore could not happen in their particular city. That is particularly the case here. Chief Croker, who has just been replaced at the head of the fire department of New York, will not take any chances on a fire, if it shows the least inclination to become a large one. At a blaze near the Brooklyn bridge approach last night he ordered out a lot of extra engines, just "to have them handy in case the fire spreads," as he explained. Of course, the chief can do these things. A subordinate might have been criticised for such lavish use of the machinery and men of the department. It happened that the extra engines were not needed, for the fire was subdued without using them, and what might have been a terrible expensive and devastating conflagration was curbed.

Under the circumstances the ordinary citizen here is disposed to think that Chief Croker was wise to go forehanded. There never was a time when men and women were so nervous over fires as they are now, and the general sentiment is that all possible precautions should be taken. One thing is commended by most New Yorkers, and that is that Chief Croker is using the "searchlight" he introduced before he was deposed some time ago. It helped the firemen materially last night, and will be used always when there is a large fire. The rapidity with which the trouble of yesterday was discovered has given the people here extra courage, and they believe, with the chief, that New York is practically immune against such a wholesale calamity as that in Baltimore this week.

Have the Negroes Forgotten Lincoln?

Contrary to the custom of old, the colored people of New York took no formal notice of Lincoln's birthday today. There were no processions, meetings or speeches, and no special services in their churches. The explanation given by one old man, who still reveres the name of the great liberator, was that the young folk of his race do not know much about Abraham Lincoln and certainly do not realize what his name means to older negroes. This anniversary used to be a big day with New York's colored population. But, "other times, other manners." There may be a Lincoln revival in this metropolis some time. Meanwhile, his birthday is pretty well neglected by the class who have good reason to regard it with reverence and affection.

Where McClellan Is Handicapped.

One of the questions earnestly discussed in Tammany circles is whether it is safe to push along the presidential boom of Mayor McClellan. There is no doubt about his personal popularity, and the general Democratic idea is that he would be a strong candidate. The trouble is all about Fornes, president of the board of aldermen. If McClellan should be nominated for the presidency, he would be obliged to resign his seat as mayor of Greater New York. President Fornes would fill his unexpired term, and would be in line for the Tammany nomination in the following year. Fornes is a Presbyterian—was. Tammany does not want him for mayor. At the same time, it favors McClellan for president of the United States. Pretty complication, surely.

A Straw from the Japanese.

When a solitary Japanese strolled into the visitors' gallery of the Consolidated stock exchange yesterday he was greeted with loud cheers from the brokers. It evidently pleased him. He removed his hat and made two low bows. It was understood they were in behalf of the mikado and his conquering forces in the far east.

A Battle to the Death.

Terry McGovern's woolly poodle got into a squabble with two cats in Longacre square this afternoon. The cats killed the poodle in about three minutes. That is they mauled him so that "Terrible Terry" got a policeman to shoot him. Then one of the cats died in a doorway of exhaustion while the other got under the wheels of a cab and was killed. "Liveliest times I have seen in this block since they began the subway," was the comment of the policeman.

Best Opera in the World.

Arturo Vigna, the eminent musical director, who has been in the conductor's chair at many important performances in the Metropolitan opera house this winter, and who departed for Europe yesterday, said before he sailed, that the best music in the history of the world has been in New York this winter. This sounds strong, but it was thus explained by Signor Vigna: "Grand opera here? It is superb. It is better than abroad. The staging of opera here is magnificent. The chorus is larger and it is higher class, and the orchestra is of better material than even in the musical centers of Europe. Why? There is the money and the demand." In a nutshell, you see.

Policing the "L."

It was found that the placing of policemen on the busy stations of the elevated railway was all that was required to cope successfully with "rush hour" dangers. But the city could not keep policemen there continuously, and now the "L" managements must tackle the problem themselves. That they mean to do it is shown by officials of the Interborough Railway Company asking Commissioner McAdoo to give them police power for 54 of their own men to act as extra guards on the stations. The request probably will be granted. Now it remains to be seen, whether an ordinary railway official clothed with police authority will be as effective as the "regular" on the force, who is accustomed to carrying everything with a high hand.

Grateful to Roosevelt.

"This office is deeply grateful to President Roosevelt for issuing his proclamation of the neutrality of the United States yesterday," said an attache of the Japanese consul general's office in this city today. "It will save us some of the annoyance of explaining to enthusiastic young men that Japan is not looking for soldiers of another race. We have been overwhelmed with offers by Americans and others of assistance to join our army and go to the front against Russia. This sympathy is gratifying, of course, by absolutely useless. Now that the president has set forth in black and white that it is a violation of the neutrality laws for any American to enlist or offer to enlist in either the Japanese or Russian armies while the war continues, I hope fire-eaters will take the hint and stay away from this office."

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

Waldorf-Astoria.
H. A. Davis,
Miss Davis,
E. W. Madge.

Holland.
John C. Langan,
J. Frederick Byers.

Manhattan.
Sheldon Chills,
Henry S. Mould.

York.
Joseph Natali.

Savoy.
Ludwig L. Kaufmann,
Mrs. Kaufmann.

Fifth Avenue.
Daniel C. Ripley.
H. W. Lewis,
Mrs. Lewis,
Joseph Ritter,
Mrs. Ritter,
Williams J. McKee,
Miss C. Lewis,
Stephen C. Mason.

Gilsey.
S. D. Jenkins.

Marlborough.
J. S. Williams,
Mrs. Williams,
J. J. Brooks,
Mrs. Brooks,
H. G. Taylor.

Herald Square.
G. Lutz.

Vendome.
D. S. Henry.

Imperial.
W. G. A. Miller,
Frank Thorpe,
C. H. Connelly,
Louis Rech,
P. J. Sullivan,
Mrs. Sullivan,
Carl Sayler,
C. W. Sowell,
Mrs. Sowell,
Thomas Dandals, Jr.,
F. C. Reuter.

Grand Union.
C. A. Brooks.

Metropolitan.
J. P. Tapping,
L. A. Perry.

Buckingham.
George A. Harwood,
J. H. McKibben,
Mrs. McKibben,
J. P. McCaskey.

Grand.
F. H. Ortmeyer.

Astor.
C. H. Everson,
A. W. Howard,
Mrs. Howard,
C. E. Bell,
C. M. Rose,
M. E. Smythe,
F. D. Rugg.

Sinclair.
Ralph M. Cuthbertson,
Mrs. Cuthbertson,
Ralph M. Cuthbertson, Jr.

Why Montana Is Republican.

Montana is a Republican state because it is a growing state, a progressive state because a majority of her citizen population prefer Republican policies because they prefer prosperity to adversity, good times to bad, a surplus rather than a deficit in their own business and in the national treasury.—Butte Inter-Mountain.

Nation's Capital

L. W. STRAYER.

(By Private Wire to The Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—In the official report of the viewing to the east on the Port Arthur naval engagement, he states that the fleet was attacked unexpectedly, and in all the official statements regarding the encounter the attempt is made to belittle the victory of the Japanese by giving the impression that they began hostilities before they should have done so under international observances. But this view is not shared by American naval officers who have taken a deep interest in the developments in the far east and are willing to discuss them if they are not quoted. Etiquette prevents them from airing their views in public, but privately they will almost unanimously tell you that if the Russians were not prepared for the attack it was their own fault.

Diplomatic relations between the two governments had been broken off, which amounted to a declaration of war, although the formal declaration had not been issued by either government. As a matter of fact it is believed that the Russians were expecting the attack, but not so soon. They did not think the Japanese would be ready for a day or two longer and were surprised when the foes sailed into them at Port Arthur.

Glory for Japan.

A leading naval officer of the United States in discussing this feature of the engagement, said:

"A fleet which was in readiness for action probably would not have suffered as the Russian vessels did at the hands of the Japanese torpedo boats. The details of the fight received so far are not sufficient to enable one to understand it thoroughly, but there can be no question that the Russians were taken off guard.

"Of course, the efficiency of the torpedo boat is shown by the decisive victory. Nobody can question that. The result will probably be an increased demand for boats of that description."

Naval authorities credit the Japanese officers with great skill and alertness in the Port Arthur fight and say the fact that the Russians were not prepared should not detract in the least from the story of the Japanese. Information received so far concerning the naval engagement at Port Arthur and Chemulpo is so incomplete that naval officers have not been able to make an analytical study of the results.

Nurses Ready for Japan.

Russia's impression that the government favors the Japanese in the pending war may be strengthened by the action of Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee, president of the Spanish-American War Nurses association, who today offered the Japanese minister the services of a corps of trained nurses. Dr. McGee is a practicing physician here and the action of the association of which she is the head is based upon humanitarian grounds, no doubt. But the offering, whether it will not be misconstrued by the Russians, whom the United States wishes to give no cause for complaint, Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, said Dr. McGee that she could double her offer to his government and he intimated that he expected a favorable response. In that event there is no doubt that Dr. McGee will have no trouble in getting plenty of volunteers to fill her corps, as the Japanese minister has on file the applications of hundreds of trained nurses who have signified their willingness to volunteer for service in the far east. It is Dr. McGee's intention to take about 100 of the most experienced nurses with her, and they will probably be selected by giving the preference to those who served during the Spanish-American war. Anticipating a favorable reply from the Japanese government, Dr. McGee will begin at once to organize her company of nurses and have them ready to sail at short notice.

It is to be hoped that the Russians will take the view that the doctor and her associates are moved only by humanitarian motives in taking this step and will not consider it otherwise. The declaration of neutrality of the United States does not prohibit the volunteering of nurses, although it does prescribe the enlistment of men for fighting. There is little likelihood of a question being raised against the departure of the nurses for Japan, though it may add to the feeling that the United States is showing altogether too much concern for the interests of that country.

Morgan Will Have the Last Word.

The statement made in this column a few days ago that the date of the vote on the Panama treaty depended solely upon the physical endurance of Senator Morgan of Alabama, who proposed to continue his attack upon the treaty, was a mistake. Since that statement was made an agreement has been reached that a vote shall be taken on February 23. Even if this agreement had not been made, the physical endurance of Senator Morgan would not have marked the limit of the debate. That is shown by the fact that Mr. Morgan would have pulled upon his Democratic colleagues to help him out, as he did when Senator Carmack of Tennessee read a speech that had been written by the Alabama senator.

Mr. Morgan's voice failed him, but that did not prevent him from inflicting a repetition of his views upon the senate and the country. Mr. Carmack then read the same paper that he had written, evidently the same paper that Mr. Morgan himself has read to the senate on several previous occasions and then held the floor. Of course, since the agreement has been made that a vote shall be taken on February 23, it does not make so much difference what happens in the meantime and if the vote is to be delayed until the last minute Senator Morgan might as well take up the time as anyone else, even if he does have to do it by proxy.

May Yet Use a Phonograph.

In reality there is no valid reason why the treaty should not be voted on now as well as on February 23. The votes to ratify it are assured and plenty of opportunity has been given all who desired to discuss it. The delay is only due to the demand of Senator Morgan for more space in the Record, since nobody listens to his remarks and there would be a unanimous consent to a request upon his part for leave to print his speeches in the Record and spare the senate the time required for reading them.

Still, in view of the possibilities that lay in the rules of the senate for filibuster and further delay, the Republicans are disposed to be congratulated that they have at last secured a date for a vote and they will be inclined to permit Mr. Morgan to have uninterrupted say, even if he has to use a phonograph to make his speeches.

His remarks today were almost wholly devoted to criticism of the administration. Speaking of the president's course he contended that "the siren of absolutism had sounded its trumpet in his ear." The president had taken a course, he declared, that would have "cast the king of Great Britain his crown if not his head." The Morgan speech then reviewed state department actions and criticised them sharply.

Early Adjournment Expected.

There is now a good deal of talk of the early adjournment of congress and there seems to be nothing in the way of such a program. When the regular session began in December some of the leaders said that the people would close early, but now that is the line of talk that is indulged in at the beginning of every session, not much credence was placed in it. But with the Panama canal treaty out of the senate's way this month, and with the appropriation bills well under way, there is nothing to prevent an adjournment in April, or not later than the middle of May. Members of both branches would be glad to see an arrangement for an early adjournment, as a great many of them will attend the national conventions during the hot months and would welcome a rest before the activity of the presidential campaign begins.

The Republican convention will be held in Chicago on June 21 and the Democratic convention at St. Louis on July 6. If congress can effect an adjournment by May 15, it will give a good period of rest before the assembling of the nominating conventions. The rest will be needed, as most of the members will be on the stump during the campaign, either in their own behalf as candidates for re-election or as orators for the national ticket. It is agreed that no general legislation of great importance is to be considered at this session beyond the passage of the appropriation bills and consequently there will be little for congress to do after the end of March. It will not surprise some of the older members to see an adjournment by the first of May.

The Death Roll

Miss Anna M. Ross.

Miss Anna M. Ross, who spent nine years of her life as a missionary for the Presbyterian church in New Mexico and Colorado, died at the home of her brother, Dr. D. H. Ross at Independence, W. Va., Thursday. Miss Ross was well known in the Presbyterian church throughout the country for the success which attended her labors among the Mexicans of the southwest. In the work she was associated with the late Miss Elizabeth Smith of Connellsburg, and to these two women belong much of the credit for the thorough establishment of the Presbyterian faith in that part of the United States. Missions which they started are now established churches.

Miss Ross was a native of Washington county, New York, where she was born about 50 years ago. After spending an excellent education she went to the south and for a number of years preceding the war was a teacher there in various schools for women. About the close of the war she was ordained for the western work of the church and until about 8 or 10 years ago devoted her whole time to that task. In recent years she had been in poor health. She is survived by three brothers, Dr. Ross, at whose home she died; H. J. Ross of Delaware, O.; John Ross, who resides near Troy, N. Y., and one sister, Mrs. Luther Danforth, also living near Troy, N. Y. The funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at Independence, W. Va.

Col. L. W. Sutherland.

Col. L. W. Sutherland, a prominent railroad promoter and a veteran of the civil war, is dead at his home near Smithfield, O. He is survived by a widow and four children. He was born 72 years ago on a farm in Jefferson county, O. He was a clerk in a store for a time and during the gold excitement in 1849, he went to California. He was moderately successful and returned to Ohio. When the war broke out he enlisted as a private in company C, Ohio Hundred and Twenty-fifth Ohio volunteers and he reached the grade of captain. In 1863 he was captured and kept in Libby prison for 18 months. He subsequently escaped and reached the Union lines. After the war he engaged extensively in this country and Cuba. He became interested in railroad building. His first venture was the old Wheeling and Lake Erie line, for which he raised $100,000 among his friends and neighbors. The enterprise could not be completed for lack of funds and all was lost. Col. Sutherland lived to see the judgment vindicated in the construction of the line. He brought to the attention of capitalists the valuable coal lands in Jefferson county, O. He was also the organizer of the Sutherland Oil Company.

William Bast.

William Bast, aged 67, died yesterday morning of heart trouble at his home, No. 4301 Sutton street, East End. He retired about four years ago, after being in the service of Speer & Co., Duquesne way, for over 30 years. Mr. Bast was a life-long member of the Methodist Episcopal church and at the time of his death was connected with the Friendship park church of that denomination. He was also a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He is survived by his widow and five children, Clarence W. and Miss Gertrude Bast of Pittsburgh; Ralph M. Bast of New York; Elizabeth, wife of Dr. R. M. Talbot and Estelle, wife of C. H. Thornton of Chicago; also by three sisters, Mrs. John Trunzo, Mrs. Adam Gumrik and Miss Emma Bast, all of New Castle, Pa.

Thomas Darby Buried.

The funeral of Thomas Darby of Braddock, who was killed in Braddock on Tuesday, took place yesterday morning from his late home in Wood street. A solemn high mass of requiem was offered in St. Thomas' Catholic church by the Very Rev. Father John Richey, the pastor, assisted by the Rev. Father P. Maher, assistant rector and the Rev. Father P. F. Mey, pastor of St. Joseph's German Catholic church, Braddock. The sermon was delivered by Father Richey, who spoke feelingly of the life of Mr. Darby and of his tragic death. The funeral was one of the largest held in Braddock in many years and was attended by many of the prominent citizens of the borough. The interment was made in Monongahela cemetery.

William H. Kountz.

William H. Kountz, aged 38, of No. 302 Camp avenue, Braddock, died suddenly yesterday evening while at the supper table. He was joking with members of the family when he was stricken with heart trouble. He had been ailing for two weeks. He was born in Pittsburg and was the son of Samuel Kountz. He served with the cavalry during the civil war.

Mr. Kountz went to Braddock eight years ago from Fairmont, W. Va., and was a member of St. Luke's Reformed church, Braddock, and also of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Braddock. He is survived by his widow and three children, Mrs. C. L. Davis of Braddock; Samuel of East McKeesport, and Leroy of Monongahela, Pa.

T. Herbert Smith.

T. Herbert Smith, aged 22, an employe of the city assessor's office, died yesterday morning at his home, No. 26 Stanwix street, Mt. Washington, of pneumonia. He was a civil engineer and previous to entering the employ of the city was connected with railroads in the south and southwest. He is survived by his widow, his mother, Mrs. Lydia R. Smith, three brothers, Attorney James H. Smith of the city; Samuel H. and Alexander V. of Parker Settlers, Kans., and two sisters, Mrs. F. E. Markel of Connellsville, Pa., and Mrs. E. T. Williams of St. Louis, Mo. Funeral services will be held at his late home Monday at 2 o'clock p. m. Mr. Smith was a former resident of Monongahela, Pa.

Charles Colton Cluley.

Charles Colton Cluley, aged 23, died yesterday at his home, No. 2021 Wylie avenue. He was a son of William H. and Isabella Cluley and a cousin of ex-Mayor William J. Diehl and of Robert E. Cluley, cashier of the Pittsburgh postoffice. Funeral services will be held at the late home tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

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COUNCIL PASSES BILLS FINALLY

Appropriation and Tax Levy Ordinances Go Through Without Changes.

FITZPATRICK WANTS PARK

The four appropriation bills and the tax levy ordinance necessary to provide for the expenses of the city government during the year 1904 were all passed finally yesterday afternoon by common council. The Orphans made an attempt to further amend the tax levy ordinance on third reading by council going into a committee of the whole, but failed. The tax levy ordinance fixing the levy at 12½ mills, was passed finally by a vote of 27 to 12.

Twenty-six votes, or a majority of the members elected, are required to pass an ordinance and this number of votes, without a vote to spare, were cast for the appropriation bills for the public safety and public works departments. The Orphans voted against all the appropriation bills except the one for the charities department, which was passed exactly as reported out of the finance committee. The public safety ordinance was passed by a vote of 29 to 10, the public works ordinance by a vote of 26 to 9, sundry appropriation bill by a vote of 27 to 9, and the bill for the charities department by a unanimous vote of 36.

Contrary to the Rules.

Contrary to the rules of councils there was a debate on the tax levy bill on third reading. W. H. Stevenson made a motion that council go into a committee of the whole that the item of estimated receipts for the city solicitor's office might be reduced from $371,603 to $175,000. This motion was defeated by a vote of 30 to 11.

Then the bill was taken up on third reading, and Messrs. Leslie, Stevenson and Reitz indulged in a discussion. Stevenson opposed the bill, because, he said, it would create a deficit of over $200,000. He said that the total assets of the city attorney's office were not over $258,000 and that not more than $175,000 could be collected by that office this year.

Leslie said that, in fixing the estimate of $371,603 he had included the total assets of the city solicitor's office at $258,000 and had added to this $113,000, which, he said, was the amount of the estimated collections from the bond issue proposed by the finance committee.

Leslie made a vigorous attack upon the finance committee for inserting in the appropriation bills this year for people to pay taxes on items aggregating $230,000 which had been in the appropriation bills of 1902 and 1903. He said the manifest purpose of this was to hoard up a surplus.

Predicted Surplus This Year.

He predicted, instead of a deficit this year, there will be a surplus due to an increase in the valuations above the figures reported by the assessors. He said he could state with authority that the valuations would reach $400,000,000, that the assessors had taken the lowest possible estimate in reporting $395,000,000.

Leslie criticised the finance committee for recommending the payment of over $900,000 in judgments by a bond issue. "Never before in the entire history of the city government was it proposed to pay judgments out of a bond issue. The city has always paid its judgments by a direct tax," he declared.

W. C. Reitz said the finance committee had recommended a bond issue to pay the judgments because they were for permanent improvements.

A number of street improvement measures were reported affirmatively by the surveys committee, including an ordinance repealing the vacation of Watson street, introduced by J. P. Shaw of the Sixth ward. Dr. Shaw asked that the Watson street repealer be acted upon separately. The Watson street repealer would have gone through with the other bills from the surveys committee without opposition, but Dr. Shaw desired separate action in order that he might make a speech upon it.

Shaw Made a Speech.

Dr. Shaw characterized the taking of Watson street by Select Councilman Peter Hermes as one of the "greatest outrages ever perpetrated." He declared Hermes had promised to give the street back to the city but had made no attempt to do so, and, he said, Hermes delayed taking possession of the street because he had been asked to put up a bond of $50,000 to cover all damages to other property in the street. He said his ordinance was intended to do what Hermes had promised but failed to do. The ordinance was passed without a dissenting vote.

Henry Fitzpatrick of the Eleventh ward, introduced an ordinance authorizing the director of public works to purchase 14 acres of property belonging to the Ward estate in the Eleventh and Thirteenth wards to be added to Central park at the Bedford avenue reservoir. The ordinance specifies that the price paid shall not exceed $100,000. The property is bounded by Bedford avenue, Ridge street and Kirkpatrick street.

Park to Be Made Larger.

Mr. Fitzpatrick stated that it was intended to provide for the payment of this property out of the proposed bond issue. He said he had interviewed a number of the members of the finance committee and they were in favor of the project. The improvement of the property, that it might be put in condition for park purposes, would cost about $10,000 additional. Half of this amount is provided in the regular appropriations this year. There are now three acres in Central park, and the proposed addition will increase the area to 17 acres. The ordinance was referred to the finance committee.

Common council adopted a resolution, offered by W. H. Stevenson, requesting the city solicitor to furnish an opinion whether councils could issue bonds to the amount of $900,000 without submitting the question to a vote of the people.

PYTHIANS TO CELEBRATE.

Leading Officers of the Knights Will Be Entertained Next Week.

For the first time in many years Pittsburgh will be visited by both the supreme and the grand officers of the Knights of Pythias next week, and in honor of the event a special convocation of the local members of the organization will be held Monday evening at Old Elks' hall, Fifth avenue and Smithfield street. The convocation will be under the direction of South Side lodge No. 15. The members of the uniform rank will escort the officers from the hotel to the hall.

Among those to be present are Supreme Chancellor Tracy R. Bands of North Dakota, Grand Chancellor Calvin Tomlinsky, Grand Keeper of the Records of the Domain of Pennsylvania George Hawks, President J. C. McMahon of the Pythian Home of Pennsylvania and Supreme Representative R. H. Jackson.

Slav Ground to Death.

SHARON, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—John Boyick, a Slav, employed at the South Sharon tin plate mill, this morning was rolling machinery when his coat caught in the gear wheels of the electric shears and he was drawn in. His head was ground from his shoulders while his body was crushed to a pulp.

114th Death at Butler.

BUTLER, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—John Lewis Myers, aged 25 years, died today, making 114 deaths attributable to typhoid fever.

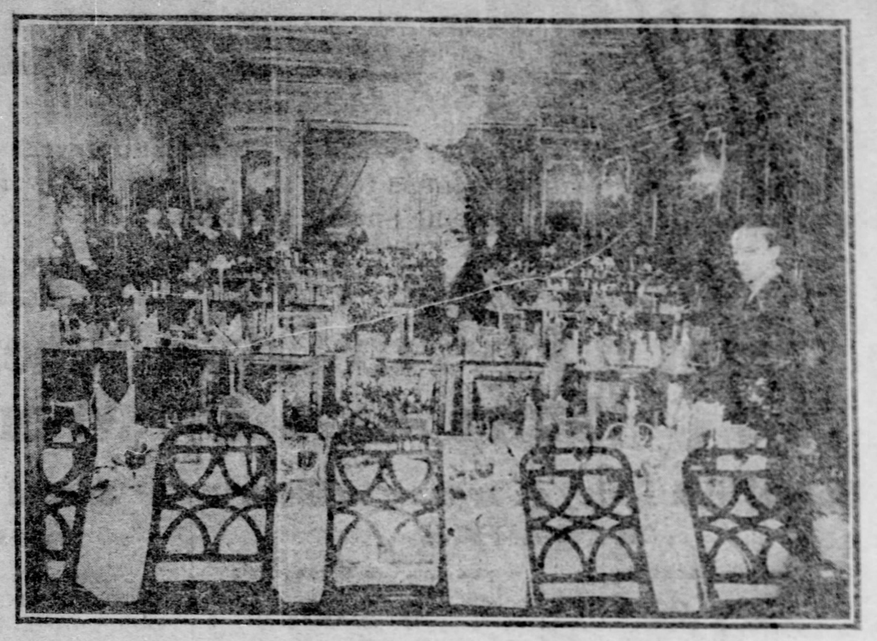
Last Mid-Winter Excursion to Washington and Baltimore, Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad February 18.

$9.00 round trip; tickets good 10 days. Apply at city ticket office, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street, Pittsburgh, for sleeping car space and tickets.

A magnificent Russo-Japanese war map, printed in three colors and black, on heavy paper, will be given as an extra free supplement to The Sunday Gazette tomorrow.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Banquet Hall of the Bar Association



M'KINSEY WILL GET HIS SEAT

No Court Proceedings Pending Affecting His Membership in Central Board.

PEDDER'S LAWYER TALKS

At the next meeting of the Central board of education W. H. McKinsey, the member from the Thirty-fifth ward, will doubtless be given his seat. On the ground that there are proceedings pending in the quarter sessions court affecting his seat, McKinsey was not admitted to membership in the new board when it organized Monday night. It now develops that there is slight basis for this claim.

McKinsey succeeds Charles J. Pedder on the board, and the retiring member fought hard to retain his seat. The credentials of new members are passed upon by the holdover members of the board. It so happened that on Monday night the friends of Pedder were in control at the meeting of the holdovers. McKinsey's credentials were regular, but a protest to his taking the seat was entered. It stated that there was a case pending in the quarter sessions court attacking the legal standing of the Thirty-fifth ward school board, and until there was a decision in the case it would not be proper to admit McKinsey to membership. The question was submitted to a vote of the members, and Pedder won by a bare majority.

S. S. Robertson, who has been counsel for Pedder in his school board litigation, was asked yesterday concerning the case mentioned at the Central board meeting. He wrote this statement for The Gazette:

The case now pending in the quarter sessions court is a proceeding instituted for the purpose of removing all of the members of the Thirty-fifth ward school board, by reason of their failure to organize as required by the school laws. It was an echo of the fight started against Mr. Pedder to oust him from membership in the Thirty-fifth ward school board. The proceedings against Pedder having been decided in favor of the persons contesting his right to sit, I do not know what the attitude of my client is in reference to pursuing further or abandoning the quarter sessions court proceedings.

The opposition to Mr. McKinsey I have no connection with; in fact, there is no direct proceeding affecting him now in the courts that I am aware of. I understand, however, that the protest against seating him was based upon the same state of facts as those stated in the quarter sessions court case, viz.: That there is now no legal board in the Thirty-fifth ward, and therefore no board which could elect a representative to the Central board of education.

This statement shows that there was no valid ground for holding up the credentials of McKinsey. At the next meeting of the board he will be advised to have his friends move to seat him. Should the proposition be voted down, the courts will then no doubt be asked to issue an order to compel the board to recognize his right to membership. It is not at all likely that the latter course will be necessary when the members of the Central board become acquainted with the facts.

The proceedings referred to by Mr. Robertson were started in quarter sessions court on June 13, 1903, under the title of "In the matter of the petition of Martin Shindeldeck et al for the removal of the school directors of the Thirty-fifth ward." The other petitioners were Henry Miller, Louis Miller, Henry Orhause, John Diller, Sr., Fred Rost, S. R. Evans and Fred Miller. This action was on behalf of the Pedder faction in the board. On June 27, 1903, the McKinsey faction made answer to the petition, and nothing has been done with the case since. There is every reason for believing that these proceedings will be abandoned, as nothing but a bill of costs could be obtained by the trial of the case. The McKinsey faction have organized the school board, fixed the millage, elected teachers and operated the schools, and there is no complaint from the Thirty-fifth ward.

W. M. Laird Co.

SHOES

Bigger, Better Bargains than ever—
Leases soon out—
Stock must be sold.
All feet and purses fitted at 33 to 50 Per Cent of a saving.

W. M. LAIRD CO.,
Smithfield St.
Market St.

HAND SAPOLIO

It insures an enjoyable, invigorating bath; makes every pore respond, removes dead skin,

ENERGIZES THE WHOLE BODY

starts the circulation and leaves a glow equal to a Turkish bath.

ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

IN MEMORY OF LINCOLN'S DAY

Lawyers Observe the Anniversary of Martyred President's Birth.

WATSON WAS HONOR GUEST

The Allegheny County Bar association hereafter will designate Lincoln's birthday for its annual banquet. Last night, at its fifteenth annual gathering, held in the dining room of the Union club in the Frick building, the anniversary of the birth of the martyred president was fittingly commemorated, and it was informally understood that all future banquets would be held on February 12. D. T. Watson, who represented the United States in the international commission appointed to settle the question of the Alaskan boundary, was the guest of honor and the principal speaker.

Mr. Watson was roundly applauded as he rose to read his manuscript. He responded to the toast, "The Profession," and kept close to his text. The outbreak between Japan and Russia, it was thought, would inspire a memorable reference to the crisis in the far east, but those who looked for this were doomed to be disappointed. Mr. Watson spoke of the ethics of the profession and compared the sixteenth century advocate to those of the present day. He said the material returns of the barrister were then to be compared to the stability of the professional reward, and cited many instances to prove his stand.

Judge Joseph Buffington of the United States court was toastmaster. In a characteristic speech he referred to Pittsburgh great lawyers who had been honored by official positions as mere samples sent out into the land as specimens of the famous men who are reared in Allegheny county. "This is a brave, good and 'get there' bar," he said.

Before he had finished his address there were loud calls for John C. Haymaker. Mr. Haymaker replied to the toast, "Wild Animals I Have Known." He recited stories of the bar and his personal jibes at his contemporaries were richly relished. Gordon Fisher answered the toast, "Emancipation," in an equally good-natured speech.

Homer L. Castle talked about "Reminiscences" and Attorney General Lyman D. Gilbert replied to the toast, "Our Guest."

Covers were laid for $200. It was one of the largest banquets held in Pittsburgh this season and the enthusiasm of the guests knew no bounds. An original parody on "Mr. Dooley" was sung between every course. Its refrain ran thus:

"Tis Mister Watson,
'Tis Mister Watson,
The greatest man the country ever knew—
Quite diplomatic,
And democratic,
Is Mister Watson—ation—ation—on!

The walls of the room were decorated in green and evergreen in pots adorned the tables. Among the guests were Chief Justice James T. Mitchell of Pennsylvania; Judge Charles Rice, Attorney General Hampton L. Carson, Judge John Bard, an old classmate of Attorney Watson at Washington college; George Shiras, Jr., former justice of the United States supreme court; Congressman George Shiras III., Judge W. D. Porter and all the judges on the Allegheny county bench.

WAR MINISTER RESIGNS TO CUT DOWN EXPENSES

Republic of Panama Inaugurates System of Strict Economy in Public Affairs.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

(Copyright, 1904, by the New York Herald Co.)

PANAMA, Feb. 12.—Nicanor Obarrio, the minister of war, resigned today as a result of the action of the constitutional convention in abolishing his office. All employes of the department also resigned, causing great excitement. A meeting was called at the Plaza Santa Ana tonight to eulogize Senor Obarrio. The movement is one of the first to reduce expenses.

The government will only have four ministers and reduce the army to 100 men, while some of the soldiers will be transformed to national police. Dr. Amador's policy is known to be retrenchment. Officeholders are dissatisfied at learning that the purpose is to have only 80 men fill all positions in the executive branch of the government.

The republic has spent more than $50,000,000 since its existence, which is more than twice as large as the income. The constitution has not wholly been completed. Dr. Amador will be elected president, probably on Monday.

His Last Smoke Fatal.

SHARON, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Stooping over a stick of dynamite which he was preparing for a blast Steven Nichols had his head blown off yesterday at the Masstone quarries near Volant. Nichols was smoking at the time and it is supposed a spark caused the explosion.

Dying of Stab Wound.

YORK, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—In a quarrel at Stewartstown last night Andrew Supten stabbed George Rogers, his son-in-law. His victim is dying. Domestic affairs brought about the quarrel.

DEATHS.

BAST—On Friday, February 12, 1904, at 6:40 a. m., WILLIAM BAST, husband of Elma Bast, in his 67th year.

Funeral services Sunday at 3:30 p. m. at his late residence, 4301 Scioto street, Pittsburgh. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private. (Philippsburg (Pa.) and Worcester (O.) papers please copy.)

CULLEY—On Friday, February 12, 1904, at 3:25 a. m., CHARLES COLTON, son of William H. and Isabella Culley, aged 25 years. Funeral services at the residence of his father, 2721 Wylie avenue, on Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private.

DUFF—On Thursday, February 11, 1904, at 12:50 p. m., HARRY R., son of Walter and Minnie Duff, aged 4 years.

Funeral services at family residence, Mount Nebo, on Sunday, February 14, 1904, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

KIMBALL—Suddenly, on Thursday, February 11, 1904, at 4:45 p. m., CAROLINE, wife of Edward C. Kimball, aged 41 years.

Funeral at her late residence, 1210 Juniata street, Allegheny, on Sunday, February 14, 1904. Interment private at a later hour.

MCLELLAND—On Thursday, February 11, 1904, at 6:45 a. m., SARAH WHITE, widow of Samuel G. McClelland.

Funeral from the Sandusky Street Baptist church on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment private.

MUSE—On Friday morning, February 12, 1904, at parents' residence, Yoder street, Township T. WILLIAM MARIE, infant son of Samuel and Annie Muse (nee Turner), aged 9 months.

Funeral from home of grandparent, Mrs. Turner, Coraopolis, on Sunday, February 14, at 2 p. m. Interment private.

NEILL—On Thursday, February 11, 1904, at 7:25 o'clock a. m., ELLEN NEILL, (nee Beath), aged 61 years, widow of Joseph Neill.

Funeral from the home of her son-in-law, James Forster, Lafferty avenue, Moontown borough, on Sunday, February 14, 1904, at 2 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

PALMER—At Kansas City, Mo., Mrs. AGNES PALMER, aged 69 years, died February 8, 1904.

Funeral from her daughter's residence, Mrs. C. M. O'Keefe, No. 60 Wakefield street, Pittsburgh, Oakland, on Sunday, February 14, 1904, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

RODGERS—On Friday, February 12, 1904, ADELAIDE, daughter of William H. and Ada M. Rodgers.

Funeral services at the residence of her parents, 5900 Stanton avenue, East End, this afternoon at 12:0 o'clock. Interment private.

SMITH—Entered into rest on Thursday, February 11, 1904, at 11:30 p. m., LOUISA HOLTMAN, beloved wife of James B. Smith. Funeral from the family residence, 5451 Stargeon street on Sunday, February 14, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

MOUNT ROYAL CEMETERY, Pittsburgh's newest cemetery, 12 minutes from Pittsburgh via Pittsburgh & Western R. R.; 800 feet elevation; forever free from smoke. Park Lawn Plan, with private (stone) railway station. Prices of lots much less than charged in the city cemeteries. Office, 541 Wood st. 'Phone 3445 Grant.

VALENTINE CAKE
A rich and delicious white layer cake, baked in the shape of a heart, white icing and red glace cherries. 50c each.

POP CORN CRISP
Our own make. 18c lb.

NAVEL ORANGES
Large, sweet and juicy, 40c doz.

GEO. K. STEVENSON & CO.
Sixth Ave., Opp. Trinity Church.
Highland and Center Aves., E. E.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Don't select an unknown medicine if you want to get rid of stomach, liver or kidney troubles. Wise people use the Bitters because for 50 years it has never failed in case of Poor Appetite, Indigestion, Flatulency, Dyspepsia and Constipation. Give it a trial.

An Old Saying

Promises are like pie crusts — "they're made to break." The strongest part of our advertising is in giving you what we promise — "The best," backed by a successful record of 17 years in this our native city.

Corrugated Suction Teeth, with Extracting, $10 PER SET.
(Always stick up fast—made only by us.)

URLING BROS.
EXTRACTING PAINLESS,
by Air, Gas or applied to the gums under the personal care of Drs. Urling.
CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK.
(Best) $5.00 PER TOOTH.
Filling, 50c up.
Urling Bros.' Tooth Powder, 25c.
URLING BROS.
HOME DENTISTS,
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East End Office, 6125 Penn Avenue, Corner Collins Avenue.

WOODLAWN CEMETERY
PENN AVE.
Pittsburgh's most beautiful burial place. High ground. Well drained. Write for our special offer of burial plots.
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A Weak Heart

neglected means heart disease, the most common cause of sudden death. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure will strengthen, regulate and cure weak hearts. Sold by all druggists on guarantee. Free book on heart disease for postal. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

CURE THAT COLD TODAY
With Dr. Hayes' 781 Tonic Cough Remedy. Sold at all drug stores. Nothing else like it. Cures in the right way, babies, children, women, men, old folks.

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ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
IT IS A MATTER OF HEALTH

Store Must Close
Lease Expires Goods Must Go
Prices Will Not Be Considered

All the heavy-weight and light-weight cloths for making to measure will be made up at a third off!

Raincoats, heavy weight and light-weight Overcoats will be sold at these extraordinary reductions:

$20.00 from $30.00 $15.00 from $25.00
$12.00 from $20.00 $10.00 from $15.00
$8.50 from $12.00 $7.00 from $10.00

Will you have *your* share?

Wanamaker & Brown
203 Sixth Street

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Clearance Sale
Opens Tuesday.
See Monday's Papers for Particulars.
Michigan Furniture Co.
625-625 Penn Avenue.

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at which we sell Fine Monuments and Headstones makes it possible for people of very moderate means to erect handsome stones to the memory of their loved ones. Booklet, containing many handsome designs, tells you why our prices are cheaper but our work better than others, free if you mention this paper.
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who have interposed objections to their husbands and sons carrying Life Insurance. The Widows of the world can advise you about this. A postal brings Booklet B-2.
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JAMES H. REED, President.
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"The Friend of the Family."

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.
THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE
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CANDY CATHARTIC
10c. 25c. 50c.
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP
All Druggists
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

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valentines
—last day—must be mailed tonight to be on time.

Twenty-five Thousand here—over Five Thousand styles for selection, 1c to $4.00 each,
—including all kinds of Cards and Boxed Novelties—all choice effects—refined sentiment—hundreds of Fine Art productions.

Immense assortments of pretty and creditable Valentines at 5, 10, 15 and 25c.

Special—lot of 35 and 40c Fancy Novelty Valentines, each one in a box, 25c.

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Superb new fashionable neck garniture in large variety—brimming with its pristine freshness and fresh from the creators.
Small profit priced.
Turn-overs, 5c to $6.00. Collar and Cuff Sets, 10c to $8.50.
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The conclusive weight of all competent evidence is that Crushed Belts are chic and thorough good taste.
Fashion so ordains—and our showing most excellently reflects its trend.
Crushed Belts of Suede, Calf, Saffian and Patent Leathers—2 to 4½ inches wide, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 to $2.50.
Black, Gray, Tan, Brown, Green, Red, Blue, etc.—with pearl, gilt nickel, gun metal or self color leather buckles.
Many other kinds of Belts, 10c to $1.00.

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A Device That is Scientific, Simple, Direct, and Instantly Restores Hearing in Even The Oldest Persons—Comfortable, Invisible and Perfect Fitting.
190 Page Book Containing a History of the Discovery and Many Hundred Signed Testimonials from All Parts of the World—SENT FREE.

The True Story of the Invention of Wilson's Common Sense Ear Drums Told by Gen. H. Wilson, the Inventor.

I was deaf from infancy. Eminent doctors, surgeons and ear specialists treated me to great expense and yet did me no good. I tried all the artificial appliances that claimed to restore hearing, but they failed to benefit me in the least. I even went to the best specialists in the world, but their efforts were unavailing.

My case was pronounced incurable!

I grew desperate; my deafness tormented me. Finally I was becoming more of a recluse, avoiding the society of people because of the annoyance my deafness and sensitiveness caused me. Finally I began to experiment on myself and other patient cases of deafness. After four years of study and research I discovered something that I found took the place of the natural ear drums, and I called it Wilson's Common Sense Ear Drums, which I now wear day and night with perfect comfort, and do not even know I have ear drums when they are in. They are entirely unlike any other device ever invented. They do not show, and, as they give no discomfort whatever, I generally leave it myself.

With these drums I can now hear a whisper. I hear the ticking of a watch, and can hear everything going on around me. I can hear a sermon or lecture from any part of a large church or hall. My general health is improved because of the great change in my hearing. My nerves are in fine tone, my cheeks are bright and cheerful, I am a cured, changed man.

Since my fortunate discovery it is no longer necessary for any deaf person to carry a cumbersome, unsightly ear trumpet or other unsightly makeshifts. My Common Sense Ear Drums is built on the strictest scientific principles, contains no metal, when in use is simply a soft, pliable substance, and cannot be detected by the most expert. It is so small that no one can see it when in position, yet it collects all the sound waves and throws them against the drum head, causing you to hear naturally and distinctly. It will do this even when the natural ear drums are partially or entirely destroyed, perforated, scarred, relaxed or thickened. If the ear cup proper is destroyed or old age, make of fabric, and sold from the fact that it does not show, it never causes the least irritation, and can be worn with comfort day and night without removal for any cause.

I am willing to receive in my own possession any person, no matter how aggrieved, whether from catarrh, scarlet fever, typhoid or brain fever, troubles, wheezing cough, perforated or destroyed drums, discharge from the ear, etc., etc., and make them entirely comfortable. My invention not only cures, but at once stops the progress of deafness and all roaring and buzzing noises. The greatest surgical surgeons of the world recommend it as well as physicians of all schools. It will do for you what no medicine or medical skill on earth can do.

I want to place my 190 page book on deafness in the hands of every deaf person in the world. I will gladly send it free to anyone writing their name and address. I can get it to you by return mail. Address, Wilson, the Common Sense Ear Drums and mention how the letters from numerous users in the United States, Canada, Mexico, England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, India and the remotest islands, I have gotten from people in every station of life—ministers, physicians, lawyers, merchants, cattle dealers, etc.—and tell the truth about the benefits to be derived from my wonderful little device. You will find the names of people in your own town and state, many whose names you know, and I am sure that all that will encourage you that the cure of deafness has at last been secured by my invention.

Don't delay; write for the free book today and address my firm—The Wilson Ear Drum Co., 1780 Todd Building, Louisville, Ky. U. S. A.

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BLACKHEADS
pimples, eruptions, large pores and all other diseases affecting the skin and complexion. Full information sent free. Call or write personally to
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ALVIN—TONIGHT at 8:15. LAWRANCE D'ORSAY | MATINEE TODAY. IN THE LAND OF PANTUCKET.
Next Week—Merle Cahill in "Sandy Jones."
Week Feb. 29—"Miss Bob White."

NIXON—TONIGHT AT 8:15. MAXINE ELLIOTT | MATINEE TODAY. IN "HER OWN WAY."
Next Week—Sunday Night Only—PATTI.
Next Week: Beginning Tuesday—Chas. Hoyt's good.

PATTI AT THE NIXON
Sunday Eve., Feb. 14. Seats $2.00 to $0.50. Now on sale at the Nixon box office.

Bijou Mat. Mon., Wed. and Sat. Best reserved seats 25c and 50c. This week.
CHARLES WARNER in "DENNIS."
Next Week—SAT. M. WILL in the Rollicking Comedy, "A Son of Rest."

AVENUE—Continuous—1:30 to 10:30.
This week | DAN DALY | 17 Acts
Popular Prices. Come Any Time.

EMPIRE Mat. Daily. | Matinee Every Day.
This week.
THE SIGN OF THE CROSS
Next—Wednesday and Saturday Mat.—Miss Rayfield Comes to Town.

This week DUQUESNE Mats. Tues., Thurs. and Sat.
Popular Prices 15 and 25 Cents.
STAR VAUDEVILLE | FOUR MORTONS | Matinee Daily.
Night Prices, 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

HARRY W. WILLIAMS' ACADEMY
Matinee Daily. All This Week. Burlesque
SHERIDAN'S CITY SPORTS

AMUSEMENTS

GRAND STOCK CO. Opens Matinee Sunday at 2:15. Evenings at 7:15 and 8:15.
THIS WEEK.
Clyde Fitch's Romantic Play, "NATHAN HALE."
Next Week—"Charley's Aunt."

DUQUESNE GARDEN
Skating Every Afternoon and Evening.
HOCKEY TODAY at 2:15 P. M. vs. H. S. A. A.
TWO BIG GAMES NEXT WEEK.

THE RUSSIAN ADVANCE

By SENATOR ALBERT J. BEVERIDGE.

In 1901 Albert J. Beveridge, United States senator from Indiana, made a tour through Manchuria and the far east, preceded by a visit to Russia and Siberia. The results of his observations were published last October by Harper & Bros. under the title "The Russian Advance." This is the most recent work on a subject that is now engrossing the attention of the civilized world.

His eminence as a senator of the United States probably opened for him many doors that would be closed to the ordinary traveler, and he is, therefore, able to take his reader into the highest circles of political and military power, as well as among financiers and merchants, down to the humblest peasant. Senator Beveridge's recital of incidents along the way and his bits of conversations with representatives of the highest and lowest classes, displays the instincts of the trained newspaper man; his observations are those of a student of history, while his suggestions are the conclusions of a statesman. He is evidently predisposed toward the Russians, however, and he draws a graphic picture of Russian diplomacy, which at times delicately and at other times ponderously, but always irresistibly, carries the frontier of the czar's empire to more distant borders.

Senator A. J. Beveridge.

The Riches of Manchuria.

(Extracts from "The Russian Advance." By Albert J. Beveridge. Published by Harper & Bros. Copyright 1903.)

Let us see, then, where Manchuria is, how big it is, and what kind of a country it is.

If you take Germany and France together you will have a territory scarcely larger than the three great Chinese provinces combined under the general term Manchuria.

England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales are not one-third so large as Manchuria.

If you will take Indiana, Illinois and Iowa, their combined area is less than half that of Manchuria.

Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and all New England are less than one-half the size of Manchuria, and no richer in resources. * * *

It is in the same latitude as Southern Canada and the northern portion of the United States. Its northern limits are about the same as the northern limits of Quebec. Its southern limits are about the same as the southern limits of Maryland. * * * On these gulfs are two of the finest military and commercial ports of Asia, or the world—Port Arthur and Talienwan, or, as the Russians call it, Dalni. * * * The northern mountains are rich in gold. The mountains to the southeast and the south are said to be rich in iron and coal. The coal now turned out is equal for all purposes to the coal produced in the United States. Here, then, is an empire capable of sustaining fifty millions of people, and with scarcely more than 15,000,000 inhabitants at present; an empire with two of the best ports in the world for commercial and military purposes; with coal of a high quality immediately at hand; an empire which, in its strategic situation on the Pacific and in all oriental affairs, is second only to the commanding position of Japan itself. And all over this territory Russia has spread her tangible influence in less than seven years, with the loss of scarcely a man, and the expenditure of hardly a dollar outside of her investment in railways and fortifications. * * * Russia, for all practical purposes, holds every foot of Manchuria in her firm, masterful, intelligent grasp.

Russia's Human Instrument of War.

So we see that Russia's human instrument of war with Japan—to wit, the Russian common soldier—is an elementally vital creature, with knotted muscles, and strong legs, and hairy breast, and dog-like obedience, and childlike faith in his military "fathers" (his officers), a religious feeling so profound that it has no questionings, an adoration of God, and faith in his sincere, if crude conception of the Word, woven into the texture and substance of his very being.

How many of these living bayonets, then, has Russia on the ground? At the outbreak of the Chino-Japanese war she had scarcely any. At the beginning of the Boxer troubles she was still deficient. The best authorities estimate that in 1900 she had 60,000 in Manchuria. It can be stated on the word of a very high military authority in the far east that Russia had, in August, 1901, within a fortnight's march of Korea, not less than 150,000 men. * * * If it be true that Russia is thus adding to her military strength, it is possible for her to have 200,000 troops within striking distance of Japan by the present time, without anyone knowing it. * * * "Of course," retorted a Russian officer, "we can just keep on bringing troops there, or any place else. It costs us but very little, and our soldiers are absolutely inexhaustible. You can know how true this is when you recall the notable fact: Over 800,000 young men reach military age every year in Russia.

Japanese Army a Perfect Machine.

What, then, of Japan's preparedness, and especially what of her soldiers?

First of all, they are little men. In weight and strength and all the elements of physical preponderance, the Russian might almost be said to be the equal of two Japanese. "But," said a Japanese officer, laughingly admitting this, "the little man can shoot as straight as the big man, and the big man affords a better target."

Inspection of barracks after barracks in Japan itself, made when they were not expecting visitors, showed the policing of the quarters to be almost perfect. If the Russians at Nicolsk were drilling, drilling, drilling, the Japanese in Japan are doing all of that, and then, again, in addition to it, still drilling, drilling, drilling. Their tactics are almost wholly German, even to the artificial and exhausting "goose step" on parade. Indeed, the Japanese army is a perfect machine, built on the German model, but perfected at minute points and in exquisite detail with the peculiar ability of the Japanese for diminutive accuracy and completeness. The Japanese army, regiment, company, is "built like a watch," and each Japanese soldier is a part of this machine, like a spring or disk, with this exception—every soldier is capable of being transformed into another part of this complex yet simple mechanism.

"We can mobilize our entire army of 250,000 men in 96 hours," declared one of the very highest military authorities in Japan. And there is no doubt of the truth of the statement. The Japanese believe they can land an army corps in Korea in less than three days. But competent European officers think this is impossible. It is believed by the most conservative men in Japan that a force of 200,000 men can be transported to the peninsula or to Manchuria in two weeks, and a line of provision transports established and defended. Perhaps this is not so far from the truth.

Importance of the Navy.

In this conflict the chief—perhaps determining—element will be the respective Russian and Japanese fleets. The Japanese navy, practically all of which is at home and instantly available for this war, is one of the best fighting naval organizations in the world. Indeed, for its size, it is perhaps the best-equipped navy of any nation. But neither is the Russian navy to be sneered at. Steadily, slowly, almost stealthily, she is increasing her maritime armament in the orient. The stories told about the disorganization and neglect of the Russian warships are believed to be erroneous, and this belief comes from personal observation. It must not be forgotten that the pet and pride and hope of the Russian nation has been her navy ever since the time that Peter the Great established it. Russia herself makes her own guns for her warships. She makes most, nearly all, of her warships herself. They are well done. The ships were found in quite as good condition upon unexpected visits to them, and on personal, but, of course, uninstructed and non-expert examination of all parts of them, as English and American ships were found under like circumstances; and no opinion is here ventured as to the respective fighting powers of the Japanese and Russian ships in a combat to the death.

There are more contradictory elements of strength, more contradictory conditions, more premises upon which wagers for either side might be reasonably made than in any war of modern times. * * * It will be a great drama, and when the curtain falls on its last desperate act the destiny of the east, and in a certain sense, the future of the world, will be forecast by the flag which flies in triumph over the carnage of that final conflict.

Acute Race Antipathies.

This war between Russia and Japan will be a conflict not only of opposing interests, but of singularly acute race antipathies. Tolerant as the Russians are of other races, their hatred of the Japanese is pronounced and apparently instinctive. Also, there is in it an element of contempt. At a Moscow dinner table one evening the Japanese and the war remarked and the word civilization applied to them. "Civilization!" quickly spoke up a banker, with an eager spirit not in keeping with his calm calling. "Civilization! You don't mean that. You mean imitation. Everything is on the surface. Everything is temporary—false."

And this same sentiment was voiced by Clerpitsky's common soldiers in the middle of Manchuria. An officer was indulging in an informal talk to several hundreds of his soldiers (this is a characteristic of the Russian army). Here is the conversation as it occurred, repeated verbatim and with literal accuracy. An officer leaning out of a window said to the assembled soldiers:

"Well, boys, are you glad this campaign is over?"

The soldiers answered in their customary chorus: "Yes, our colonel, but we are willing to fight again."

"Suppose the Japanese come will you let them whip you or will you whip them?"

Soldiery in chorus—"What! Those monkeys whip us! Never, our colonel."

This same sentiment was found among the Siberian miners.

The deep dislike of the Japanese for the Russians is even more passionate. "They cannot be trusted; they will violate any compact when their selfish interests dictate," was the expression of a Japanese of good birth, good education and good position. "They are the leaders of the world," said another. "When has Russia kept faith? When has she ceased to slay and debauch?"

These expressions are given only to reflect the mutual opinions of these opposing peoples.

Dominance of German Influence.

The merchant who pointed out the disappearance of the Chinaman and the appearance of the Russian agricultural peasant throughout the grain district surrounding Nikolsk was a German. That is a fact which has nothing to do with the Russian problem we are examining, but a great deal to do with the general situation in the orient and in the world. It is a fact to which the American business man must give almost, if not quite, as great attention as to the steady advance of Russian influence over the only remaining unexploited markets of the world—the markets of China. The principal merchants of Nikolsk are German; the principal merchants of Vladivostok are German; the principal merchants of Blagovestechensk are German. In the heart of Manchuria the manager of one of the commercial establishments which supplies the railroad with provisions of every kind was a young German, 24 years old, handsome in appearance, American in alertness, brilliant in speech, encyclopedically informed. These are the accidental illustrations. All over the orient they exist; all over Siberia they exist; all over the world they exist.

Shirts To Order

Early spring shirtings are now ready for your choosing—

They come from the foremost mills of the Old World and the New and represent the very best in both pattern and quality.

Only a few patterns of each—all quite exclusive—

Place your orders early and enjoy first choice—

Bennett Shirts Always Fit.

J. G. BENNETT & CO., WOOD AND FIFTH.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

The manufacturers of the

Stieff Piano

AND THE

Shaw Piano

having escaped the terrible fire at Baltimore without any damage or loss to their Factories or Warerooms, desire to announce to their patrons, representatives and salesmen that all orders for Stieff and Shaw Pianos can be filled promptly.

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PERFECT

Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century

PREPARED BY

J. W. Lyon, D.D.S.

"TOO EARLY IN GAME TO PROPHESY," SAYS SIGSBEE

Former Commander of Ill-Fated Maine Has Word to Say About Torpedo Boats.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—Rear Admiral Charles D. Sigsbee, former commander of the League island navy yard, left Philadelphia this afternoon for Tampa, where he will embark for the parade grounds of the South Atlantic squadron, of which he has been given command.

When questioned on the Russo-Japanese situation, Admiral Sigsbee said:

"If either Russia or Japan obtains command of the sea it will mean a great deal. But it is too early in the game to make any predictions and owing to the secretiveness of the combatants it is hard to get reliable news from the front.

"One thing is certain: Japan will have a hard time to take Port Arthur. When warships bombard a fort, the odds are against the ships. It must not be thought that because the Japanese used torpedo boats so effectively those boats can ever take the place of warships. Torpedo boats are essentially boats of opportunity, and when the enemy is watchful their opportunities are rare.

"One more thing should be taken into consideration. Owing to their prompt initiative and the speed and vigor with which they have struck, the Japanese were successful in the Chinese war, and have been, apparently, in this, but we do not know how they will bear up under reverses. Wait until they have suffered a severe defeat or two and see how they take it."

DINNER FOR JAPANESE.

Yale Students Entertained by Professor. New Yorkers to Raise Big Fund.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Vice Consul Nagai of New York city, Mrs. Uchida, wife of the consul general at New York, and a son of Count Watanab were guests of honor at a dinner given by Prof. George Trumbull Ladd of Yale university tonight to the Japanese students here. The 23 Japanese students sang the Japanese hymn, "Kimi Goya," gave their national cheer, danced the national dances and responded to toasts.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Consul General Uchida presided today at a mass meeting in Carnegie hall, attended by several hundred Japanese and many American sympathizers to further the plan to raise $5,000,000 to aid Japan. In view of the president's proclamation of neutrality he explained that it would only be permissible for American citizens to contribute for the support of the Japanese Red Cross society.

LANSDOWNE SAYS ENGLAND IS NOT HELPING JAPANESE

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Referring in the house of lords today to the Russian charges on the subject of Wei-Hai-Wei, Foreign Minister Lansdowne declared the report that Great Britain had given Wei-Hai-Wei as a base for the Japanese operations against Port Arthur was entirely unfounded. Lord Lansdowne added that he had telegraphed to the British representative there in order to ascertain if any incident had occurred to give the slightest color to the report.

A magnificent Russo-Japanese war map, printed in three colors and black, on heavy paper, will be given as an extra free supplement to The Sunday Gazette tomorrow.

CARNEGIE PRESIDED AT MEETING FOR NEGROES

Said Educational Qualification Should Be Provided for Both Races.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The dangerous and difficult problem of the south, which concerns the negro and his relation to the body politic, was discussed tonight by such representative men as Andrew Carnegie, Charles W. Elliot, president of Harvard university, and Booker T. Washington at a meeting held at Madison Square concert hall in the interest of Hampton Institute.

Grover Cleveland sent a letter and strengthened the position taken by Mr. Washington, who made a defense of the scheme of education for the negroes of the south.

Mr. Carnegie, who contributes annually $10,000 for the support of Hampton institute, said in his introductory speech as chairman that the race problem might be solved by prescribing an educational qualification for both white and black races before the right of suffrage was granted. He declared the country could not afford to lose the negro.

"We proclaim," said he, "as our sole purpose the steady elevation of the ignorant of both the white and black races in the south."

MANY REPORTED KILLED IN FIGHT IN SANTO DOMINGO

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—United States Minister Powell reports by cable to the state department from Santo Domingo under date of the 9th that it was reported in the capital that a fierce battle had been fought in Sanchez and a great many people had been killed.

Russian Students Ordered Home.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—The Russian students attending the technical institute at Carlsruhe, who are subject to military duty, have received orders to return home and join the colors.

"STRONGEST IN THE WORLD"

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF THE UNITED STATES.

HENRY B. HYDE, Founder.

Outstanding Assurance, Dec. 31st, 1903	$1,409,918,742.00
New Assurance Issued in 1903	322,047,968.00
Income in 1903	73,718,350.93
Assets December 31, 1903	381,226,035.53
Assurance Fund and all other Liabilities	307,871,897.50
Surplus	73,354,138.03
Paid Policy Holders in 1903	34,949,672.27

JAMES W. ALEXANDER, President.
JAMES H. HYDE, Vice-President.
EDWARD A. WOODS, Manager.

EQUITABLE FLOOR, FRICK BUILDING.

HORNE-STEWART Co

DRY GOODS

Saturday 13 February 1904

Wind and weather were with us this winter windup week—however it is, your store never had greater response to its advertising nor were we ever in better position thus early to welcome spring business.

More and More Folks are Finding Out that it Pays to Come When Your Store Says the Word

Special Sale Today of Trimmed Millinery on Main Floor.

4.00, 5.00 & 6.00 Hats $1.00

7.00, 8.00, 9.00 & 10.00 Hats $2.00

Special Sale Today of Mens Furnishings

Heavy weight Underwear Muslin Combination Suits 1.00
Black Wool Gloves 50
Grey Mocha Gloves 1.00
50 Cent Suspenders 15
House Jackets 1-3 off
2.50, 2.00 & 1.50 Madras Shirts 50
50 Cent Flannelette Night Shirts 35
1.00 Flannelette Night Shirts 69
35 Cent Cashmere Half Hose 25

LAST DAY OF THE WINTER WINDUP WEEK

Cut in conventional clothing—no freaks or back numbers—clothing you can think of in active use another winter without disquieting doubts.

Mens Clothing

Every overcoat in the house is cut to the windup limit.

OVERCOATS		OVERCOATS	
12.50, 15.00 and 16.50 Coats Cut to	$9.00	30.00, 33.00 and 35.00 Coats Cut to	$25.00
18.50 and 20.00 Coats Cut to	$13.50	22.50 and 25.00 Coats Cut to	$16.50
45.00 Coats Cut to	$31.50	50.00 and 60.00 Coats Cut to	$36.50
SUITS		**SUITS**	
22.50 and 25.00 Suits Cut to	$15.00	30.00, 33.00 and 35.00 Suits Cut to	$25.00

AND EVERY SUIT IN THE HOUSE THAT HAS SOLD FOR 18.50 OR UNDER CUT TO $9.00

Boys Clothing

The cut is general and generous—the idea is to sell while the weather is with both of us and there's enough ahead of you.

Boys 2 and 3 Piece Suits Reduced from 5.00, 6.50 and 7.50 to....2.50
Boys Sailor and Russian Blouse Suits Reduced From 5.00, 6.00 and 6.50 to....3.50
Boys 2 Piece and Norfolk Suits Reduced From 5.00, 6.50 and 7.50 to....4.00
From 8.50 to....5.00
From 10.00 to....6.00
From 12.50 to....8.50

Sale Includes Rogers-Peet

The cut is general and conclusive and includes Rogers-Peet—clothing none but the best tailors dare attempt.

The whole store is busy with the business. To tell the whole story would take a catalogue.

Some of the Other Special Sales Today

DRESS GOODS
50 and 50 Cent Challies 29
1.00 Broadcloths 69
1.00 Venetians 48
1.25 Broadcloths 69
1.75 Venetians 98
1.25, 1.50, 1.75 and 2.00 Kerseys, Meltons, Coverts, Mix, Venetians, Zibelines, Cheviots, Homespuns and Thibets....75

WOOL WAISTINGS
50, 65 and 75 Cent Waistings 25

FRENCH FLANNELS
50 and 65 Cent French Flannels 38

VELVETS
1.25 Velvet Corde 79
75 and 85 Cent Printed Velveteens 38

WOMENS UNDERWEAR
Special Sale of Womens Knit Underwear at Windup Prices.

WINTER GLOVES
Special Sale of Big Reductions in Golf Gloves and Silk Lined Mochas

THE THIRD FLOOR
Special Sale All Over the Third Floor, including Coats for Women, Young Girls and Children and much for Indoor Wear for Women and Children—Kidderdown Robes, Dressing Sacks and the like at Remarkable Prices

HOUSE AND HOME
Special Sale of Blankets and Comforts and Household Linens

233-235 FIFTH AVENUE

GERMANIA SAVINGS BANK

PAYS 4 PER CENT ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS Compounded Semi-annually.

ASSETS OVER $7,000,000

JUST AS SAFE AND EASY TO BANK BY MAIL AS COMING IN PERSON. ASK HOW.

Wood and Diamond Streets

Banking by mail has penetrated to the interior of Russia—

A Russian merchant saw an advertisement of the Union Savings Bank—with a list of its directors—and at once sent $200 for deposit.

He wanted his money in a bank where it would be absolutely safe and where it would earn

4 Per Cent Interest

DIRECTORS

H. C. Frick, George J. Whitney, A. W. Mellon, W. N. Frew, H. C. McElhenny, H. P. Ames, Jr., Charles Lockhart, Frank R. Smith, J. M. Schoonmaker, Edward A. Woods, James H. Lockhart, N. B. Mellon, J. R. Finley, H. C. Fownes, J. D. Lyon, C. C. Dalzell, D. M. Perry, Robert Pitcairn, W. H. Schaffer, George E. Shaw

The Union Savings Bank, Frick Building, Pittsburgh.

Eureka Harness Oil

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Office County Commissioners, Pittsburgh, Feb. 4, 1904.

Appeals from the Triennial assessment of 1904 for the following districts:

First ward, Homestead, Second ward, Homestead; Third ward, Homestead; Fourth ward, Homestead; Fifth ward, Homestead; Braddock township, will be held at this office until February 24, 1904.

Carnegie, Wilmerding, Chalfant, Dual will be held at this office until February 25, 1904.

Mifflin will be held at this office until February 26, 1904.

Scott township will be held at this office until February 29, 1904.

West Liberty will be held at this office until February 29, 1904.

Jefferson will be held at this office until February 29, 1904.

Ingram will be held at this office until February 29, 1904.

First ward, McKeesport; Second ward, McKeesport; Third ward, McKeesport; Fourth ward, McKeesport; Fifth ward, McKeesport; Sixth ward, McKeesport; Seventh ward, McKeesport; Eighth ward, McKeesport; Ninth ward, McKeesport; Tenth ward, McKeesport; Eleventh ward, McKeesport, will be held at this office until February 24, 1904.

Shaler township will be held at this office until February 25, 1904.

Lost township will be held at this office until February 25, 1904.

By order of the Board.

J. C. MEALEY,
J. A. CLARK,
JAMES EVANS,
County Commissioners.

Attest:
H. T. HOWLEY, Chief Clerk.

Don't Scold.

Irritability is a nervous affection. Strengthen the nerves with Dr. Miles' Nervine. Sleep better, eat better, work better, feel better, and be better. Sold on guarantee. Book on nerves free. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

THE KEELEY CURE has been used successfully for 21 years. Cures Drink Habit and Drug Users. The Keeley Institute, 4243 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh.

NATATORIUM TURKISH BATHS, Duquesne Way, Near Sixth St. Swimming and Tub Baths. Ladies' Day, Friday. From 7 A. M. to 7 P. M.

STIEFF PIANOS EASY TERMS. Direct Wharf of Factory 619 Penn Ave. LOW PRICES.

GEN...AL MILES ON WAR IN EAST

Former American Commander Praises Celerity of Japanese in Attack on Russia.

GRASPED FIRST OPPORTUNITY

By LIEUT. GEN. NELSON A. MILES.
[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—We see various accounts and explanations given for the serious injury inflicted upon the Russian fleet during the last few days. The Japanese have certainly exhibited a spirit of enterprise and audacity that is most effective in military operations, either on land or sea.

The principle of attacking an enemy in detail, concentrating a large force against the weakest wing, or detached forces of the enemy, is as old as the science of war. The secrecy and celerity of the movement contribute immeasurably to its success. Still, even when detached forces are attacked by a superior force of the enemy, they are expected to inflict an amount of injury equal to the loss occasioned by even their own destruction. This has frequently occurred in the history of warfare where the inferior force dies fighting and the glory and success of the victorious party is dearly bought by the sacrifice incident to the conflict.

Various comments, explanations and criticisms are made by military writers, one even going so far as to say that it was a violation of the rules of war for Japan to strike Russia when the latter was asleep. Whether the facts justify that conclusion or not, the explanation will hardly avail in determining an international question of that magnitude. We see by recent dispatches the mention of the fact that a severe northeast gale was blowing on that coast, which indicates that the hour of midnight in mid-winter in that rugged climate was most favorable for a coup de main of that kind. Still, the result will naturally cause an awakening, and it is doubtful if a like opportunity will be afforded for inflicting so serious an injury upon the Russian fleet.

The policy of the Japanese forces from the start appears to be to first settle the naval problem. If Japan can effectually destroy the Russian navy, either in detail or in a general engagement, it will give command of the seas and enable her to land any number, large or small, upon the coast of Korea or Manchuria. Demonstrations by small forces, either threatening Port Arthur, Dalny or the line of the Yalu, are mere feints or demonstrations that have no great bearing upon the general result. The vital question at present is, "Which power can control the seas?" and then it will be more easy to determine whether the battleground will be Manchuria, Korea or Japan.

The report that an important bridge has been destroyed on the line of the railway in Manchuria is improbable. Manchuria is inhabited by millions of Chinamen, and it is very easy for Japanese spies to disguise themselves and obtain information and carry out the designs of the Japanese officials. They were discovered at that more than a year ago, while disguised as Chinese workmen employed at Port Arthur. When the naval problem shall be more definitely determined there will probably be very heavy engagements between the land forces in Korea.

The discipline and efficiency of the Japanese infantry is very nearly perfect, and they are in a high degree effective. Their cavalry is the weakest arm of their service. In fact, human labor is so cheap in Japan that the country is very poorly supplied with horses, more so than any other country, and the government has been interested for years in re-stocking and improving the condition of the horses of the country. On the other hand, the Cossack is the pride of the Russian army, and no other country is so supplied with hardy, well-equipped horsemen as the Russian government.

RUSSIA'S BALTIC FLEET LED BY 4 BATTLESHIPS

Squadron Now Ready to Sail to Aid of Alexieff a Formidable One.

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Room 10, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 12.

Russia's Baltic fleet which is now reported to be ready for a long voyage to the far east, to support the naval force crippled by Japan, is about the third in strength of the Russian squadrons. Nevertheless this squadron, based upon a tactical unit of four battleships, presents a formidable appearance.

The battleships of this squadron are the following:

Sissoi Veliky, 8,800 tons, 16 knots, with four 12-inch guns paired in turrets and six 6-inch quick firing guns in an upper redoubt and 36 quick firing 3½ pounder guns supplemented by a large number of machine guns and six torpedo tubes.

Navarin, 9,947 tons, 16 knots, with four 12-inch guns paired in turrets, eight 6-inch guns in the superstructure, 28 small quick firing guns and six torpedo tubes distributed in the bow, stern and broadsides.

Imperator Alexander II., 9,700 tons, 16½ knots, two 12-inch guns forward, four 9-inch guns, eight 6-inch guns, 10 3 pounders and six torpedo tubes.

Petr Veliki, 9,665 tons, 13 knots, with four 12-inch guns paired in turrets, 18 quick firing and machine guns and four 4-pounders boat and field guns. This ship is to have according to last reports a new main armament of modern 10-inch breech loading rifles.

The armored cruisers of this squadron consists of:

Pamyat Azova, 6,700 tons, 18.8 knots, with a steaming radius of 10,000 miles at 10 knots, and armament consisting of two 8-inch guns, 13 6-inch guns which were recently ordered should be replaced with 17 6-inch quick firing guns, six 3-pounder quick firing and three torpedo tubes.

Admiral Nakhimoff, 8,500 tons, 19 knots speed, with a radius of 8,000 miles at 10 knots, and with appliances for the burning of petroleum mazut. Her armament consists of eight 6-inch guns paired in turrets, 10 4.7-inch guns in broadside, the usual number of boat guns and four torpedo tubes. This ship was built in 1885, but was reconstructed in 1899.

Vladimir Monomach, 5,754 tons, built in 1881 and re-armed in 1898, 15 knots and armament consisting of six 5-inch guns in sponsons, six 4.7-inch quick firing guns with a strong secondary battery and four torpedo tubes. All of the armored cruisers in this fleet are old ships which have either been reconstructed or rearmed within the last few years.

The second-class protected cruisers of this fleet are the Admiral Kornileff, 5,850 tons; the Rynda, 3,500 tons; the Svietlana, 3,828 tons; with respective speeds of 17½, 15 and 20 knots, and all carrying the batteries usual to their class. The Svietlana is the most modern of the three and on trial obtained a speed of 21.6 knots.

The other ships of the squadron are the unprotected cruisers Strelok, 1,329 tons; the Kreysser, 1,329 tons; Africa, 850 tons; Aziya, 2,400 tons; Najednik, 2,400 tons, and the Vlestnik, 1,334 tons, and 15 torpedo boat destroyers. Ten destroyers, new class recently built or building at St. Petersburg, are also attached to this fleet.

CIVIL PENSION LIST A FUTURE CERTAINITY

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Brig. Gen. F. C. Ainsworth, chief of the record and pension office of the war department, in discussing the merits of civil service before the house committee on reform in the civil service today, predicted that a civil pension list for superannuated civil employes of the government is one of the certainties of the future. The various propositions for a retirement fund to be raised by assessments, which are pending before the committee, the general said, would only result later in a pension fund to be provided by the government.

Bristow's Health Improved.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, who has been ill with grip, is improving, but his stomach is in poor condition. The present expectation is that he will return to the department next week, but will go away for his health, possibly to Florida, later on.

Sheet Iron Prices Reaffirmed.

Sheet iron prices were reaffirmed at this week's meeting of the Independent Sheet Mill Operators' association, held at Pittsburgh. The base is 2.3 on a 28-inch gauge. Some 18 concerns were represented at the meeting.

OFFICERS SURE JAPAN WILL WIN

Uncle Sam's Soldiers Who Marched With Them to Peking Favor Japanese.

WORD OF PRAISE FROM ITALY

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The work done by the Japanese since they opened the ball with the Russians is marveled at in military and in naval circles. The officers on Governors island with one accord declare "the Japanese navy has left no doubt as to its effectiveness, its brilliancy and dash—they simply got there by their wonderful quickness and nerve, while the Russians were shaking themseles awake, and as for the army, there is no finer in the world."

"I have been in Japan," said one officer. "I know the Japs thoroughly, and they are the finest little fighters on earth. They are a tireless lot. I marched with them to Peking, and I know their worth. They seem to have no needs, there is never a 'knock coming' and they are quick as lightning. They will march and march all day without a grumble, and they preserve splendid discipline. I never saw men take such pride in being soldiers. Both army and navy are in the highest state of efficiency, and both forces are splendidly equipped. I doubt if there is anything in our navy to equal these torpedo boats which made such short work of the Russian battleships.

"The little, yellow-skinned fellows are hard-headed and far-seeing and they have an intelligence department which it would be hard to surpass. They make excellent spies, and can easily disguise themselves as Chinese. I have no doubt the Japanese generals are in possession of every move being made by the Russians and know exactly the disposition of every Russian regiment and battery. If fighting takes place in Korea, I think Russia will find contronting her a bigger force than she counted on. The Japanese have not been wasting any time.

"At Peking and on the way there the conduct of the Japanese was admirable. They were always the first ready to move and the last to rest, and they left all hands behind in getting over the walls. They are better shots than the Russians. In the artillery arm I believe the Japs are also superior. They have the finest field guns to be had, and their gunners are excellent. In cavalry they have nothing like the Cossacks, but I doubt if cavalry will figure very much in this war. Russia is, after all, a long way from home, and if Japan keeps up the pace I don't see anything in it for the bear but to turn tail and quit. If the Japanese destroy the railroad Russia cannot bring along reinforcements or supplies, and she will find herself in a very bad condition."

The Italian naval officers on the training ship Amerigo Vespucci, now visiting this port, think that Japan will certainly get the better of Russia on the water. Several of them, who were seen on board their ship, gave it as their opinion that the Japanese navy is superior, not in actual fighting strength as reckoned by the number of war vessels, but in the morale and discipline of the men composing it.

"While the Russian fleet is manned, in large part," said one of them, "by sailors from subjugated countries, like Finland and Poland, that have no special regard for Russia, or any great zeal for service, the Japanese crews are all native born, and animated by the most fervent patriotism. This is bound to make a great difference in the effectiveness of the respective forces. A man who is fighting because he wants to fight is bound to render a better account of himself than a man who is merely fighting because he is paid to do so."

KURINO AT BERLIN.

Former Japanese Minister to Russia Will Watch Events from German Capital.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—M. Kurino, the former Japanese minister to Russia, and his staff arrived here today from St. Petersburg. M. Kurino intends to observe events from Berlin indefinitely or at least until he receives further instructions from his government.

Russia is withdrawing portions of her garrisons on the German frontier, presumably because she is fully confident of Germany's neutrality. The German cruiser Hansa left Chefoo today for Port Arthur, to bring away the German women and children from that port.

No Receiver for Indianapolis Railways.

The Indianapolis court has refused to appoint the receiver that was asked by certain parties in that city for the street railway company there, owned largely by Pittsburghers, including Francis J. Torrance and ex-Senator Arthur Kennedy. Official announcement of the court's decision reached here yesterday. The court decided there was no necessity for a receiver, and placed the costs of the legal proceedings upon the compialnant.

CHINESE AWAIT CHANCE TO BEGIN NEW REVOLUTION

Unrest and Hatred of Foreigners Prevail Throughout the Empire—Evans Wants Gunboats to Use in Rivers.

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Room 10, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 12.

To combat attempted massacres of Americans in China and to protect American interests from injury, it was recently recommended that the navy department purchase in England an improved type of river gunboat which would be able to navigate the shallow Chinese rivers and reach points heretofore inaccessible to American warships. This recommendation was made after Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, commander of the Asiatic fleet, expressed the opinion in one report after another that an outbreak was smouldering in many parts of China waiting only a condition of national danger to precipitate it.

Rear Admiral Evans over a year ago transferred his flag to the gunboat Helena and went up the Yangtse Kiang to Ichang. He found a deep hatred of foreigners on every hand, and when he returned he recommended that the Villalobos and Callao be assigned to patrol duty on the Yangste and when later the Callao had to go to the rescue of American engineers on the Canton & Hankow railway, he promptly ordered the concentration of 800 marines at Olongapo, P. I., ready for immediate service in China.

This caused the recommendation for stern-wheel steel river gunboats with engines strong enough to drive them 13 knots an hour, armed with six and three-pounder quick-firing guns and Maxims, protected by bullet shields, and with a draught not exceeding two feet. They cost about $100,000. Admiral Evans indorsed the plan, saying that the boats were excellent and necessary for service extending into the remote country traversed by the shallow rivers. It was decided, however, not to authorize these craft at the present time.

The state department discredits the report that the empress dowager has fled from Peking, because it has had no report from Minister Conger, who has been instructed to prevail on the court to remain in Peking and deal stringently with any disturbances in the Chinese empire. The information received by the German government that an outbreak in China might be expected as soon as the present war began, is partially confirmed by official advices received here, which are receiving most careful consideration because of its vital effect on the part of the movement to assure the neutrality of China.

The state department learns that there is grave condition of unrest in Canton and the region adjacent thereto. Arms have been constantly imported. The Chinese are reported to be often bilcered by foreign officers, especially Japanese.

Conditions in the northern provinces, which were devastated by the Boxer outbreak, are not so bad because of the severe lesson which the Chinese troops were given by the allies in 1900.

CHEERS FOR JAPAN.

Presbyterian Mission Secretary Says Success of Mikado Means Reform in Korea.

CHAMBERSBURG, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—"Eyes of Presbyterian foreign missionary workers are turned toward Korea," said Dr. W. Woodruff Halsey, one of the secretaries of the foreign mission board who had been addressing mass meetings in the Cumberland valley today.

"Victory for Japan means liberal government for Korea. Advance of education and spread of the gospel. If Russia wins it means absolute despotism. We have 60 mission workers in Korea, the leader being the Rev. Dr. H. G. Underwood, stationed at Seoul. There are 40 children of missionaries, 250 churches and 2,000 native Christians. We have advised our missionaries to consult the Rev. H. N. Allen, the United States minister, and probably the women and children will be conveyed to Shanghai. The men are to remain to give encouragement to native Christians."

Punxsutawney Company Formed.

DOVER, DEL., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—A certificate of incorporation was filed here today for the Geyser Soda Spring Water Company of Punxsutawney, Pa., to bore for and conduct mineral springs of all kinds. The incorporators are Ross E. Brownwell, Rufus G. Melson, William E. Winslow, of Punxsutawney, Pa.; Harry Emmons, Wilmington, Del. The capital stock is $50,000.

EMPRESS DOWAGER TO AID INJURED

Branch of Red Cross Established in New Hermitage of Winter Palace.

GRAND DUCHESS TO HELP

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 12.—The dowager empress has issued a rescript to the Red Cross of Russia directing it to make provision to alleviate the sufferings of the wounded in the war with Japan. A branch of the Red Cross has been established in the new hermitage of the winter palace. The offers of services have been so numerous that no more will be entertained at present. A continuance of the patriotic demonstrations, in which thousands of students and workmen participated are reported from Moscow, Kieff and other places.

In response to the appeal from the Dowager Czarina several grand duchesses and numerous other noble ladies have organized committees in St. Petersburg. The Official Messenger daily prints pages of loyal addresses from Zemstvos and municipalities and governmental and private corporations. The czar takes pains to personally thank the senders of addresses in each case.

The situation in financial circles here is slightly improved, but is still very critical. From all parts of the empire come telegrams telling of the feverish activity of ladies' committees, embracing various classes of the population, who are preparing linen bandages and other supplies for the hospitals and the Red Cross society.

The explanation of the admiralty of the non-receipt here of direct news of the naval battle off Chemulpo was lack of cable connections. What additional information the authorities have had has been obtained from the Russian embassies abroad. The ambassador of Russia at Paris has sent a full story of the battle off Chemulpo, in which he praises the heroic conduct of the Russian sailors.

The movement of Russian troops eastward is being pushed and notice has been given that congestion eastward is suspended. In fact, the Siberian railroad is monopolized by the transportation of troops and war munitions, to the complete exclusion of commercial traffic.

Count Von Ostendiashkoff, one of the closest friends of Emperor Alexander, III., will be the head of the Red Cross work under the empress dowager. The Red Cross has received an appropriation of $2,500,000 from the city of St. Petersburg and the merchants of the city have promised to give $750,000 more. The city of Moscow and the merchants there have contributed $1,000,000. It is expected that the amount available for Red Cross work will reach $5,000,000 within a week.

Homestead Had Water Yesterday.

The Homestead residents have water after a famine since last Monday morning. Yesterday afternoon Submarine Diver Carpenter descended into the Monongahela river and adjusted the intake pipe. In a short time the pumps began to draw water. The diver had a dredge-boat and a steamboat to keep the ice from floating down on his apparatus. By 7 o'clock last evening the entire borough was supplied with water.

Never Sick—But Bright, Cheery Confident—Brimming with Energy, Health and Strong Vitality.

ALWAYS AT "THEIR BEST"

Proudest Achievement of This Marvelous Nerve Food and Health Maker Is That It Keeps People Well.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

"I take as much pleasure in life as a man who lives outdoors."

G. H. BEINHAUSEN.
Confining Indoor Work Cannot Make Him Sick. Paine's Celery Compound Keeps Him Well.

By G. H. BEINHAUSEN
An Office Worker's Health.

Sherwood Park, Yonkers, N. Y., January 7, 1904.

"I am recommending Paine's Celery Compound to many of the people in our office, and I am glad to say to you what I say to them, that Celery Compound is a boon to run-down, nervous people, and gives the courage and health that makes life worth living and makes work pleasant.

"My occupation puts such a strain on me and keeps me so confined that it is only once or twice in years that I take a good, long walk. Every Spring I had a serious sickness, a sort of general breakdown. My digestion, which was always bad, would grow worse and cause me violent pains. For weeks at a time I would not be able to assimilate food.

"When the doctor told me it was 'nerve exhaustion' I thought he was simply unable to tell me what the trouble really was, and I said 'I did not believe in "nerves."' I took several kinds of digestion medicine, but it did me no good. I read an advertisement of Paine's Celery Compound one day, and thought I would try it and see if the trouble really was in the nerves.

"My friends were astonished to see how quickly I improved, but none of them was more astonished than myself. The trouble in my stomach and intestines was gone in three weeks or a month, and I began to take as much pleasure in life as a man who lives entirely out-of-doors.

"I still take Paine's Celery Compound, off and on, for the vitality that it gives me. I know a great many people who are as badly off as I was, but the trouble with them is, 'they do not believe in nerves.' I say: 'Well, even if you have'nt nerves, let me give you one dose of Paine's Celery Compound, and see how much better you feel.' It is better than arguing with them. I have started several friends in that way."

G. H. BEINHAUSEN.

No mere stimulant can take the place of the nerve nourishment given to the Nerves by Paine's Celery Compound.

BY MRS. LEWIS MAY.

An Insurance Solicitor's Success.

141 West 136th St., New York City.

"My profession is that of life insurance agent, and for several years I made the best record of any woman working for one company. The work is very exacting, and I succeeded only by keeping constant watch on myself, as friends warned me that I might have nervous prostration.

"In this business as in many others, success depends almost entirely upon how you are feeling. A tired, low-spirited solicitor might as well stay at home.

"I used to take coffee in large quantities to keep my brain clear and my spirits up, but I knew this would injure my digestion and my nerves. I discovered that Paine's Celery Compound gave me just the strength I needed, by feeling my nerves and keeping me in good health.

"I go out to my work every morning feeling bright and cheery and confident. If I did not, I would never be able to make the income that I do.

"I suppose few people who have not been cured of diseases send you letters, but though I have never been sick, to speak of, I thought what a great help Paine's Celery Compound had been to me when I was taking it yesterday morning, and I decided I would send you this letter.

"It has been worth actual money to me, as I doubt whether I would make half my present income if I did not have it."

MRS. LEWIS MAY.

"I doubt whether I could make half my present income if I did not have Paine's Celery Compound. It is worth actual money to me."

MRS. LEWIS MAY,
Most Successful Woman Insurance Agent in New York.

Paine's Celery Compound is keeping thousands of people well—so well that few of them ever think to send in a written acknowledgment of the benefit.

"Do not waste time dragging your SYMPTOMS—Cure the REAL CAUSE the NERVES."
—Prof. E. E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D. of Dartmouth University—Famous Discoverer of Paine's Celery Compound.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Queen Quality

THE FAMOUS SHOE FOR WOMEN

Always $3, but a few numbers with special touches, $3.50.

The embodiment of all that is graceful and good in a shoe for women.

All the new lasts for Spring are now on exhibition, the collection comprising all styles, all lengths, all widths.

We are sole agents for Greater Pittsburg for this splendid shoe, and more and more women are daily accepting it as the best $3 shoe made.

PENN, FIFTH, CECIL WAY.

Will You Join the Housewives' Club?

The members meet every week in the Home Journal Section of

The Sunday Gazette

and tell each other about the best way to do all the various things pertaining to housekeeping.

Cash Prizes Every Week

If you know of any specially good way of doing anything in the housewife's sphere—and really that's about the largest sphere on the globe—tell the club about it.

The Gazette will pay two dollars ($2) each week for the best letter and one dollar ($1) for the next best, and will publish these as well as some of the letters which did not win prizes, in a space specially devoted to this feature.

The first announcement of prize winners and the first publication of letters will be made Sunday, February 21.

The conditions of the contest are as follows:

Letters must not contain more than three hundred words.

Letters must be written only on one side of the paper.

Letters will be received and considered at any time, but after Tuesday of each week the contest for the following Sunday will be closed. Letters received after Tuesday will be considered for the contest of the following week.

The Pittsburgh Gazette reserves for itself the right to publish any letter, whether or not it is a prize winner, with no payment to the competitor.

There is no limit placed to the number of times one person may compete.

All letters must be addressed to the Housewives' Reciprocity Bureau, Home Journal Section, The Pittsburgh Gazette.

For further details see last page of Home Journal section of tomorrow's Sunday Gazette.

GOTHAM BANKERS TAKE CUBAN LOAN

Speyer Company Make the Only Bid for the $35,000,000 Bond Issue.

OTHERS AFRAID OF THE RISK

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

HAVANA, Feb. 12.—Speyer & Co. of New York have contracted to take the $35,000,000 Cuban loan. The price to be paid for the bonds is 90½, which is one-half per cent above the minimum rate. The Colonial Trust Company of Boston is associated with the handling of the bonds, but the contract is solely in the name of Speyer & Co. The government has been assured that the money will be forthcoming in June. The contract was drawn up roughly last night, and today it is being typewritten and duplicated. According to credible statements it does not contain any provisions other than those which are usual in such transactions. No further legislation is required by the terms of the contract. It will require three months to prepare the bonds and attend to other details of the undertaking.

The Speyer & Co.'s bid was the only one made. The correspondent of the Associated Press was informed that the National City bank and the Kuehn, Loeb & Co. syndicate withheld from bidding, not only on account of the uncertain monetary situation, but also because of the uncertainty regarding what the Cuban congress may do in the future in the way of paying off the balance of the soldiers' claims, the total of which amounts to twice as much as the present loan will cover. It was found that the loan contract could not bind the action of congress against authorizing issues of bonds or script to the veterans themselves, or otherwise further obligating the republic before the discharging of $35,000,000. President Palma and the cabinet ministers do not anticipate such a contingency, believing it to be certain that a proportionate payment will be accepted in full by practically all the veterans holding claims by virtue of the Gomez commissions list.

The bonds are to run for 40 years and they will draw interest at the rate of 5 per cent a year. Besides the internal revenue taxes on liquors, matches, tobacco, etc., which will be levied especially to pay off the loan, an additional guarantee of 15 per cent on the customs collections is given. It is believed, however, that the internal taxes will prove sufficient to pay principal and interest. Payments will be made on the principal semi-annually, beginning six years hence.

Speyer & Co. agreed to supply the $35,000,000, less 9½ per cent, in three payments, not later than June, September and December of this year. The company may, however, furnish the whole amount in one payment.

United States Minister Squiers was requested to call at the palace and the facts of the transaction were communicated to him for transmission to his government.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Charles H. Tweed, chief counsel for Speyer & Co., was in consultation today with James Speyer, head of the firm, at Mr. Speyer's home, 257 Madison avenue, on the $35,000,000 Cuban loan which has just been awarded to the firm. Mr. Tweed said in part: "We may be able tomorrow to announce some of the details concerning the flotation of the loan."

Socialists Challenge Parry.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—The New York state committee of the Socialist party has issued a challenge to debate on the relations of capital and labor to David M. Parry, president of the National Association of Manufacturers and of the Citizens' Industrial Association of America, who has been attacking socialism, asking him to meet Courtenay Lemon, associate editor of the Worker. They offer to pay the rent of a hall.

WILL INVITE ROOSEVELT TO AMERICUS BANQUET

Congressman Dalzell to Accompany Pittsburghers to the White House.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—S. J. Wainwright and George W. McCandless of Pittsburgh are here to secure speakers for the Americus club banquet in April. They will consult with Representatives Dalzell, Porter, Shiras and Brown and enlist their aid in getting orators for the occasion. Tomorrow Mr. Dalzell will accompany them to the White House, where they will extend an invitation to the president, but it is scarcely probable that he will accept in view of his reiterated statement that he would accept no invitations this year.

Representative Acheson today introduced a bill authorizing the postmaster general to permanently exclude from the mails any publication of which one issue has been excluded because its contents were improper. The object is to shut out objectionable publications.

Mr. Acheson asked the postoffice department for two additional carriers for New Castle. That office now has 16, but the receipts have increased from $40,000 to $50,000 during the last year and the business is such as to necessitate more carriers. Mr. Acheson filed a petition for a rural free delivery service out of New Galilee, Beaver county.

Among the pension bills passed by the house today were the following introduced by Representative Huff: George Haydin, Greensburg, $24; Charles Hoffman, Latrobe, $24; the Rev. Samuel Cormany, Mt. Pleasant, $50. L. W. STRAYER.

OPERATOR SAVES LIFE.

Has Train Stopped as Passenger Was Clinging Outside Locked Vestibule.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—A telegraph operator used his wits to save a man's life at Bound Brook today. E. A. Lloyd, a druggist, went to the Jersey Central station to take the 10:20 o'clock train for New York. The train was under way when he jumped on the step at the end of the last car, and the outside vestibule door being fastened, he had to cling to the rail, dropping two packages he was carrying.

Operator George C. Somers saw his predicament and at once telegraphed to Dunellen to have the train dagged, as it is one of the flyers. The cars stopped just in time, and Lloyd, nearly exhausted. He was taken aboard the train and proceeded to New York.

TO BUILD UP ORGANIZATION.

Amalgamated Association Officials Working Hard to Secure More Members.

The officials of the Amalgamated association are spending much of their time building up the organization. In order to have the next annual report a creditable one more members must be secured and new locals organized.

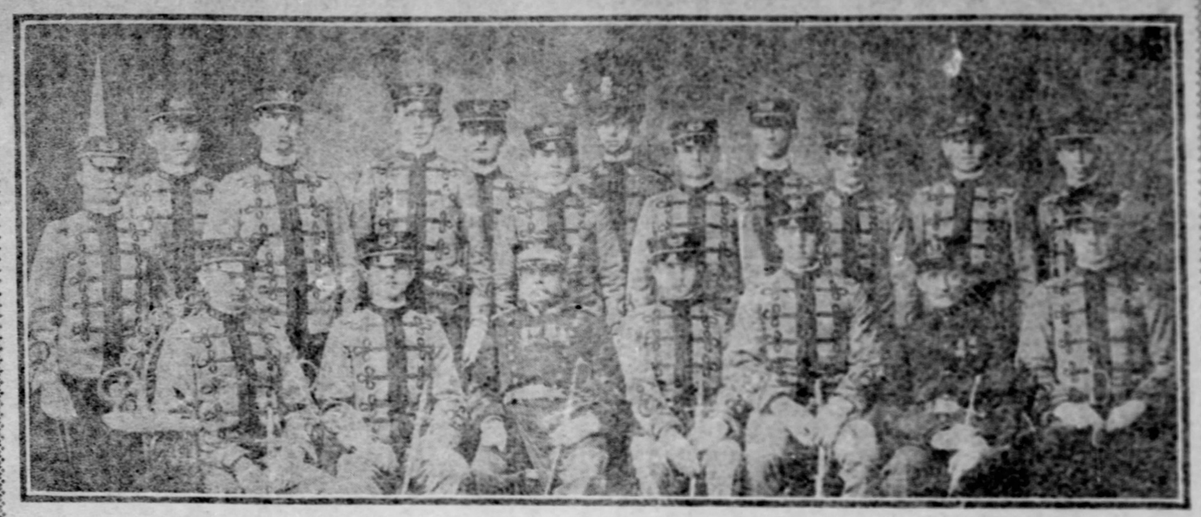
President Theodore Shaffer is in Parkersburg addressing the steel workers. Assistant President John Pierce and Editor B. I. Davis will address the Spang-Chalfant employes this afternoon. Secretary John Williams and Assistant Secretary M. F. Tighe will speak at South Sharon this afternoon.

A report was received at headquarters yesterday afternoon of a new local being formed at Ft. Wayne, Ind. The members are employed by the Ft. Wayne Iron & Steel Company. The local will be known as Old Fort No. 14.

Escaped from Pest-House.

'Squire Barker of 17 West Robinson street escaped from the Allegheny Municipal hospital yesterday morning, clad only in his night clothes and got as far as Federal and Lacock streets before he was captured. It is feared the exposure will result seriously.

OFFICERS OF THE CADET CORPS, WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY



First row—Forquer (Cadet Major), Miller, J. M. Burns (Commandant), Millan, Haymond, St. Clair, Richards. Second row—Friedman, Scott, Pebody, C. A. Ellison, A. D. Woodward, Shrader, McMillan, Wamsley, West, Gibson.

NEGRO CONFESSES TO BRUTAL CRIME

Admits He Killed Woman and Child—Hurried to Penitentiary to Prevent Lynching.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

ROANOKE, VA., Feb. 12.—Henry Williams, colored, who was arrested at North Fork, W. Va., Tuesday on suspicion of having assaulted and murdered Mrs. G. L. Shields and having killed her 3-year-old daughter in their home here on January 30, made a full confession of the crime to William G. Baldwin, president of the Railway Special Agents' Association of the United States and Canada, in the Bluefield (W. Va.) jail today. Williams gave up two watches and some clothing stolen from the Shields house. He was placed on a special train and rushed through to Richmond under heavy guard. The train passed Roanoke at 8 o'clock this afternoon, traveling at a speed of 40 miles an hour, and Williams will be placed in the state penitentiary for safe keeping, the feeling being such that the authorities are satisfied it would be unwise to bring him here at this time.

Williams entered the Shields residence, in the heart of the city, at noon and brutally assaulted Mrs. Shields and her daughter with a razor and hatchet, leaving both for dead. Mrs. Shields was found locked in a closet with her throat cut from ear to ear and her skull fractured in several places. Rewards aggregating $2,000 were offered for the capture of the negro. The local military companies were kept under arms for more than a week after the crime was committed. Several negroes who have expressed themselves in incendiary language concerning the case have been driven out of Roanoke.

Lieut. Col. Kay on Retired List.

Lieut. Col. J. Conrad Kay of the Eighteenth regiment, N. G. P., has been placed on the retired list, dating from February 3. This information comes from Harrisburg, along with the statement that Gen. John A. Wiley, commanding the Second brigade, has been authorized to order an election of Lieut. Col. Kay's successor. The order from Gen. Wylie had not been received by Col. Frank I. Rutledge of the Eighteenth last evening.

DISCARDS PRISON GARB.

Mrs. Maybrick Is Also to Be Free from Espionage from Today.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Maybrick's license is dated January 16, but does not take effect until 30 days after date, which is tomorrow. The terms compel her residence in a home selected by the home secretary until full liberty is granted, probably the end of July.

Tomorrow Mrs. Maybrick is free from espionage and prison dress, becoming simply an inmate of the home at Perth. Her license states that in case of subsequent conviction of any offense her liberty is forfeited and she will be compelled to serve the remainder of the sentence. Baroness De Roques is living near her daughter.

ACTOR WILL EAT 30 DAYS AT THE COUNTY'S EXPENSE

"The Chicago fire put us out of the business, and we had to sell our wardrobe and effects to get this far. My troubles were too much for me and I got drunk. That's all." Charles Lamont thus spoke to Mayor G. J. F. Falkenstein at McKeesport, yesterday. Lamont was sentenced 30 days to the county workhouse. Lamont said he was a member of an "Uncle Tom's Cabin" show. His wife is said to be in Braddock.

Mrs. Lloyd to Remain in Jail.

Mrs. Della Lloyd, in jail on a charge of felonious assault and battery, will probably have to remain there until after her trial. She shot her husband, James M. Lloyd, on Tuesday at Emsworth. Warden Edward Lewis applied to court to have the woman, who is charged with committing the act, removed to the county home, but the court refused to grant the request. The woman was partly demented when she shot her husband.

Local Delegate Elected President.

At the convention of the Master Painters' and Decorators' association of the United States and Canada held at Toronto John Dewar of 519 Allegheny avenue, Allegheny, was elected president; O. S. Ross, Chicago, vice president, and W. W. Wall, secretary-treasurer and chief organizer. The next convention will be held in Milwaukee.

JUDGES WILL DRAW OLD SALARIES AT PRESENT

Allegheny County Courts Will Make No Move Until Constitutionality of Law is Settled.

The judges of the Allegheny county courts will make no move of any kind with reference to the increase in salaries under the judges' salary act, but will present their vouchers for the old salary until the constitutionality of the act is finally settled. This is the general understanding, although the judges have done nothing in the matter save to discuss the question rather informally. They expect the final decision in the matter to be made in Dauphin county, and are giving no thought to it, because they do not think the question will be raised here.

The full text of Attorney General Carson's opinion was sent to all the judges in the state. It covers over 60 pages and deals with the various phases of three different clauses in the constitution referring to the three departments—executive, legislative and judicial. Not one of the Allegheny county judges will discuss Mr. Carson's decision. They will draw their old salaries, and, if on final disposition, it is decided the increase is coming to them they will, of course, draw the back pay.

Dr. McEwan Receives Official Notice.

The Rev. William L. McEwan, pastor of the Third Presbyterian church, and South Negley avenues, received official notice of his election to the position of president of the Central university of Danville, Ky., yesterday. He stated last evening that he had not decided what his reply will be. He has the matter under consideration. A committee of the university trustees will come to Pittsburgh on Tuesday to confer with Dr. McEwan.

Postmaster Beaten and Robbed.

DUBOIS, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—W. J. Leahy, postmaster at Falls Creek, two miles from here, was set upon by three men while on his way home from the postoffice tonight and beaten and robbed of $100, his gold watch and chain and a Pennsylvania railroad mileage book. The robbers left him lying on the ground half unconscious and ran in the direction of DuBois.

COAL TO BE LOWER.

Bituminous Operators Talk Over the Situation at Meeting in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—A number of the principal producers of bituminous coal have held a meeting in New York and talked about a new schedule of prices for the season about to open. It is said prices will be much below the scale adopted a year ago. It is understood that several hundred thousand tons of Cleanfield coal have been sold on contract at $1 at the mines. This rate is about one-half the figure agreed upon a year ago. This scale was not lived up to and was dropped last fall.

Clearfield coal is now selling in New York from $2.50 to $2.60 a ton. Prices have been close to these figures since last summer. The $1 rate at the mines, it is said, with the freight added, will permit the sale on contract of practically the same basis as the current business.

PREDICTS A VICTORY.

Vice President Lewis Says Ellsworth Miners Will Not Strike.

Thomas L. Lewis, vice president of the United Mine Workers, who has been in the city two days in the interest of his organization, left last night for headquarters in Indianapolis. Yesterday morning he addressed the striking miners employed at the Ellsworth Coal Company. Speaking of the strike he said:

"The miners will undoubtedly win the fight. The company recognizes the union in Ohio and Michigan, and there is no reason why it should not in Pennsylvania. Now that the men have affiliated with the organization I think the company will sign the scale within a few days."

Receiver for Mining Concern.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—Upon petition of a stockholder alleging "fraudulent mismanagement" Judge Kohlsaat, in the United States district court, today appointed the Equitable Trust Company receiver for the Model Gold Mining Company, a Montana corporation. This action follows closely the bolting of Frank and John Jaggy to the federal grand jury. The two are reputedly president and secretary of the company.

SPEAKER CANNON TAKES THE BIT IN HIS TEETH

Private Pension Bills Are Rushed Through House Without Formality.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Speaker Cannon today took the bit in his teeth and ran completely away with legislative precedent in the house. Incidentally he broke all previous records in the dispatch of private pension bills. Under his guidance 259 of these measures of relief were passed by the house in 35 minutes. Nearly the whole of the time was consumed in committee of the whole. When objection was temporarily made the speaker plainly showed his displeasure at dragging the proceedings. The objection was withdrawn, whereupon the remaining bills were declared passed without even the formality of having the clerk read their numbers.

A tribute to the memory of Abraham Lincoln was the feature of the introduction of Chairman Cousins on the reopening of the house today. After referring to the greatness of the nation and its leaders, he said:

"We are reminded today of one of the greatest men in the annals of our nation who, great in his greatness and great in his greatness, bore the sorrows of his people east, west, north and south through four years of civil strife, and died a martyr to his convictions."

HAS HEARING MONDAY.

Official of National Mercantile Exchange Charged With Embezzlement.

William F. Gibson, assistant manager of the National Mercantile exchange, with offices in the Keim law building, 443 Fourth avenue, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of embezzlement and larceny made by F. L. Davis, president of the concern. Gibson's arrest resulted from the alleged larceny of a diamond ring belonging to the company which contained several pieces of marked money.

Gibson has been connected with the concern for several years and has always been regarded as a careful employe. Recently the company has been losing considerable money by having it stolen from the mails, and a trap was set. A marked dollar bill and a silver dollar were placed in a letter addressed to the company's offices through the regular mail channel. Gibson, it is alleged, took the letter with the inserted money. He was committed to jail in default of bail for a hearing Monday.

RECKLESS MOTORMAN HURTS TWELVE PERSONS

PADUCAH, KY., Feb. 12.—A street car carrying 20 passengers was struck near the Union station today by an outgoing Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis passenger train and 12 persons were injured, one, perhaps fatally. The motorman, it is claimed, tried to beat the train to a crossing, despite the frightened protests of the passengers.

Will Buy the Lincoln Homestead.

FRANKFORT, KY., Feb. 12.—In the house today a bill was introduced appropriating $5,000 for the purchase of the old Lincoln homestead, the birthplace of the Great Emancipator, and preserving it as a public park. Another bill was introduced calling on the federal government lands near Fort Point for the establishment of the new military post.

Lincoln's Car Enroute to St. Louis.

OMAHA, Feb. 12.—The Union Pacific railroad today changed the Lincoln private car to St. Louis, where it will become part of the Lincoln museum at the world's fair. The car was decorated in memory of the birth of the martyred president. It was used by President Lincoln during the civil war and carried the body to Springfield for burial.

REVOLT OF POLICE DUE TO RICARTE

Governor Wright Cables That the Philippines Constabulary Is Mainly Loyal.

DISTURBER BEING FOLLOWED

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Room 16, Postal Building, Washington, D. C., Feb. 12.

"The most discouraging thing that has happened since the constabulary service was established in the Philippines" is the way the revolt of an outlaw at Vigan is described at the war department. The constabulary, it is declared, has normally a strength of fourteen-fifty about one-fifth that of the United States army. Vigan, which is regarded as the northern capital of Luzon, is believed to be the only weak point in the service. The present revolt, and one which occurred in the same place a year ago and involved 42 members of the force, are the only cases of unwarranted backsliding. Hence the assumption that the present affair is isolated and not sympathetic.

The following cablegram was received this afternoon in the bureau of insular affairs:

"Referring to telegram from this office of the 9th inst., as to the affair at Vigan, am now able to give further answers to formation from Col. H. H. Scott, provost chief Philippine constabulary. It is certain that only the detachment which has been stationed some months at Aparri, Pangasinan, revolted. This detachment was composed of a corporal and 16 men. They formed eight other constabularies to go with them. The latter, however, returned next morning to Vigan, with their arms and ammunition.

"It is certain that some of the other Filipinos were involved and the disaffection was confined to the detachment named. The murderous assault the lieutenant and then climbed to Springfield cartridge, six Colts revolvers and 6,000 rounds of ammunition. Three men followed and seized the prisoners in the jail, 21 in number, but two refused to go with them and five have since returned.

"Have made careful inquiries through both native officials and Americans and find some sympathy in all provinces south of Ilocos Sur loyal. When north, operating lacks for the three days and only able to get occasional telegrams, but enough has come through to show that murderers are being arrested from all quarters. Constabulary from Abra, Lepanto, Benguet, Union, scout companies from Salomague on the north, as well as squadron of cavalry, in pursuit. An expecting advices are to remain on Saturday's transport, of detachment arranged for Rizarte. There is considerable activity on the part of bands of Ilocanos and Pulliarlis, who are being vigorously pursued.

"Final Rizarte was in Manila for about 10 days, then went to Iloilo and then on Nueva Ecija. He had a large number of revolutionary pronunciamentos and blank commissions for the usual number of generals, perhaps fatally. The motormen, it is claimed, tried to beat the train to a crossing, despite the frightened protests of the passengers.

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Letter from Rizarte Interpreted.

A letter from Rizarte interpreted by constabulary secret service man, written from Vigan last November, shows that he had met with little encouragement up to that time and completion of uniforms of former insurrectos. He is now reported to be in Ilocos Norte. Am inclined to think he was disaffected through his wife's people.

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Any man's sweater in our entire stock **2.98**

Every man's sweater in the house, no matter if marked $4, $5 or $6.50, including the intercollegiate and V shape styles, today for $2.98.

All men's sweaters—that formerly sold for $3 and $3.50, now reduced to **1.98**

Boys' merino sweaters—fast color blue, reduced to only **15c**

All-wool juvenile sweaters—have been selling for 50c, now reduced to **25c**

Juvenile sweaters—that formerly sold for $1.50, now 75c—those that sold for 98c, now **48c**

All our ice **Skates ½ off**

We simply WON'T carry over any ice skates to next year. Every pair still remaining in stock goes now at just half its marked price.

Skates marked 55c, now 28c.

Skates marked 85c, now 43c.

And so on up to the finest skates marked $3.75, which go at 1.88.

We close 6:30 P. M. Saturdays

KAUFMANN'S

"THE BIG STORE"

Men's 75c and $1 shirts for 45c

WE'VE told of this shirt offering before. It's a most unusual one and attracts unusually large crowds. We contracted for more than 1,000 dozen and had them made up when orders were few with the manufacturer. They are soft bosom shirts, with separate cuffs, in dark and light patterns, all of which are entirely new. Come any hour in the day and you'll find a large table in the center aisle, on which these goods are displayed, surrounded by a crowd of enthusiastic buyers. We repeat, regular 75c and 1 shirts, choice of any for 45c.

Our present clothing sale is attracting wide interest

Natural—for it is a sale that appeals to all classes and purses--to men with little to spend, as well as to those who seek the very best clothing for a moderate sum. It is a sale of marked significance, embracing our own goods—clothing that stands for all that is superior in quality and tailoring.

The entire stock is divided into four sections, at $4.90, $7.90, $11.90 and $14.90, respectively, as follows:

Bear in mind, the entire stock is offered at these four prices, with the exception of uniforms, liveries and full dress suits. When you can buy good clothing so profitably, it is assuredly the time of all times to buy. Rarely does the opportunity present itself to secure suits and overcoats of such quality and character (as those embraced in this sale) at such emphatic reductions.

Every garment possesses its original price mark. Walk through any of the four sections, make your own selection and pay only the special sale price.

All trousers marked 1.98 and $2.48, go at 1.25

All trousers marked $3.00 and $3.50, go at 2.00

All trousers marked $4.00 and $4.50, go at 3.00

All trousers marked $5.00 to $6.50, go at 4.00

Boys' clothing at much less than makers' prices

Boys' $3 and $4 suits and overcoats reduced to **2.00**

Included in this offer are Norfolk and double breasted suits, in blue and black or fancy cheviots, also Russian blouse suits and novelty overcoats and Reefers. All sizes 2½ to 16 in the assortment. Choice 2.00.

Boys' $4 and $5 suits now reduced to only **3.00**

These are made of heavy blue serges, black thibets and fancy cheviots, and come in Norfolk, two-piece, Russian blouse and sailor styles—medium and heavy weights, all sizes at 3.00.

Stout suits for fat boys reduced from $6, $7 & $8 to **3.90**

These suits are the famous "Sam Peck" make—no matter how stout your boy, you can get a perfect fit in this line—various styles in plain blues or fancy mixtures—choice 3.90.

Final reductions on girls' fine coats

Girls' all-wool dresses—choice of 6 styles, including Russian blouses, sailor blouse and regular dress effects—made of all-wool serges, cashmeres and novelty checked materials, trimmed with pretty braids and small steel buttons, all sizes up to 14 years—regular $3.50 and $4 dresses, reduced to **1.49**

Girls' full length coats—made of good quality all-wool cheviot; full long shoulder cape, strapped or trimmed with velvet piping and small or large military buttons, bishop sleeves with neat cuffs; all sizes 6 to 14 years—coats that have been selling for $7.50 and even $8.50, now reduced to **2.49**

Practically our entire stock of girls' fine coats and Gretchens now reduced to one price and that price only 7.50. Many of the season's handsomest garments, all splendidly tailored and beautifully trimmed, with all silk lining—coats that have been selling for $15, $18 and $21, all now reduced to **7.50**

See the Coon Hollow Folk
On Their Tour of the World,
in Next Sunday's Gazette

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 13, 1904.—PAGES 9 TO 14.

Buster Brown and Tige
Best Comic Page Printed. See it
in Next Sunday's Gazette

THE BASEBALL COMMISSION FAILS TO DECIDE THE SUNDAY QUESTION

NO DECISION IN RIDGEWOOD CASE

Chairman Herrmann, Whose Vote Will Decide Matter, Wants Time to Think It Over.

MAY BE A COMPROMISE

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—After an extremely brief executive session today the national commission adjourned without reaching a decision on the important question of Sunday baseball at Ridgewood park. Chairman Herrmann announced through Secretary Bruce that, whereas he understood President Johnson would vote one way and President Pulliam the other on the proposition, making his vote the decisive one, he desired more time to consider the matter and would reserve his decision until he had weighed the evidence carefully.

This failure to reach a decision was a surprise to both parties to the contest, but particularly to the National league because of the positive opinions previously expressed by Herrmann against the American league's position.

Mr. Herrmann is in a position where, if he decides in favor of the American league, he must repudiate, in a way, a promise he made to the members of the league over a year ago. If he decides against the American league he must hold fast to an agreement which he now knows it did not make, but to which he pledged it under an erroneous impression. The one way out of it without dangerous friction is by way of a compromise. If the Brooklyn club can be induced to accept Manager Hanlon's view and share in the Sunday games or if the New York American league finds that it can carry its case before the two leagues and secure permission to play in that way it will relieve Herrmann of a decision in which he must apparently do some one an injustice.

It is by no means impossible for the American league club to secure the consent of the majority of the National league clubs to play Sunday games in New York. President Hart of the Chicago club is avowedly in favor of it, because it will give the National league clubs the same opportunity. President Robison of St. Louis is an advocate of all the Sunday games possible. It is said the New York National league club has already consented to the Ridgewood proposition. It would, therefore, require only two more votes to permit the American league's request by a technical change of circuit. Ebbitts is the only avowed opponent, and he is not supported by all his partners in the Brooklyn club.

COLLEGIANS WIN MEET.

Defeat Medicals by Two Points for First Place in the W. U. P. Gymnasium.

The inter-department indoor meet in the Western university gymnasium yesterday afternoon resulted in a victory for the Collegians. The Medicals were second and the Pharmacy third. The Collegians scored 44½ points, the Medicals 42½ and the Pharmacy 22. The summaries:

Pole vault—McGogney, Medicals, won; Bangs, Pharmacy, second; Clark, College, third. Height, 5 feet 6 inches.

Running high jump—Filson, College, won; McGogney, second; Bangs, third. Distance, 5 feet 1 inch.

Standing high jump—Bangs, won; Filson, second. Height, 4 feet 1 inch.

High hurdles (for form)—Jackson, College, won; McGogney, second; Filson, third.

Low hurdles—McGogney and Jackson tied; Filson, third.

Putting 16-pound shot—McGogney won; John, Medicals, second; McChester, College, third. Distance, 31 feet.

Standing broad jump—Filson won; McGogney, second; Bangs, third. Distance, 8 feet 7 inches.

GOLD RACQUET GAMES.

The National Champion Won His Game Without Trouble.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The amateur racquet championship games for the gold racquet began here today on the courts of the Tuxedo Tennis and Racquet club. There were two matches decided today in the preliminary round. Milton S. Barger, the racquet champion of New York, defeated Erskine Hewitt in three straight sets, and E. Edwards of New York won from William B. Dinsmore, Jr., of Tuxedo.

In the afternoon match between Barger and Hewitt, Hewitt was outplayed, showing want of practice, while Barger took in the court at once. Following are the summaries:

Preliminary round—E. Edwards of New York defeated B. Dinsmore, Jr., Tuxedo, 15—8, 9—15, 15—2, 11—15, 15—9.

Milton S. Barger defeated Erskine Hewitt, 15—8, 15—0, 15—11.

E. L. Irwin defeated Robert Cassatt by default.

HANLON WILL SPAR.

The Little Coast Fighter to Give a Boxing Exhibition.

Tonight at Old City hall Eddie Hanlon, the little 'Frisco fighter, will make his first appearance outside his own town, when he will box with Harry Foley, the Pacific coast middleweight, who has trained him in all his fights. Hanlon is to meet Kid Decker Monday night at Philadelphia for six rounds, and is in good shape for the bout, so he will be seen at his best.

Besides the main event, the following boxers will appear: Jack McCleland, Kid Tyler, Young Welsh, Alex. Sweeney, Pat McArdle, Frank Walling, Tommy Tumble, Bart Conley, Terry Marion, Tommy Dixon, Jimmy Clark, Jimmy Burns, P. Coleman and many others.

Vaudeville acts will include Tommy Cunningham, the Melrose quartet of the South Side and a host of others.

Smith Is the Champion.

ALTOONA, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—In a series of three games of 100 ball pool to decide the championship of Altoona, the Johnstown players the second game was rolled between Harry Burns of Johnstown and Jesse Smith of Altoona, the latter winning 100 to 69. This gives each contestant winning a series. The third game will be pulled off tomorrow. A purse of $500 is at stake.

BASKETBALL NOTES.

Rolling third team plays the South Side tonight at Wilmerding.

Franklins of Allegheny will tackle a team from Pittsburgh called the All-Stars tonight.

St. Peter's gymnasium team defeated the Y. M. C. of Braddock Thursday evening, 27 to 7.

Tomorrow evening, at Foster hall there will be two games. The Fosters will lineup with the Edgsburg Independents and the Acorns will play the Sharpsburg Juniors.

On account of a cancellation, the Newman Seniors are without a game for tonight and would like to hear from some 18-year-old team to come to be played at Newman hall. Call 2283 Hunt and ask for Cline, between 12 m. and 1 p. m.

Basketball will boom at Hunt Armory hall tonight, with four good games. The card is Armory versus Manhattan, Belmar-Lowell versus Lafayette, Trenton versus Lefthands of the South Side and East Liberty versus Betty B.

The Perrysville Reserves will play the Standships of Allegheny this evening on the Perrysville floor. The manager of the Reserves would like to hear from Bellevue, Monarchs and Arlingtons. Address William S. McGinness, 1647 Perrysville avenue, Allegheny.

The Ramblers would like to hear from any 15 or 16-year-old teams for Saturdays or Friday days at Ramblers' hall, or any other evenings away from home. Acorns, Arlingtons, Bellevue A. A. and Perrysville preferred. Address A. G. Gittins, Marshall and Mayfield avenues, Allegheny.

The Verner A. C. will play the St. Lukes of Carnegie tonight on the floor, and on Monday night the Lafayettes in the Verner hall. The Verners would like to arrange a game with the Fosters or Dwyers for February 20. Address John H. Hill, No. 314 North Mathilda street, Pittsburgh.

The Pastime five and the D. L. & A. G. team of the "Point" will come together in the latter's hall this evening. The Pastimes are a husky bunch, being composed of the cream of the football team of the same name. In the preliminary the Pastime Reserves and the D. L. & A. G. Juniors will come together. South Side and Manchester will come together tonight at Odd Fellows' hall for the third game in the championship series, and this game promises to be the greatest yet played, South Side needs the game to safely hold first place, while Manchester must have it to stay in second place. The preliminary between the South Side Juniors and Manchester Juniors will also be a good game.

MOVE TOWARDS ALLIANCE IN ATHLETICS IS MADE

High School Appoints Committee to Confer With Shadyside and Kiski—Election Held.

The first move toward forming an athletic alliance between Pittsburgh High school, Shadyside academy and Kiskiminetas Springs school, as forecasted some time ago in The Gazette, was made yesterday, when a committee was named by High school to confer with similar committees from Shadyside and Kiski.

The High school committee will constitute Principal Byerson, Prof. Cooper and Frank "Midget" Spuhler, the latter from the student body. No date has as yet been named for the conference, but it is likely to be held in the near future. The same committee appointed to confer with Shadyside and Kiski will probably meet the East Liberty authorities early next week. It depends altogether on the decision of the committee whether or not East Liberty will be met in athletics.

The committee decided to renew athletic relations with East Liberty academy, provided East Liberty would agree to the three conditions of an age limit of 21, a minimum of 15 hours a week of recitation work and a limit of four years for a player to represent the school.

The track team manager was instructed to arrange to send the relay team to the University of Pennsylvania school meet. Several names were proposed as coaches for the baseball team. Coach "Shorty" James was unanimously selected as the football coach again, if he can be induced to accept the position.

At yesterday's meeting Prof. Saul was chosen manager of the baseball team and Albert Schenck his assistant. Prof. Saul was also elected manager of the football team and Foster Harper, assistant. Prof. Cooper was elected manager of the track team and Duncan Worrell his assistant.

The baseball captain is "Midget" Spuhler, who was chosen at the close of last year. George Campbell is captain of the football team and Ewing Harper of the track team.

Capt. Bunton of the East Liberty academy seven will not play his position at center this afternoon in the championship interscholastic Hockey league game with Pittsburgh High school. Bunton has been confined to his room all week. Joe Bryan, the right wing, will play center this afternoon, and Lew Edwards, who has been at cover point, will play the wing. Bunton intends to keep Bryan at center in the remainder of the games, he going to wing. Edwards will play cover point. Spuhler of High school will make no changes in his lineup. Eddie Roberts of the Victorias will probably referee the game. Kerr Price and Yohe of Shadyside will be the goal judges.

Fred Gillinder, captain and first baseman on the University of Pennsylvania nine in 1896, has been selected as coach of the Penn freshmen team this spring.

Over 30 colleges and schools have entered the University of Pennsylvania relay races, which will be held April 23. North Carolina and Iowa will go to Philadelphia with championship aspirations. Iowa is coached by Chalmers, formerly of Lafayette.

An interscholastic athletic league was formed yesterday afternoon at a meeting at the Carnegie club, Braddock. There were representatives present from McKeesport, Wilkinsburg and Braddock. Homestead will also join the league. The object of the league is to promote pure amateur athletics, especially in football and baseball. Each of the four towns will have a team. A field meet will be held at Wilkinsburg. Charles F. Conklin of Chicago, principal of the Wilkinsburg high school, was elected president of the league, and Eli S. Day, principal of the McKeesport high school, secretary and treasurer.

TIGERS TRACK TEAM.

For First Time in History Will Meet a Western Team—Has a Fine Schedule.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 12.—The schedule of the track team of Princeton university was announced today by Manager Armstrong. The list includes most of the well-known colleges in the east, as usual, and for the first time in the history of Princeton track team includes one with Chicago university. The prospects this year for a good team are excellent, as a great many well-known "prep" school stars have entered college. It has been decided to send a two-mile relay team to participate in the relay races held by the University of Pennsylvania, and it is possible that a four-mile relay team may also be sent.

The schedule as announced today is as follows: April 16, open handicap games, at Princeton; April 23, University of Pennsylvania relay races, at Philadelphia; April 28, Caledonian games, at Princeton; April 30, eighth annual interscholastic games, at Princeton; May 7, dual meet with Yale at New Haven; May 14, dual meet with Columbia, at Princeton; May 27 and 28, intercollegiate meet at Franklin Field, Philadelphia; June 4, dual meet with Cornell, at Princeton; June 18, dual meet with University of Chicago, at Chicago.

FISH AND GAME LAWS.

Sportsmen's Association Wants Foreigners to Have a License.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 12.—The League of American Sportsmen had adjourned to meet in Seattle in June, 1905. Resolutions were adopted favoring the enactment of a new law governing the fish and game commission; declaring against spring shooting in any of the states, and favoring the enactment of laws in all states requiring foreign born unnaturalized persons to secure a license before they can hunt. This is aimed to put an end to "pot hunting."

Following the adjournment of the league, an organization of fish and game commission; declaring against spring shooting in any of the states, and favoring the enactment of laws in all states requiring foreign born unnaturalized persons to secure a license before they can hunt. This is aimed to put an end to "pot hunting."

Following the adjournment of the league, an organization of fish and game wardens and commissioners. Their purpose is the prosecution of lawbreakers and the compiling of decisions touching their work in protecting fish and game. These officers were elected: President, W. F. Scott, Helena, Mont.; secretary, C. E. Brewster, Michigan; treasurer, H. G. Smith, Winona, Minn.; executive committee, the officers and J. C. Porterfield, Columbus, O.

Dr. T. S. Palmer of the department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., was elected an honorary member with all the rights of an active member.

TO DECIDE CHAMPIONSHIP.

Dr. Mial and Poggenburg Meet Today in Billiard Tournament.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The national amateur billiard championship tournament, which was begun two weeks ago at the Lenox gymnasium in this city, is almost completed, and the final game will be played tomorrow afternoon. Only one game was played today, the competitors being J. Ferdinand Poggenburg of the local club and Charles F. Conklin of Chicago. Poggenburg won, 300 to 275. Poggenburg, by defeating the western expert, secured a tie with Dr. L. L. Mial of this city, and in order to decide this year's championship Dr. Mial and Poggenburg will meet tomorrow afternoon. The result of tonight's game follows:

Poggenburg—Total, 300; high runs, 68, 33, 33, 31; average, 7 84-38.

Conklin—Total, 275; high runs, 39, 32, 29, 27; average, 7 7-58.

BOWSER AND BROAD.

Both Fighter's Are Hard at Work Preparing for Their Coming Bout.

One of the best boxing matches ever arranged for this city is the 10-round bout between Mull Bowser and Fred Broad, which will take place Tuesday night under the auspices of the Olympic A. C. in Hanna's hall, 4110 Butler street.

"I realize," said Bowser, "that I will have to be in the best of shape, for Broad is a dangerous man to meet with the weight he has on me, and I mean to be right when I face him."

Evan Lloyd and Jimmy Frazer were yesterday secured to box a four-round preliminary.

Nationals Defeat North Siders.

The Nationals of Allegheny went to Bohemian hall last night and defeated the North Sides 35 to 25. Lineup:

Nationals—35.		North Sides—25.
Jenkinson	Forward	M. Clayton
Bender	Forward	D. Clark
Keifer	Center	N. Clayton
Stern	Guard	Fincke
Matz	Guard	L. Clark

Goals—Bender 5, Jenkinson 5, Keifer 3, Stern 3, M. Clayton 4, D. Clark 2, N. Clayton 2, Fincke 2. Fouls—Jenkinson 3, Fincke 5. Referee—J. Yoedt. Timer—Schutte.

Want Paid for Matthewson.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—The Norfolk, Va., baseball club has sued the New York team for $2,000, declaring that Pitcher Matthewson was taken from them without the conditions of the transfer being carried out. The case is an old one having been hanging fire for two years.

Florida and Carolina Resorts.

Excursion rates and full information. J. J. Pulier, Seaboard Air Line representative, 503 Park building.

AMATEUR TOURNEY COMES TO CLOSE

Champion Schumucker Loses His Title on Mat to Thomas Haugh of Same Club.

LARGE CROWD IS PRESENT

The amateur athletic tournament under the auspices of the Wilmerding athletic club came to a close last night in the Wilmerding auditorium. More than 1,200 persons were present. The summaries:

158-pound boxing—Daly (Foster A. C.) vs. O'Brien (West End A. C.). O'Brien was the winner of this bout in 30 seconds.

135-pound boxing—Moore (Wilmerding A. C.) vs. Coates (McKeesport A. C.). Coates was the winner, knocking out Moore in the second round.

135-pound boxing—Simpson (Wilmerding A. C.) vs. Gibbons (Homestead). Simpson was knocked out in the second round.

135-pound boxing—McGraw, unattached, forfeited to Laird of the Wilmerding A. C.

115-pound wrestling, three five-minute heats —Dougherty (Foster A. C.) vs. Hilliard (Hannon Hill A. C.). Dougherty won by aggressive work. There were no falls.

158-pound wrestling—Joseph Schmucker of the Foster A. C., champion of the United States in his class vs. Thomas Haugh of the Foster A. C. Haugh won, throwing Schmucker the first time in three minutes and eight seconds, and the second time in four minutes and 40 seconds.

136-pound wrestling—Hilliard of the Foster A. C. vs. Rushby of the Pittsburgh A. C. Hilliard won the first fall in four minutes, two and one-half seconds, and won the second in two minutes seven and three-fourths seconds.

145-pound boxing, semi-finals—Henry of the Fair Haven A. C. vs. Cole of the East Pittsburgh A. C. Cole won.

158-pound boxing, finals—Vaughn of the McKeesport A. C. vs. Jack Daily of the Foster A. C. Dailey was saved from a knockout in the second and third rounds by the gong. Vaughn was awarded the decision.

106-pound boxing, final—Burke of the Herron Hill A. C. vs. McFadden of the Glenfield A. C. Burke won.

125-pound boxing—Foster of the Foster A. C. forfeited to Burkheimer of the Wilmerding A. C.

125-pound boxing, final—McGiven of the Wilmerding A. C. vs. Shea of the Foster A. C. McGiven won in the second round on a foul.

145-pound boxing, final—Given of the Homestead A. C. vs. Lloyd of the Wilmerding A. C. The referee awarded the decision to Given.

108-pound boxing, semi-finals—Bradburn of Wilmerding A. C. vs. Burke of Herron Hill A. C. Bradburn won.

115-pound boxing, final—Morgan of Wilmerding A. C. vs. Powers of Hatfield A. C. Morgan won.

145-pound boxing—Cole of East Pittsburgh A. C. vs. James Sullivan of the same. Cole withdrew and Sullivan got the decision.

120-pound boxing, final—McGiven of the Wilmerding A. C. vs. James of Herron Hill A. C. James was knocked out in the second round.

145-pound boxing, finals—Haugh of Foster A. C. vs. Black of Wilmerding A. C. Haugh won in three minutes.

135-pound boxing, finals—Given of Homestead A. C. vs. Morgan of Wilmerding A. C. Both men had broken wrists from other bouts. One round was fought and Given withdrew from the contest.

125-pound boxing, finals—McGiven of the Wilmerding A. C. vs. Morgan of Wilmerding A. C. McGiven withdrew.

115-pound boxing—Morgan vs. Darnell of Greenfield A. C. Morgan refused to fight Darnell.

The winners of the tournament were: Dougherty, 115-pound wrestling; Hilliard, 136-pound wrestling; Haugh, 158-pound wrestling; Bradburn, 108-pound boxing; Moore, 135-pound boxing; Vaughn, 158-pound boxing.

GERMAN Y. M. C. A. LOSES TO ALLEGHENY COLLEGE

Hottest Game of Year at Meadville—Both Teams Will Probably Meet at St. Louis.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

MEADVILLE, PA., Feb. 12.—In the greatest game of basketball ever seen at Meadville, the Allegheny college team defeated the German Y. M. C. A. of Buffalo, who are to defend the title of champions of the world at the St. Louis fair. It is quite likely that Allegheny will play the Germans at the fair, as they stated in their agreement to give Allegheny a game if Allegheny would play them a return game if they won.

The game tonight was very exciting from start to finish. It nearly took Allegheny enthusiasts off their feet; men and women alike danced around. Men threw their hats in the air and women did likewise with every loose article. The game started with a rush. Comfort throwing two field goals in succession. Then, about five minutes later, Redlein made Buffalo's first point from foul. Then Lewis made a fine throw on a pass from Haas. After Redlein made two more field goals and Wolf ended with the score 6 to 3 in Allegheny's favor. Buffalo having been unable to make a field goal during this half.

The second half started off with as much of a rush as did the first. Miller made a field goal in the first five minutes of play; in another minute Rhode made another, putting Buffalo one point ahead. This is where the Germans did its work. Just a few minutes before time was up Turner threw a nice field goal, putting Allegheny one point ahead. Then, just a second or two before time was up, Turner added another goal, making the score at the end of the game stand 12 to 7 in Alegheny's favor. Lineup:

Allegheny—12.		Buffalo—7.
Turner	L. F.	Redlein
Haas	R. F.	Rhode
Comfort	C.	Heerdt
Lewis	R. G.	Miller
McArthur	F. G.	Manuller

Goals from field—Turner 2, Comfort 2, Haas, Lewis, Rhode, Redlein. Goals from foul—Redlein 3. Referee—Wolf. Time, halves—20 minutes. Fouls called on Allegheny, 7; on Buffalo, 2.

VICTOR CLUB LOSES.

High School Boys Beat It at Hockey by 6 Goals to 1.

The High school boys who have formed the team to play games on the Colosseum rink are putting up a great game. Their team work yesterday was a revelation to their opponents, and a great improvement over their last game. Harmar was at his old place at cover point and blocked all but one attempt at goal. Houston, Orr, Watt, at forward, put in fine sections, made many runs and pretty passes. Every man on the team shot a goal but the goal keeper. The Victor team is composed of players of the Allegheny league. Lineup:

Pittsburgh High—6.		Victor Club—1.
Reed	Goal	Fahnstock
Myler	Point	Allen
Harmer	Cover	Ford
Johns	Rover	Jordah
Houston	Center	Baldwin
Orr	Left Wing	Highlands
Watt	Right Wing	Worcester

Goals—Johns, Orr, Houston, Harmar, Watt, Myler, Worcester. Referee—Vincent. Timer—Weil.

ALLEGHENY H. S. WINS.

Defeats South Side Students at Basketball, 18 to 10.

The Allegheny High school defeated the South Side High school five last night 18 to 10. The game was an interesting one and both teams displayed a great deal of team work. Penderich started the scoring, making a shot from field. This was followed by two by Thompson. The first half ended 9 to 4 in Allegheny's favor. For Allegheny Thompson, Penderich and Hagmaier played a good game at forward, while Prodey, Billinger and Penrose did the work at guards. The line-up:

Allegheny H. S.—18.		South Side—10.
Billinger	Forward	Bracken
Thompson	Forward	Wenzel
Penderich	Center	Burnside
Prodey	Guard	Collins
Penrose	Guard	Cain

Goals from field—Thompson 4, Penderich 2, Wenzel, Burnside, Cain. Goal from foul—Thompson 4. Cain 4. Substitutions—Hagmaier for Prodey.

Thompson on the Etna Ticket.

The Republican committee of Etna yesterday placed Richard Thompson on the ticket as a candidate for borough auditor, in place of Edward Evans, who withdrew.

ZEYRA WINS HER RACE, THEN RUN UP TO $900

Is Only Winning Favorite of Day and She is Bought In—Hildreth Gets Logistela.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 12.—Zeyra was the only winning favorite here today, and after her race was run up to $900, and bought in. S. C. Hildreth ran F. Lorillard's Logistela up to $1,000, and bought her at that price. Weather clear; track slow and heavy. Summaries:

First race, 6 furlongs—Lobelist, 90, Sifle, 8 to 1, won; Our Lillie, 105, Livingston, even, second; Phillida, 92, Jenkins, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:18½. Sparrow Cup, Albertola, Shattan, Colin George, Mildred L., Ct. Care and Chanley also ran.

Second race, 7 furlongs—Zeyra, 97, Hicks, even, won; Exapo, 115, Minder, 12 to 1, second; Inspector Shea, 118, F. Smith, 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:31½. Russell Cain, The Clerk, Caterpillar, Johns Conlter, Meistersinger, Barnacle, Choice and Cathedral also ran.

Third race, ½ mile—Logistela, 94, Hunton, 6 to 1, won; Truffle Hunter, 102, Cavit, 2 to 1, second; Estorjoy, 102, Cochran, 12 to 1, third. Time, :49 4-5. Miss Galore, Dixie Lad, The Doctors and Golden Flower also ran.

Fourth race, mile—Alcora R., 97, Jenks, 6 to 1, won; Dr. Carrick, 100, W. Hennessy, 6 to 5, second; Marco, 105, Robbins, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:45. Haven Run, Decoration, Mohongman, Hugo Blanz, Venus Victrix, Lady Matchless, Na-Ghor One and Loveable also ran.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Ed. A. Robbins, 2 to 1, won; Jim Ferris, 105, Romanelli, 16 to 1, second; Trossachs, 100, Crimmins, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:47. Trojan Mover, Arthur, Claremont, Boyle Word, The Bronze Monarch, Zama and Miss Rillie also ran.

Sixth race, mile and 70 yards—Frank Rice, 96, Livingston, 20 to 1, won; Reckoner, 101, H. Michaels, 8 to 1, second; Dammer II., 102, W. Hennessy, 9 to 2, third. Time, 1:48 2-5. Erbe, Cyrus Lee, Campaign, Esterville, Princelet, Baronet and Sir Paul also ran.

MONEY IS DIVIDED.

"Good Things" Win Their Share of Races at Ingleside Park.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12.—It rained today at Ingleside and the track was sloppy. Summaries:

First race, 5½ furlongs—Sir Tom Tabber, 110, J. Daly, 6 to 5, won; Sir Preston, 102, Hildebrand, 7 to 1, second; Hard Burns, 110, Sea, 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:06½. Annua, John Bogan and Quits II. also ran.

Second race, 6 furlongs—Hufford, 100, Sea, 2 to 1, won; Red Bird, 102, Hildebrand, second; John Little, 105, J. Daly, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:18. Cherokee Girl, Miller, Dreary, Inspector Munro, Orso, War Times, Hogarth also ran.

Third race, 7 furlongs—Sol Lichtenstein, 102, Bell, 4 to 1, won; Dewey, 100, Lee, 7 to 1, second; Mr. Farnum, 106, Bonner, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:31½. Dandie Belle, Caithes, Posart and The Counsellor also ran.

Fourth race, 1 mile—Flyer, 99, J. Sheehan, 7 to 2, won; The Pride, 114, Bell, 6 to 5, second; Suburban Queen, 100, Knapp, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:43½. Lady Cecil, Young Morello, Abnormal and Vanderbilt also ran.

Fifth race, half mile—Meada, 101, Hildebrand, 2 to 5, won; Eduarda, 106, Bell, 2 to 1, second; Scotchman, 108, Sullivan, 20 to 1, third. Time, :51½. Willa and Miguel also ran.

Sixth race, one mile, selling—Dungannon, 88, Knapp, 5 to 1, won; Ida Reed, 108, Bonner, 3 to 1, second; Anvil, 98, Hildebrand, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:44½. Albemarle, Mattie Clark and Instrument also ran.

SEWICKLEY TWICE BEATEN.

Benton Preps and Bellevue High School Win from It at Hockey.

The Benton Preps defeated the Sewickley High school seven to the morning yesterday at the Colosseum, 2 to 0, and in the afternoon Bellevue High school won from Sewickley, 2 to 1.

Sewickley High seems to be playing in hard luck so far. The morning game was splendidly played, but all shots were cleverly blocked by Smith of Benton, though Cowing, Kane and Smith made rushes down the ice, and failed in shooting by the narrowest margin. The Over boys of Benton were the stars.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	Pct.
Allegheny High	3	0	1	1000
Allegheny Preps	4	1	0	800
Benton C. C.	2	1	0	500
Bellevue High	2	2	0	500
Sewickley High	0	3	1	.000

Benton Preps—2. Sewickley High—0.

Smith	Goal	Garrett
McKnight	Point	McKinney
R. Over	Cover	Charnley
Harding	Rover	Kabenstein
Hayes	Center	Hammond
J. Over	Left Wing	Cunningham
Cellars	Right Wing	Murphy

Goals—R. Over, J. Over. Referee—Sullivan. Bellevue High—2. Sewickley High—1.

Langitt	Goal	Garrett
Bole	Point	McKinney
Jenskl-son	Cover	Charnley
Dawson	Rover	Kabenstein
Ward	Center	Hammond
Simeral	Left Wing	Cunningham
Kisaddeen	Right Wing	Murphy

Goals—Simeral, Kisaddeen. Referee—Sullivan. Timer—Weil.

C. A. C. Defeats Homestead.

A big crowd witnessed a fast basketball game at Braddock last night between C. A. C. and Homestead in the Carnegie A. C. gymnasium. Lineup:

C. A. C.—17.		Homestead—13.
Rose	Forward	Eschanal
Bowers	Forward	Wilson
Ubsdell	Center	Hyden
Rosenbloom	Guard	Hager
McDevitt	Guard	Arthurs

Field goals—Rose, Bowers, Gibney, Rosenbloom 2, Wilson, Brown 2, Hager 2, Arthurs. Goals from foul—Bowers 3, Zacharich. Referee—Cartwright.

Big Crowd Saw Olympic Win.

Five hundred persons witnessed the basketball game last night at McKeesport between the D. L. & A. G. and Olympic crews. The Olympics won by a score of 44 to 15 and are now tied for second place with the Manchester team. Line-up:

Olympics.		D. C. & A. C. 15.
Mulholland	Forward	Wilson
Pierce	Forward	Stevens
Meyers	Center	Hyden
Hindsman	Guard	Bowers
Stewart	Guard	Kaiser

Substitution, Hallinger for Stewart; field goals, Hindsman 3, Mulholland 3, Myers 2, Hallinger 1, Wilson 3, Hyden 3, Brennen 1; goals from foul, Hindsman 4, Kallock 1. Referee, Keller.

Homestead Went to Defeat.

The Arlingtons defeated the H. L. A. C. basketball team, composed of clerks employed in the freight offices of the Union station, at Bellevue last night. The feature of the game was the number of fouls, 32 being called upon Arlington and 25 upon H. L. A. C. Lineup:

Arlington—50.		H. L. A.—12.
Stewart	Forward	Walker
Fairman	Forward	Johnson
McKee	Center	Briggs
McDeagle	Guards	Lee
Sutton	Guard	Conway

Field goals, Stewart 9, Fairman 6, Sutton 2, Conway 2, Walker 2, Lee 2, Johnson 2, Phillips 5, Conway 3, Johnson 2, Doran 1. Referee, Drum.

Powell Kicks on Salary Cut.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 12.—When "Red John" Powell received his contract from the Browns today he was peeved that his salary was cut from $4,500 to $3,250. The red-haired pitcher balked.

BLOOD DISEASES

Cured quickly and for life; also nervous weakness in whatever form. Any suffering man, if I accept your case it is a guarantee that you will get well. 25 years' practice. 15 years in same location. Terms reasonable. Low charges—no quackish methods. Consultation free, or, if out of town, write for particulars of a perfect system of home treatment.

DR. BRILL, 609 Penn Ave, Near Sixth St.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Hours 10-5, Ev'gs 7-9, Sundays 10-4.

HAVE ORGANIZED BOWLING LEAGUE

Six Cities Named and Two More to Be Selected—"Uncle" Anson Is at the Head.

BOWLERS STILL AT WORK

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 12.—A national bowling league was organized here today with A. C. Anson of Chicago as president and Sam Karpf of New York, secretary. New York, Brooklyn, Buffalo, Chicago, Toledo, Philadelphia, have been taken in. Two vacancies in the five-man club will be filled tomorrow and will probably be Detroit and Milwaukee. Two teams are to visit each city in the circuit, remaining two days. The season will begin April 4. Championship games will be in doubles and singles only.

The highest score of the tournament for an individual in a team contest is now held by Wright of the Erie team, who toppled over 258 pins in the first contest of the national bowling tournament. This was done in the first game of the two-man events. Wright's partner, Ulrich's partner, failed to show up in the required form and hence the team actually did not shatter records. The team score was 1,066.

Two-man team results of 1,000 or better: Harriman and Rieben, Chicago, 1,001. Knoll and Haber, Cleveland, 1,079. Kaltenbach and Grant, New York, 1,090. Sutton and Fleming, Cleveland, 1,107. Libby and Briggs, Cleveland, 1,102. Thomas and Pollock, Columbus, 1,102. Henning and Paris, Lodi, 1,064. Taylor and Sayre, Warren, 1,044. Jackson and Smith, New York, 1,118. Bartsch and Huntington, Omaha, 1,087. Pendelay and Thurman, Chicago, 1,098. Hall and Hall, Cleveland, 1,072. Amelng and Schmitt, St. Louis, 1,112. Gerlee and Eichhoff, New York, 1,060. Pritcher and Nutter, Omaha, 1,094. Kortmand and Hoffmeyer, St. Louis, 1,118.

The following players have made more than 1,100 in the two-men series:

Woodbury and Strong, Chicago, 1,140; Voorhees and Sayre, New York, 1,152; Rogan and Schmitt, Chicago, 1,107; Bryson and Knox, Indianapolis, 1,101.

LITTLE ROCK GETS LOBERT.

Beltzhoover Third Baseman Sigs to Play in Southern League.

Hans Lobert, the Beltzhoover third baseman, yesterday signed a contract to play with Little Rock in the Southern league the coming season. Lobert was released to the Senators by the closing games of the National league season last fall, and he made a good showing. He will belong to Pittsburg, but President Dreyfuss turned him over to Manager Finn of Little Rock.

Lobert is a youngster who received his baseball training on the Beltzhoover team under the direction of Manager Schaffer, who was both former minor league players. He showed up so well that early last spring they recommended him to Manager Clarke, who kept a close watch on his work all season. Lobert will go south with Pittsburg.

Manager Howard M. Bisher of Homestead yesterday signed Shortstop McClintock of the Jamestown (N. Y.) team. McClintock lives in Columbus, O. He is a fast man. Charlie McClosky will probably take McClosky's place in middle field. Bisher now has six teams signed, with the exception of another pitcher, as follows: Corsey, catcher; Bushell and Hamilton, pitchers; Wise, first base; Hammond, Harry Tate, third; McClintock, short; Hugh Tate, left; McCloskey, center; Wilder, right.

SEWICKLEY TWICE BEATEN.

Benton Preps and Bellevue High School Win from It at Hockey.

The Benton Preps defeated the Sewickley High school seven in the morning yesterday at the Colosseum, 2 to 0, and in the afternoon Bellevue High school won from Sewickley, 2 to 1.

Sewickley High seems to be playing in hard luck so far. The morning game was splendidly played, but all shots were cleverly blocked by Smith of Benton, though Cowing, Kane and Smith made rushes down the ice, and failed in shooting by the narrowest margin. The Over boys of Benton were the stars.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	Pct.
Allegheny High	3	0	1	1000
Allegheny Preps	4	1	0	800
Benton C. C.	2	1	0	500
Bellevue High	2	2	0	500
Sewickley High	0	3	1	.000

Benton Preps—2. Sewickley High—0.

Smith	Goal	Garrett
McKnight	Point	McKinney
R. Over	Cover	Charnley
Harding	Rover	Kabenstein
Hayes	Center	Hammond
J. Over	Left Wing	Cunningham
Cellars	Right Wing	Murphy

Goals—R. Over, J. Over. Referee—Sullivan. Bellevue High—2. Sewickley High—1.

Langitt	Goal	Garrett
Bole	Point	McKinney
Jenskl-son	Cover	Charnley
Dawson	Rover	Kabenstein
Ward	Center	Hammond
Simeral	Left Wing	Cunningham
Kisaddeen	Right Wing	Murphy

Goals—Simeral, Kisaddeen. Referee—Sullivan. Timer—Weil.

C. A. C. Defeats Homestead.

A big crowd witnessed a fast basketball game at Braddock last night between C. A. C. and Homestead in the Carnegie A. C. gymnasium. Lineup:

C. A. C.—17.		Homestead—13.
Rose	Forward	Eschanal
Bowers	Forward	Wilson
Ubsdell	Center	Hyden
Rosenbloom	Guard	Hager
McDevitt	Guard	Arthurs

Field goals—Rose, Bowers, Gibney, Rosenbloom 2, Wilson, Brown 2, Hager 2, Arthurs. Goals from foul—Bowers 3, Zacharich. Referee—Cartwright.

Big Crowd Saw Olympic Win.

Five hundred persons witnessed the basketball game last night at McKeesport between the D. L. & A. G. and Olympic crews. The Olympics won by a score of 44 to 15 and are now tied for second place with the Manchester team. Line-up:

Olympics.		D. C. & A. C. 15.
Mulholland	Forward	Wilson
Pierce	Forward	Stevens

ALICE ROOSEVELT WAS INDIGNANT

She Left Senate Gallery When President's Policy Was Denounced.

CAUSTIC WORDS BY CARMACK

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 12.

"The president has taken a course which would have cost the king of Great Britain his crown, if not his head."

When Senator Carmack, who was reading Senator Morgan's speech in the senate this afternoon thundered out this sentence there was a movement in the diplomatic gallery and Miss Alice Roosevelt, accompanied by several other young ladies, arose from front seats and departed. Miss Roosevelt's face was slightly flushed and she held her head high in the air. Her friends followed, laughing and joking her on her anger.

The sentence quoted in the foregoing was the climax of quite a tirade which Senator Morgan had directed against President Roosevelt. As the Alabama senator was unable to make himself heard Senator Carmack was reading the speech. No senator on the minority side arraigns the president more bitterly in his speeches than does Mr. Carmack, and consequently he read these words with great gusto.

Miss Roosevelt had brought some friends to the capitol and they were being shown about by Senator Kean. They entered the diplomatic gallery shortly before Mr. Carmack and were, of course, unaware that they were to hear one of the strongest personal criticisms on Mr. Roosevelt which has been heard in the senate this year.

The bill providing for the payment of $200,000 to Queen Liliuokalani formerly of Hawaii, in satisfaction of all claims "legal or equitable," was taken up and Mr. Blackburn addressed the senate in support of the measure. He said that while it is conceded that Queen Liliuokalani had no legal claim the committee on Pacific Islands which had reported the bill, held that in equity she is entitled to compensation.

He stated that while she exercised the functions of a sovereign she had an income of $50,000 and in addition a fortune of her own. All this she had lost, said Mr. Blackburn contended that every man's sense of fair dealing would suggest that some compensation be made. He said that since the acquisition of the Hawaiian Islands the crown lands had produced a total revenue of $432,000, which would have gone to the queen if she had remained on her throne.

Mr. Spooner took the position that the queen had no interest in the crown lands as the title to those lands was never vested in her.

The debate also was participated in Mr. Mitchell, who advocated the passage of the bill as an act of grace. He said that he had heard no reflection cast upon Liliuokalani's character but on the contrary she was universally well spoken of by those who knew her.

Mr. Platt's amendment was agreed to, but the amendment of the committee fixing the appropriation at $200,000 was voted down, the figure being thus left blank. Mr. Spooner then moved to recommit the measure. On this motion the vote was 16 to 19—11 less than a quorum.

DOG GIVEN GOLD TEETH TO REPLACE THOSE LOST

Eighty Dollars' Worth of Precious Metal Now in the Canine's Mouth.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 12.—"Bum," a white bulldog, well-known to the traveling public as a lounger about the lobby of the Hollenden hotel, is in proud possession of five gold teeth. Last summer he was kicked by a horse, resulting in the loss of his tusk-shaders, and this man conceived the idea of having them replaced in gold. Dr. H. H. Burk was the dentist.

All the missing teeth were at the side of the dog's lower jaw. Five artificial teeth were made of solid gold and placed in the mouth by an operation known as bridging. A cast was first taken of the animal's mouth and the gold teeth fitted to it so that the operation only required the dog's presence for an hour.

During the entire time he was not secured to the chair. Some dressing down of the two crowned teeth was required and he made strenuous objections, but after being assured by his master, who stood by, made no further objections. The dog's value is enhanced also, as four $20 gold pieces were used.

MISS ROOSEVELT'S DANCE.

Her Birthday Party a Notable Event at the Nation's Executive Mansion.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Alice Roosevelt's 20th birthday was celebrated at a dinner and dance tonight, at the White House given by the President and Mrs. Roosevelt. The entire color scheme of the decorations was white and gold. Mrs. Roosevelt received the guests in a gown of white satin entirely covered with iridescent spangles. Miss Roosevelt was becomingly gowned in white satin trimmed with white lace.

The guests were Countess Marguerite Cassini, who made her first appearance since her illness; Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Richardson, Miss Maud Wetmore, Miss Patterson, Miss McVeagh; the Misses Mills of New York, Miss Roosevelt's house guests; the Misses Warder, Miss Emory, Miss Josephine Boardman, Miss Nott, Miss Matilda Townsend, Representative Nicholas Longworth, Vicomte de Chambrun of the French embassy; Herr Rubido Zicky of the Austrian embassy, Mr. Wyndham and Mr. Dering of the British embassy, Maj. McCawley, Lieut. Bortesque, Mr. Hillen, Mr. Postelthwaite, Mr. Edwin Morgan, Mr. Walter Berry, Mr. Harper and Mr. Odin Horstman.

After dinner the young people danced in the east room to the accompaniment of the Marine Band orchestra.

COLLECTIONS ARE SLOW.

Allegheny City to Enter Suits Against Public Service Corporations.

The sub-committee appointed from the finance committee of Allegheny councils to consider the linear license tax ordinance met last night and listened to a statement prepared by Chairman John R. Hemricks. This paper showed that the city was collecting only $30,000 annually from corporations, while $125,000 was actually due. Street car companies, electric light, telephone and telegraph companies were scored and the city solicitor was instructed to bring suits to recover what is due the city.

The ordinance was amended to the effect that all overhead wires be assessed 3½ cent per running foot, and that underground cables be assessed 5 cents per foot.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

John Quintrell	Lincoln township
Siva Beers	Lincoln township
Frank Fraip	Allegheny
Lydia Greer	Allegheny
Carl Dedio	Allegheny
Mary Hagemann	Pittsburgh
William J. Johnston	Pittsburgh
Mamie M. Kirk	Pittsburgh
John Vaughan	Pittsburgh
Jennie Griffin	Pittsburgh

Losses Only $250,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—(Special.)—The Phoenix Insurance Company of this city loses but about $250,000 by the Baltimore fire while its monthly income is nearly $500,000; its surplus is $1,700,000, capital $1,000,000, gross assets $7,500,000. The Phoenix, though one of the oldest is one of the most progressive, largest and most solid of the fire insurance companies. Its losses of $440,000 in the Chicago fire in 1871 and of nearly $800,000 in the Boston fire in 1872 were paid promptly and without inconvenience, though at that time the Phoenix was comparatively small to what it is now.

A great, brilliant audience will greet PATTI at the Nixon Monday, February 15.

A magnificent Russo-Japanese war map, printed in three colors and black, on heavy paper, will be given as an extra free supplement to The Sunday Gazette tomorrow.

SOCIETY

At the valentine dinner given last evening at the Pennsylvania College for Women, a pleasant air of mystery surrounded the guests, when, with the coffee, the valentines were distributed. Instead of the usual paper affairs, they were pretty little gifts, many of which were accompanied by original verses of poetry. The students and the faculty occupied one large table in the shape of the letter H, and everywhere over the board were scattered red hearts. The place cards were large hearts and the bon bons and confections further carried out the idea of the valentines. The dinner is an annual feature of life at the Pennsylvania College for Women, and much interest is attached to it for this reason. Miss Eastman, the new dean of the college, presided at a smaller table, her guests being Dr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gittings and Miss Hall.

After the dinner the juniors, Miss Florence Van Wagener, Miss Elizabeth Pew, Miss Frances Fitzgibbon, Miss Harriet Kerr and Miss Helen Moore, entertained with a dance in Dilworth hall in honor of the faculty. The hall was prettily decorated in red, the class flower, the American Beauty rose, prevailing. Class banners and school flags also aided in giving the large room a festive appearance. Hearts were again in evidence at the dance, the cards being in that form. The guests were the members of the faculty, the collegiate and resident students.

Dinner Dance for the Bridal Party.

Dr. and Mrs. Markley C. Cameron of South Fairmount avenue, entertained last evening for the members of the bridal party who will be in attendance at the wedding of Miss Elsie Brasher Munhall and Arthur Emil Braun, next Tuesday. The dinner of 18 covers was followed by a dance. The dinner guests included Miss Munhall and her mother, Mrs. John Dickson; Miss Luella Menhall, Miss Blanche Munhall, Miss Elsie Braun, Miss Lucy Kennedy, Miss Ida May Alderson, Miss Frances Hamilton, Miss Coroline Lampe, John Munhall, Jr., Carl J. Braun, Jr., Alexander Fritz, Carl Fogle, Charles Lawrence, Claudius Kahle and Dr. William Bevan Cameron. Dinner was served at 7:30 o'clock. The dance was held later in the billiard hall on the third floor. Miss Blanche Munhall, one of the bridesmaids, will give a dinner this evening, and Mr. and Mrs. John Munhall, the parents of the bride, will bring the festivities to a close with a dinner for the bridal party on Monday evening. The wedding rehearsal will be held this evening.

Entertainment for Y. M. C. A.

The entertainment to be given in the Auditorium next Friday evening, February 19, in charge of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. of Sewickley will be both unique and intensely funny. Col. A. V. Newton, manager of the Newton Entertainment Bureau of Worcester, Mass., will conduct the entertainment, and the characters will be represented by prominent people of the valley. The characters are: Judge, C. A. Woods, Esq.; complainant, Samuel Wilson; defendant, L. N. Richardson; defendant's attorney, Col. A. V. Newton; prosecuting attorney, O. S. Richardson; clerk of court, J. A. Kuhn; officer, W. S. Grande; crier, George W. Abbott; witnesses, J. J. Koch, Dr. P. Coffin, Dr. F. K. White, G. A. Hays, Wells J. Tener; jurors, Frank Osborne, D. E. Cane, W. W. Speer, W. F. Phelps, Dr. Robert Macrum, Dr. Hood C. D. Richardson, J. L. Gray, H. K. Underwood, W. W. Titus, Walter Mariatt, Charles A. Rice.

Valentine Dinner.

Mrs. William Flinn will be hostess at a pretty valentine dinner this evening at her home in North Highland avenue. All the appointments will be in keeping with the spirit of the occasion so far as possible. Covers will be laid for 14 and among the guests will be Mr. and Mrs. George Flinn, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander M. Jenkinson, Sidney Brown, Senator John S. Weller, and Sterling Bell, Mrs. Flinn's name sake.

Mrs. Alexander R. Peacock will give a box party at the Nixon this afternoon for several young girls. The matinee party will be followed by a dinner of 12 covers which Mr. and Mrs. Peacock will give at "Rowanlea." The guests will be Miss Catherine Miller, Miss Head, Miss Townsend, Miss Lyon, Miss Jennings, James Roberts Miller, John G. Clemson, Mr. McLean, Mr. Flinn and Mr. Magee.

Euchre for Bride-Elect.

Mrs. William Dalzell Hill entertained the younger women of Oakmont at her home yesterday afternoon from 4 until 6 o'clock, in honor of her sister-in-law, Miss Mabel Hill, whose marriage to John Winchester of Philadelphia will be the event of April 7. Progressive euchre was played at eight tables were in use. The hostess was assisted by her mother, Mrs. Edwin F. Rumberger. Mrs. Thomas P. Henderson, Mrs. Harry Rowand, Miss Emma Johnston and Miss Cora Lee were the prize winners.

Children's Fancy Dress Party.

Mrs. George W. McKee of North avenue, Allegheny, was hostess at a charming little gentleman yesterday in honor of her daughter, Miss Georgiana. Wilson McKee. The little guests came in fancy dress, the hostess and several other little maids appearing in the Swiss peasant costume. The hours were from 3 until 5 o'clock. Four cotillion figures were danced, the leaders being Alan Bakewell, Thomas Cook, Stewart Brown and Jack Stewart. The favors were dainty little floral trifles, fans and valentines.

Luncheon in Sewickley.

Mrs. Charles T. Cooper of Sewickley gave a pretty luncheon at her home at 12:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Covers were laid for 20, and the guests included the members of what is known as the "Old Acquaintances' club," most of whom reside in Allegheny and Pittsburgh. The Sewickley members are Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Russell L. Gilson, Mrs. James Cooper and Mrs. Robert Hookyer.

In Honor of a Bride.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Martin Boyd received their friends at their home in Maple avenue, Allegheny, last evening, in honor of their son and his bride, Mr. and Mrs. Morton McKee Boyd. The hosts and her daughter-in-law received together, the former wearing a modish gown of India silk and the latter attired in her bridal gown of white crepe de chene. Progressive games were played with two prizes for the winners.

Junior Promenade at the Schenley.

The junior promenade of the collegiate and engineering departments of the Western University of Pennsylvania, held at the Schenley last evening, was well attended. It was an exceedingly handsome affair, blue and gold, the university's colors, being seen in the bunting draping the rooms, in the place cards, the dainty cards and in the shades covering the sidelights. The entertainment was given by the classes of '05, '06 and '07 in honor of the class of 1904.

Will Spend Lent in Mercer.

Miss Mary Robinson, who has been spending the winter with her uncle and aunt, Dr. and Mrs. Edward Hanna Small of North Negley avenue, will return to Mercer on Thursday with Miss Lottie Magrelli, who is at present in the city as the guest of Miss Robinson, to remain through Lent. Mrs. Small gave a recital and informal tea party in honor of Miss Magrelli on Wednesday evening.

Cards in the East End.

The large euchre given by Mr. and Mrs. Richard Morley Jennings at their home in Fifth avenue was among the pleasantly informal affairs on yesterday's social calendar. Progressive tables were in use, with six beautiful prizes of cutglass and silver. The tables were placed in the drawing room and library.

Quarterly Meeting of Consumers League.

The Western Pennsylvania branch of the Consumers' league will hold its quarterly meeting in the Twentieth Century club house on Friday afternoon, February 19, at 3 o'clock. Addresses will be made by Miss Julia Morgan, Harding and Rabbi J. Leonard Levy.

Celebrate Tenth Anniversary.

The Johnstown Art league of Johnstown, Pa., will celebrate the tenth anniversary of its organization on Saturday afternoon, February 20, in Johnstown. Miss Florence M. Dibert represented the league yesterday at the conference of Women's Clubs of Western Pennsylvania.

Lectures at the College.

Dr. John Quincy Adams of Philadelphia will deliver two lectures in Dilworth hall, Pennsylvania College for Women, Wednesday and Thursday mornings. The lectures will be on art. Services will be held at the college on Wednesday morning in observance of the day of prayer for colleges.

Informal Entertainments.

Mrs. Robert P. Crum of South St. Clair street gave a luncheon yesterday.

Mrs. Joseph Woodwell entertained at bridge whist yesterday afternoon at her home in Penn avenue.

Mrs. Thomas P. Henderson and her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Clarence Henderson, will entertain at cards this afternoon at their home in Oakmont.

William J. Patton of Allegheny gave a theater party at the Nixon last evening in honor of Mrs. Wynn R. Sewell, who sails next week for Europe.

Miss Pontefract of Fifth avenue will entertain at cards on Tuesday afternoon in honor of her house guest, Miss Isabel Lindsay of Glasgow, N. J., who is expected in the city today.

Mrs. Robert Maurice Sherrard, a bride of the early winter, has invitations out for a tea on Tuesday afternoon, February 23, at which Miss McElveen, whose wedding to Frank Jenkins Patton will take place on February 24.

Mrs. Armstrong and Miss Marsh of the faculty of Pennsylvania College for Women will be in honor of the seniors of the Pennsylvania College for Women on Friday evening of next week in the drawing rooms of the college.

Mrs. Joseph S. Conley of Lehigh avenue will give a card party on Tuesday afternoon next in honor of Mrs. S. A. Middleton of Portland, Ore. Mrs. Middleton is the daughter of Henry Ivanock, owner and manager of the Portland Oregonian, the largest newspaper published on the coast.

Mr. and Mrs. John N. Taylor have invitations out for a large reception at their home in Shadyside on Friday evening, February 19, at 9 o'clock. Miss Mary Helen of Columbus, O., is visiting Mr. Taylor and will receive with the host and hostess.

LIGHT AND DARK,

Day and night, sunshine and shadow are not more different from each other than a healthful from a sickly woman. The healthful woman carries light and sunshine with her wherever she goes. The woman who suffers from ill-health casts a shadow on her own happiness and the happiness of others. She cannot help it. Those who suffer cannot smile and sing.

Ill-health in women is generally traceable to disease of the delicate womanly organism. Many women have been restored to happiness by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

"I feel it my duty to inform you that I had been a sufferer for many years from nervousness with all its symptoms and complications," writes Mrs. O. N. Fisher, of 600 Fulton Street, New York, N. Y. "I was constantly going to see a physician or purchasing medicine for this or that complaint as my troubles became unbearable. I was induced by a friend to write you and he urged me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. After taking one bottle as directed, I felt so much better that I continued taking it, and then I did not take any more for several weeks as I felt so much better, but still I was not completely cured. I commenced taking it again and felt that I was entirely cured. I am happy to say I am not now cross and irritable, and I have a good color in my face; have also gained about five pounds in weight and owe thousands of grateful thanks for what your medicine has done for me."

The dealer who offers a substitute for "Favorite Prescription" does so to gain the little more profit paid on the sale of less meritorious medicines. His profit is your loss, therefore accept no substitute.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper-covered book, or 31 stamps for the cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

BROWN'S Bronchial Troches
Quickly relieve Coughs, Hoarseness, Throat and Lung Troubles.
Contain nothing injurious.
Sold in boxes only. Avoid imitations.

The new stocks are here—Spring Patterns in Carpets, Mattings, Linoleums. Particularly large collection of the high grade Carpetings.

English Wiltons, Axminsters, Body Brussels.

Many of the choice designs are Exclusive—can be found in no other house in this city—The new things from all the best manufacturers are always to be found here as soon as they are offered in New York.

Our long experience in collecting and selling high class floor coverings is a guarantee of the character of the stock.

Oliver McClintock Co.,
219 Fifth Avenue.

OF INTEREST TO MEN!
We give you choice of any season's shoe in our store, $8, $7, $6 and $5 Values,
at **$3.50**
NONE RESERVED.
Over 2,000 Pairs to Select From.
W. B. LOVELESS CO.
SIXTH AND PENN.

PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK
PITTSBURGH, PA.
THE BANK THAT PAYS 4% INTEREST.
Safety first, then think of profit. This bank has the largest capital and surplus of any savings bank in the world. It has never lost a dollar of any money entrusted to it.
Accounts may be started with any amount from $1 up.
Free booklet tells how to bank by mail.
Capital, $1,000,000 Surplus, $1,000,000
FOURTH AVENUE AND WOOD STREET

MICA AXLE GREASE lightens the load—shortens the road.
Helps the team. Saves wear and expense. Sold everywhere.
MADE BY STANDARD OIL CO.

The Best Impressions
ARE MADE WITH
RUBBER STAMPS
MANUFACTURED BY
JAS. H. MATTHEWS & CO.
204 THIRD AVE., PITTSBURGH, PA.

BANKRUPTCY SALE
of the estate of
H. C. BOTSFORD COMPANY,
Bankrupt.
Albert G. Colvin, trustee in bankruptcy, will offer at private sale the entire stock of furniture, etc., of said bankrupt estate,
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1904,
At 2 o'clock p. m. on the premises, No. 1710 Carson st., South Side, Pittsburgh, Pa., being occupied by the bankrupt as retail furniture store. The stock consists of a large assortment of bed room suits, folding beds, chiffoniers, wardrobes, dining room suites, sideboards, kitchen cabinets and numerous other articles of furniture of H. C. Botsford Co., now inventoried together with valuable business and good will. Further information can be obtained at the office of the undersigned.
ALBERT G. COLVIN, Trustee,
420 Diamond Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.
ALBERT B. KOCH,
Attorney for Trustee, Bakewell Bldg.

Don't Give Up.
You can have your clothes made to fit and look perfectly for little money if you call on
Dickson, The Tailor
429 Wood St.

BRAINY WOMEN IN CONFERENCE

Important Subjects Discussed by the Clubs of Western Pennsylvania.

POINTED TALK ON FILTRATION

The conference of the club women of Western Pennsylvania was concluded last evening with a popular discussion of filtration. The evening session was held in the old Third Presbyterian church in Sixth avenue, the change in the place of meeting from Trinity chapel, where the earlier sessions were conducted, being responsible to some extent for the small audience. But what it might lack in numbers it made up in enthusiasm and the question of a better water supply for Pittsburgh was attacked from all sides. Mrs. Ida B. Houghton, vice president for the western district of the State Federation, presided throughout the day, and in the evening was assisted by Dr. William J. Holland, who presented the program for the evening. Mrs. John M. Oakley of Philadelphia spoke on "Shall We Have Pure Water?" She recited historical facts to prove that Pittsburgh is the most afflicted city in the world in the matter of impure water.

Mrs. Oakley said Munich had the best water in the world, drawn from the uncontaminated springs of the Alps. There was less typhoid fever in that city than in any other city on the earth's surface. At the bottom of the mortuary list, indicative of the highest death rate, stood Peking, China, and Pittsburgh.

Dr. W. J. Holland, director of Carnegie museum, read the details of the filtration commission, of which he was a member, and said that $40,000 had been spent in experiments to determine the best kind of a filter to adopt. The commission, he said, had determined upon sand filtration as the only feasible means of obtaining pure water. The report was filed 10 years ago and had been the basis of several books on the subject since that time, but up to date nothing had been accomplished for a filtration plant for Pittsburgh.

Where the Responsibility Lies.

Prof. Zueblin said the responsibility for nearly 500 deaths from typhoid fever laid at the doors of the "decent people" of Pittsburgh.

The opening of the conference was a pretty feature. The little Italian children in the kindergarten of Trinity parish yesterday morning marched into the chapel, with small American flags in their hands they mounted the platform and opened the conference by singing "America," the club women from all Western Pennsylvania joining in the patriotic song. After the departure of the children prayer was offered by Mrs. R. C. Wiley of the Wilkinsburg Presbyterian church. An address of welcome was delivered by Miss Suzanne Beatty, of the New Era club. Mrs. Ida M. Houghton of Bradford, state vice president for the Western district, responded. The report of the secretary, Mrs. Franklin P. Hamlin, was read by Mrs. Mattie Patterson and the report of the treasurer, Mrs. A. C. Knox, was omitted, Mrs. Knox having gone south and the report not yet having been received.

The roll call was responded to by representatives from the local clubs and many of the out-of-town clubs in this district. The two youngest clubs in the federation, the Tecaderon Art club and the Knoxville Woman's club, were represented by Mrs. M. E. Van Wagoner and Mrs. Oscar Habigger respectively. Miss Jane Murdock reported for the Colloquium club and created a high degree of enthusiasm among the women present with the report of that club's effort to add to the endowment of the Pennsylvania College for Women, of which most of its members are alumnae. Mrs. A. S. Hunter, president of the Woman's club of Wilkinsburg, detailed the story of the care of back yards in the borough.

For College-Trained Women.

Miss Elizabeth Easton, the dean of the Pennsylvania College for Women, presented a strong plea for college-trained women. The Rev. Alfred Arundel, D. D., rector of Trinity church, commended the great work club women and organized womanhood are doing.

Prof. Charles Zueblin of the Chicago university, spoke on "The New Civic Spirit." In part he said:

Long ago you sold your birthright for a mess of pottage. The Wabash would have been here many months ago if you had not looked yourself up in the arms of the Pennsylvania railroad. As a community you are glutted with riches. There is no common interest here. Your schools are divided into wards, and you cannot and you will not have good schools until you unify them. How did you get the Carnegie library and its branch libraries, the Pittsburgh orchestra and your art galleries? Because they were given to you. By accepting these gifts and making no effort yourself to secure them and other advantages as great you are pauperizing yourselves. To counteract this apathy promote a new civic spirit, a common interest for a common purpose. First, get rid of the smoke. Smoke is the symbol of nothing but ignorance. Second, do away with the billboards. Third, improve the public schools.

Mrs. Alice B. Montgomery, the first probation officer in Pittsburgh, gave a talk on the work of the juvenile court. Mrs. E. E. Crocker read a number of letters from judges who have presided over the juvenile court of Allegheny county approving of it. A discussion of questions presented through the question box was conducted. The Rev. S. Edward Young was called on for an informal talk.

The local clubs were all represented by a large number of their members and included the Twentieth Century, Sorosis, Woman's club, Travelers, New Era, Wimodausis, Women's Press club, Tourists, Business Women's club, Colonial, Civic club and Ecoh club.

Out-of-Town Guests.

The representatives of the out-of-town clubs were: Mrs. Albert Uhler, Women's club of Bel Avon; Mrs. J. E. Wemmer and Mrs. I. B. Weisz, Irwin Musical and Literary club, Irwin; Mrs. C. M. Travis, Women's Suffrage Club of Wilkinsburg; Mrs. A. S. Hunter, Mrs. O. L. Blachly, Mrs. W. C. Wells and Mrs. R. C. Wiley, Women's Club of Wilkinsburg; Mrs. W. L. Lindsley, Thursday Afternoon Club of Wilkinsburg; Mrs. Ida B. Houghton, Women's Literary Club of Bradford; Mrs. Lavinia H. Hall, Titusville Women's club, Titusville; Miss Stockdale, Current Events club, Washington; Miss M. Stella Moore, Women's Club of Carnegie; Mrs. W. C. Anderson and Miss Helen P. Pershing, Sorosis Club of Wilkinsburg; Mrs. A. F. McBurney, Shakespeare Club of Canonsburg; Mrs. Oscar F. Habigger, Knoxville Woman's club; Mrs. J. A. Herron, Monongahela Women's club; Mrs. A. O. Livingston, New Brighton Women's club; Mrs. A. H. Jones, Women's Suffrage Club of Wilkinsburg; Mrs. Mary S. Moore, Woman's Club of Carnegie; Mrs. D. H. Fee, Shakespeare club, Canonsburg; Mrs. R. E. Hammett, Homestead; Mrs. J. L. Fitzer and Mrs. Edward Kearns, Women's club, Wilkinsburg; Mrs. W. R. Hawk, Women's club, Wilkinsburg; Mrs. George B. Morgan, Cleveland; Miss Mary Kellar, Women's Club of Wilkinsburg; Mrs. Martha C. Glenn, Mrs. H. A. Johns and Miss Susie McNair, Women's club, Carnegie; Mrs. E. T. Montague, Shakespeare club, Conneautville; Mrs. Harriet M. Cramer, Woman's club of Oakmont; Mrs. Louise W. Knox, Women's club, Ben Avon; Mrs. J. E. Chatterton, Mt. Pleasant, Mich.; Miss Florence M. Dibert, Johnstown Art League, Johnstown.

WILL DRAFT NEW MEMORIAL HALL ACT

Veterans to Go Before Next Legislature Upon Court's Suggestion.

Erection of the soldiers' memorial hall as authorized by the act of May 3, 1902, is postponed by the action of Judge J. R. Macfarlane in witholding the court's approval until next January, when the soldiers' organizations of the county will ask the legislature to revise the act.

The Union Veteran Legion appealed to Judge MacFarlane to prevent the county commissioners from adopting plans for the hall which would not have met with the approval of the soldiers. The new act will be modified so as to call for an advisory committee which will co-operate with the commissioners and see that plans are submitted in competition.

At a meeting of the memorial hall committee of the G. A. R. of Allegheny county and the Union Veteran Legion, held in the court house Thursday, Judge Macfarlane was present by invitation. He explained that the action of the court should not be construed as indicating opposition. All of the judges agreed, he said, that the act is a meritorious one. He explained that the trouble was over the failure of the act to provide for an advisory committee of veterans and taxpayers, as recommended by three successive grand juries to the court.

PERSONALS

The regular monthly meeting of the Hotel and Restaurant association, composed of hotel proprietors, was held at the Lincoln yesterday afternoon. The association has existed for about four months ago, during which time it has succeeded in preventing many hotel "beats" imposing on the hotels. According to the report of Secretary P. Ambrose, many new members were taken into the organization during the past month. He expects that all the leading hotels will affiliate with the organization within the next few weeks.

G. T. Jones of Somerset spent yesterday in Pittsburgh and left last night over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad for his home. He said: "Business in our vicinity is paralyzed. The coal strike has thrown several thousand men idle, and what few are working are such a small proportion that their earnings are insignificant. Somerset and surrounding towns depend entirely upon the output of the mines, and when they are idle there is no business."

"For three weeks," said Conductor J. Spear of the Pennsylvania limited, "the trains have been late. While the weather has something to do with the delay, yet there have been other causes. Tonight we were held back of a freight train for nearly an hour. The train was an hour and 30 minutes late arriving at the Union station.

Mme. Patti will reach the city at 7:15 a. m. tomorrow. The fire in Baltimore closed the date for tomorrow night. She will stop at the Hotel Schenley.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

The nearby residents registered at the local hotels last night were as follows:

Monongahela House—Q. H. Anderson, Venetia; H. L. Connelly, Butler; H. Nevin, East Liverpool.

Lincoln—E. N. Bush, York; R. Kennerdell, Franklin; O. Buffington, Kittanning.

Colonial—W. H. Clark, Waynesburg; John J. Fox, Marietta; George Kline, Latrobe.

Seventh Avenue—W. L. Rhodes, Butler; F. P. Kendall, Wheeling; James N. McKee, Johnstown; James C. Bracken, Greenville.

Duquesne—A. M. Todd, Washington; T. W. Edmundson, Fairmont; M. T. Christopher, Findlay.

Griswold—A. H. Black, Marion.

Henry—Charles R. Darrow, Youngstown; C. T. Lowry, Latrobe; J. Taylor, Washington; G. W. Phillips, Uverson; H. H. Meyers, Ebensburg.

Anderson—F. G. Sutherland, Dunbar.

Newell's—N. L. Johnson, Punxsutawney.

Recent Deaths.

The Rev. James B. Wagner.

The Rev. James B. Wagner, aged 78, a former Methodist Episcopal preacher, died yesterday at his residence, 6 Hillcrest street, Allegheny. He had been ill for almost six years and had been confined to his house for the last year. Mr. Wagner was born in Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, and was educated in the city schools. Later he was graduated from Allegheny college, Meadville. He did evangelical work in this and of the state for years and had charges at New Paris, Mt. Carmel and Clairton. At times he filled pulpits in Pittsburgh and Allegheny as supply. He was at one time superintendent of the Law and Order society of this city. He was a member of Great Western lodge, Knights of Pythias, and of the Senior Order of United American Workmen. During his residence in Allegheny for the last six years he had been a member of the North Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, from where he will be buried tomorrow afternoon at 1 o'clock. He is survived by his widow.

Henry H. Cranston.

Henry H. Cranston, aged 76, died yesterday afternoon at the residence, 901 Penrith street, McKeesport. He was born in Scotland and came to this country in 1856. For the last 10 years he had lived retired. He is survived by six children—Mrs. J. W. Stewart, Mrs. J. W. Sharrow, Mrs. James Toms and Miss Barbara Cranston, all of McKeesport; David Cranston of Tonawanda, N. Y., and Joseph Cranston of McKeesport.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. Lydia Baker, aged 83 years, widow of Benjamin Baker, died Thursday at her home near Wellsburg, W. Va. She leaves 11 children.

Wilson A. Sterling is dead at the Sterling homestead, in Derry township, Westmoreland county, aged 51 years. His widow survives.

Mrs. Mary A. Loughrey, aged 64, died suddenly of heart disease at the home of her niece, Mrs. Edward Kaylor, No. 1107 Sedgwick street, Allegheny, yesterday.

L. D. Shaffenberger, a well-known resident of Oil City, aged 50 years, died suddenly yesterday. The only known relatives are a brother and sister who are supposed to live in Philadelphia. Mr. Shaffenberger never possessed considerable real estate adjacent to the city.

Miss Hester L. Jackman, aged 31 years, daughter of Mrs. Jabe and the late John Jackman, is dead at Industry, after an illness of several years. She was a member of the Presbyterian church. She leaves her mother, one brother, John Jackman, Chicago, Ill., and one sister, Mrs. Mary Litten, Peoria, Ill.

James Cleary, one of the best known citizens in Sharon, died Thursday night at his home after a long illness. He was born in County Galway, Ireland, 87 years ago and had resided in Sharon for the past 35 years. For many years he was one of the best known members of the Sacred Heart parish. He was one of the oldest employes of the Sharon rolling mills. He is survived by three sons and two daughters.

Theodore G. Feyler, father of ex-Postmaster Frank Feyler of Rochester, died at his home in Rochester yesterday morning, at the age of 78 years. Mr. Feyler was born in Baden, Germany, and moved to Beaver county in 1854, and with the exception of two years spent in Bridgewater, has since resided in Rochester. He was a member of the Evangelical Lutheran church. He is survived by his wife and these children: Franklin, Rochester; William, Pittsburgh; Mrs. H. A. Wehlergeld, Rochester; Mrs. J. G. Maxwell, Pittsburgh, and Miss Emma, Rochester.

FREE ORGAN RECITAL.

Edwin H. Lemare will give organ recitals this evening and tomorrow afternoon in Pittsburgh Carnegie Music hall. Among the numbers will be one of Mr. Lemare's compositions and the music from "Das Rheingold," the entry of the gods into Walhalla.

H. P. Ecker, at the Allegheny Carnegie Music hall, this afternoon will be assisted by Mrs. Katherine L. McKallip of Beaver and Miss Maurer.

Mr. Lemare's program for this evening follows:

Prelude and Fugue in G Major.....Bach
Caprice, Orientale.....Lemare
(By Request.)
Schlussene from "Das Rheingold".....Wagner
Organ Symphony, No. 5.....Widor
I. Allegro Vivace. II. Andante Cantabile. III. Andantino Quasi Allegretto. IV. Allegro Vivacissimo.
Toccata.

This is Mr. Ecker's program for this afternoon:

Organ, "March du Sacre".....Meyerbeer
(a) Andante religioso.....Dossi
(b) Air du Dauphin.....Rosckau
Overture, "Tannhauser".....Wagner
Reading, "Selected".....
Mrs. Katherine Latshaw McKallip.
Organ, (a) Ave Maria.....Schubert
(b) Serenade.....Schubert
Fantasie on "Romeo and Juliet".....Gounod
(a) Swedish Wedding March.....Soederman
(b) La Carnavane.....Ebenberg
Violin Solo, "Elegie".....Dethoun
Miss Maurer.
Organ, Grande Chosur.....Dubois

For next Monday evening's recital Mr. Ecker is making special arrangements.

STUDENTS HONOR GIRL FROM THE STEEL CITY

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Helen J. Waldo of Pittsburgh was one of the guests of honor at the annual junior promenade of the University of Wisconsin tonight. The event is the most notable social event of the college year, and each of the fraternities at the university entertained in honor of one young woman outside the sisterhood. Miss Waldo was the guest of the Alpha Delta Phi at a box party at the promenade tonight. A dance, dinner and reception is planned for tomorrow and a sleigh ride party for Sunday.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

"For 40 years I have depended on Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds. I know it greatly strengthens weak lungs."—Mrs. P. A. ROBINSON, Saline, Mich.

Take cold easily? Throat tender? Lungs weak? Any relatives have consumption? Then a cough means a great deal to you. Your doctor will tell you to take the medicine that has been healing weak lungs for sixty years. He knows. Do as he says. Trust him.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

WANTED.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

Agents.

AGENTS wanted for selling specialties, $4 00 outfit free; unincumbered; steady; lucrative. Clarence A. Wagner Mfg. Co., 1420 Penn ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Male Help.

A THREE SCHOOLARSHIP in Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Bookkeeping, Arithmetic, Spelling, Letter Writing, Grammar, Punctuation, Commercial Law, Business Practice, Correspondence, Rapid Calculation, Mercantile Arithmetic, Commercial Geography, Commercial Law, Penmanship, Typewriting, Shorthand

FOR RENT.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

PARTIAL RENT LIST.

APARTMENTS.

Avalon Apartment—Very comfortable modern flats of 4 rooms and bath each, at California ave., near Florence ave., Avalon. Heat and light furnished for halls. $27.50 and $30.

Elberon Apartments, corner Wineb dde and Friendship aves., 3 and 4-room flats, with bath, range, hot and cold water etc.; possession February 1. $27.50 to $37.50. (r571

Homer Apartments, 5542-5546 Homer st., near Negley and Stanton aves., beautiful 3 and 4-room apartments in Highland park district; every imaginable convenience. (r329 & r342

Lennox Apartments, 223, 227, 231 Matilda st., near Penn ave.; highest class apartments of 3 and 4 rooms each, with bath and every modern comfort.

PITTSBURGH DWELLINGS.

$15—3 rooms on second floor, 2816 Center ave., near Herron ave. (r640

$15—5 rooms on first floor, bath, 7 Anderson st., near Thirty-third st. (r470

$26—Flat of 3 rooms and bath, third floor, 11 Stevenson st., cor. Fifth ave. (r624

$25—To April 1st ($27.50 thereafter), 2-story and mansard brick, 8 rooms, bath, 534 Herron ave., near Center ave. (r640

$85—Fine large house suitable for rooming or boarding house; 16 rooms and all conveniences; lot 100x165; stable (4 stalls) and carriage house; absolutely the finest house in this section. (r690

EAST END DWELLINGS.

$47.50 to April 1st ($50 thereafter), 8 room modern brick house, at 712 S. Linden ave., near Reynolds st. House will be put in first class condition. Possession at once. (r707

$100—3-story brick, 11 rooms, lot 55x150, 703 Winetidde ave., near Friendship ave. (r281

$125—3-story brick, 14 rooms, lot 75x140; stable, carriage house, 3605 Fifth ave., near Lothrop st. (r656

$150—3-story brick, apartment house; will lease entire for boarding house; Fifth ave. and Lothrop st. (r656

$2,000 a year—3-story shingle and brick residence, 17 rooms, 2 baths; lot 114x157; Center ave., corner Neville st. (r604

$2,500 a year—2-story, 15-room brick, 3 baths, lot 60x150; stable; completely furnished, $3,000; 4259 Fifth ave. (r428

SUBURBAN DWELLINGS.

Edgewood, Pa., 4 Dewey ave., modern 2-story brick, $37.50. (r638

Wilkinsburg, Pa., 45214 Ella st., 2-story brick, 6 rooms, modern, $26. (r468

ALLEGHENY DWELLINGS.

$6-$12 a month—9 new frame houses in Jacks Run road (near High Bridge), 2 to 4 rooms. (r484

$25—Flat of 6 rooms and bath, second floor; 152 Taggart st., near Sarah st. (r608

$45—3 2-story brick 10-room reception-hall houses; Marlboro ave., near California ave. (r643

BUSINESS PLACES.

$35 a month—2 connecting offices; heat and light (Penn ave., side); 6223 Penn ave. (r615

$50 a month—Storeroom and basement, 18x100, natural gas, 3906 Fifth ave. (r415

$75 a month—Large hall, 30x80 ft., suitable for lodge room, billiard hall or dancing hall; 3506 Fifth ave. (r996

$90 a month—Offices or dwelling, 9 rooms, second, third and fourth floors, 642 Smithfield st. (r555

$100 a month—Large business room; second floor, 114 Sixth st.; possession at once. (r544

$1,000 a year—Storeroom with dwelling overhead; 1033-35 Fifth ave. (r408

$1,000 a year—Storeroom, 18x90 ft., heat and light furnished; 3615 Forbes st., near Atwood st. (r549

$1,500 a year—Storeroom and basement, 20x70 ft., at 1431 Fifth ave.; rooms for dwelling and workshop over store; $900. (r468

$2,250 a year—Storeroom, 18x40 ft., 2 rooms second floor front, $1,200; 2 rooms second floor rear, $600; 42 Penn ave. (r538

$3,000 a year—Room 20x30, second floor, cor. Fifth ave. and Wood st. (over B. & O. ticket office). (r542

$3,000 a year—2 front second floor rooms, 1,200 sq. ft.; $4,500 a year for third floor, about 3,000 sq. ft., with 4,000 fourth floor, 2,000 sq. ft. Hamilton Hall, cor. Wood st. and Virgin alley. (r583

$7,500 a year—Modern new business house, steel construction; passenger and freight elevator, electric light, steam heat; 40x70 ft.; Fifth ave., cor. Stevenson st. (r468

$8,000 a year—3-story brick business house, 10x80 ft., 540 Smithfield st. (r576

4-STORY BUSINESS BUILDING.

$4,000 a year—4-story brick, 30x160; elevator; at 427 Water st. and 438 First ave., fronting on both streets. (r469

STORES IN AVALON.

For Rent—2 new storerooms, California ave., near Florence ave., Avalon, Pa.; suitable for almost any business; one room 13x40 feet, $25; room 27x40 ft., $40. Possession April 1.

IN DOWNTOWN PENN AVE.

$4,000 a year—3-story store and business block, 20x110 ft., 722 Penn ave., cor. Eighth st. (r638

SEVENTH AVE. STORE.

$2,500 a year—Store room; 30x120 ft.; light and elevator service furnished; 419 Seventh ave.

ON DUQUESNE WAY.

For Rent—Cor. Fourth st. and Duquesne way, 4-story brick bldg., 30 ft. on Duquesne way by 100 ft. on Fourth st.; almost new; good for wholesale business, light manufacturing, etc.; good light; gas engine and 100-light generator; will rent as a whole or by floors; possession April 1.

GOOD WHOLESALE STAND.

$6,000 a year—4-story brick business building, 34x100 ft., at 632-4 Liberty ave. Possession April 1.

WOOD STREET BUSINESS BUILDING.

$3,600 a year—4-story brick mercantile bldg., 9,000 sq. ft. floor space. Possession April 1. 108 Wood st.

DOWNTOWN BUSINESS HOUSE.

$6,000 a year—Suitable for wholesale business, 28x100 ft., 4-story brick building, 622 Liberty ave. Possession April 1.

LARGE PENN AVE. STORE.

$2,500 a year—For storeroom on first floor and 6 dwelling rooms on second and third floors. Possession April 1. 703 Penn ave.

HANDSOMEST STORE IN CITY.

$5,000 a year—Large storeroom in New Nixon theater building, Sixth ave. The Nixon stores are the most handsomely appointed in Greater Pittsburgh.

IN HEART OF SHOPPING DISTRICT.

For Rent at 426 Penn ave., in favorite shopping district, storeroom 18x40 ft., for $2,200 per annum; also 2 rooms, second floor front, same building, $1,200 per annum; 2 rooms, second floor, rear, $600 per annum.

WOOD ST. BUSINESS BLOCK.

$3,600 a year—4-story brick business house, 9,000 sq. ft. floor space. Possession April 1, 119 Wood st.

WOOD ST. CORNER FOR RENT.

$4,000 a year—4-story brick business house, 10,000 sq. ft. floor space, 114 Wood st., cor. Second ave. Possession April 1.

SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIAN.

...month at 5612 Penn ave., near ..., double parlors adapted to ...sician. (r550

...TS IN ARNFELD BLDG.

...oar—For nice light office with heat, janitor service, at 1111-1113 Penn ... Eleventh st. (q711

...RE AND DWELLING ROOMS.

...At 430 Sixth ave., near Grant st., 5-...ick building; store and 14 dwelling (r681

...OWNTOWN STORE FOR RENT.

...Seventh ave. and Smithfield st., large ...om and basement; steam heat free; rent ... for first year, $4,000 for second year ...ird year. Possession April 1st. (r543

STORAGE OR BUSINESS ROOM.

...r Rent—2,300 sq. ft. floor space, Penn ave., ...Joseph Horne Co. (rear of University Club ...ding). Rent only $600 per annum.

DOWNTOWN WAREHOUSE FOR RENT.

...Six-story warehouse, 40x80 feet, with natural ...ht on all sides; Strawberry alley, near Foun...in st.; good elevator, best of shipping fa...ities; building now occupied by Dawes Mfg. ...

FINE BUSINESS LOT FOR RENT.

Will lease fine downtown lot, near Fifth ave., for long period to party who will improve it; location is especially desirable for high-class restaurant or hotel; corner two good streets; see at once.

FOUR MODERN WAREHOUSES.

For rent in Grant st., near Seventh ave., busy wholesale district, four 6-story and basement warehouses, comprising the mercantile block. Each 20x95 ft. to alley. Rental, $4,000 each, including steam heat and power for steam elevator.

MODERN WAREHOUSE FOR RENT.

Thoroughly modern warehouse of 6 stories and basement in Second ave., near Wood st., about 17,000 sq. ft. floor space, elevator, high ceilings, gas engine for power and light; will rent on reasonable terms to good, responsible party.

MANUFACTURING BUILDING.

For Rent—At 1507-9 Liberty ave., near Fifteenth st., 2-story brick building, 48x15 ft.; good cellar; about 2,000 sq. ft. floor space; can be used for manufacturing purposes; $750 per year. Possession at once.

MANUFACTURING OR STORAGE BLDG.

For Rent—At 1511-15 Liberty ave., near Fifteenth st., 2-story brick building, 50x89, with good cellar. Contains about 5,850 sq. ft. floor space. Can be used for manufacturing or storage. $1,500 per year. Possession at once.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

East End.

"THE PACIFIC"—First-class rooms with desirable board; newly furnished house. 224 Pacific ave.

"THE ARLINGTON," Sheridan and Hoeveller sts. Furnished rooms, rates reasonable, meal tickets; Highland ave. cars. Bell phone, 5063-2 East.

"THE IMPERIAL," 17 Frankstown ave.—Rooms furnished, also best 25c meal in city.

WANTED—One or two young men to board in private family; Oakland district; steam heat and bath; five car lines; reference required. Address S 29, The Gazette.

Allegheny.

BOYLE ST., 1314—Neatly furnished rooms, all conveniences; meal tickets $2.50.

FEDERAL ST., 1350—Furnished front room, all conveniences; board if desired.

PALO ALTO, 1212—Neatly furnished rooms; best of board; every convenience.

SANDUSKY ST., 816—Wanted, roomers and boarders; every convenience.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

DIVISION ST., 91, Bellevue—Two unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, with bath.

FOR RENT—For business, 418 Penn ave., second floor, 4 rooms; will rent in suites of two rooms each; also finished attic. Inquire of Dr. Warner, on premises.

FOR RENT—Suite of 5 unfurnished rooms; bath and all conveniences. 2247 Center ave.

FLAVEL ST., 148, E. E.—Two unfurnished rooms; no children.

LORRAINE PLACE, 202—Furnished and unfurnished rooms; gas, bath.

MAIN ST., 4122, Bloomfield—Three unfurnished rooms, with bath, $11.

East End.

BATES ST., 3601—For rent, three nice light unfurnished rooms; light housekeeping.

HAMILTON AVE., 6805—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms, gas, bath and laundry.

LARIMER AVE.—Four unfurnished rooms, all conveniences. Inquire 28 Joseph st.

Avalon.

CORNER Forest and Ohio sts.: 4 unfurnished rooms, with use of bath and laundry; near trains and street cars.

WANTED—ROOMS.

A BIG DEMAND FOR FURNISHED ROOMS. List with us. Many applicants waiting, with best references. Reasonable charges. THE INDUSTRIAL COMPANY, Room 306, 331 Fourth Ave.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

BOARDING HOUSE.

Fifth ave.: eighteen room brick, 3 baths; $150 per month.

UNION REALTY COMPANY,
Penn Ave. and Ninth St.

FOR RENT—"Maxwellton Oaks," Swissvale; 5½ acres, with 16-room house, bowling alley and stable; 10 minutes' walk to golf links of Country club and Edgewood club; $100 per month, April to October, or $75 by the year. F. G. CRAIGHEAD, insurance and Real Estate, Swissvale. Telephone Wilkins 425.

FOR RENT—Hazelwood and Glenwood dwellings and apartments. Send for new list just issued. Our specialty is renting in that locality. H. O. Hornberger, 4737 Second ave., Hazelwood.

FOR RENT—1415 Swissvale st., Wilkinsburg, 8 rooms, pressed brick, all conveniences; $30 per month. Immediate possession. Address Johnston, Box 228, Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—423 Denniston ave., E. E., modern brick house, 10 rooms and reception hall; desirable location; rent $850 per year. See C. M. Hostetter, 523 Wood st.

East End Residences.

FOR RENT.

Houses desirably located with modern conveniences.

$30—Portland Place, near Stanton ave., brick, 6 rooms.

$30—Collins ave., brick, hall, 8 rooms.

$35—Kentucky ave., near S. Negley ave., frame, hall, 8 rooms.

$35—Potter st., near Aiken ave., frame, hall, 8 rooms.

$36—Parker st., near Summerlea st., frame, hall, 8 rooms.

$22.50—Emerson st., between Highland and Shady ave., frame, hall, 8 rooms.

$35—Craft ave., Oakland, frame, 8 rooms, large lot.

$35—Flavel st., near Station st., brick, hall, 8 rooms.

$32.50—Mellon st., near Stanton ave., new brick, hall, 6 rooms.

$42.50—Chislett st., near Wellesley ave., brick, reception hall, 9 rooms.

$40—Maple ave., Edgewood, brick, hall, 8 rooms.

$45—Farragut st., near Stanton ave., brick, hall, 9 rooms.

$45—Dallas ave., between Penn ave. and Forbes st., brick, reception hall, 9 rooms.

$50—Euclid ave., near Hays st., brick, hall, 9 rooms.

$50—Frankstown ave., near Dallas, new brick, reception hall, 10 rooms.

$60—S. Euclid ave., near Baum st., brick and stone, reception hall, 9 rooms.

$50—Homer st., near Heath st., new brick, reception hall, 9 rooms.

$66—Morewood ave., near Millvale ave., new brick, reception hall, 10 rooms, hardwood floors and finish.

$75—Callowhill st., brick and stone, reception hall, 10 rooms, 2 bath rooms.

$90—Bellefield ave., brick, reception hall, 10 rooms.

$100—Ellsworth ave., Shadyside, brick, reception hall, 10 rooms.

$100—Bryant st., near N. Negley ave., brick, reception hall, 12 rooms.

Send card for complete list East End houses and apartments and map free.

J. H. LLOYD,
6200 Penn ave., E. E., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT—Shadyside, 415 Neville st., house of 12 rooms and two baths. Everything modern, including burglar alarm, instantaneous heater, cheval mirrors in all bedrooms. Convenient to all cars and in a choice neighborhood. Inquire Henry Rea, Jr., 435 Neville st. 'Phone 242 Park.

FOR RENT.

12 room brick, stone front, best E. E. location, 2 baths, 2 w. c.'s, cabinet mantles throughout. All modern.

A. P. GILLESPIE,
405 Fourth ave.

SEND for our rent list of East End houses and dwellings.

LIBERTY REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
6128 Penn ave.

SEND postal for complete rent list of East End houses. J. W. SHERRER, 6106 Penn ave.

SEND for my list of East End houses. F. O. Van Gorder, 6212 Penn ave. Tel. 301.

Offices.

TO LET.

EMPIRE BUILDING.

Some choice offices in this high-grade building; service and appointment the best.

SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
Farmers Bank Building.

THE KEYSTONE BUILDING.

320 TO 324 FOURTH AVE.

Located in the heart of Pittsburgh's business district; service unsurpassed; a few offices, single and EN SUITE at moderate rentals.

UNION REALTY COMPANY,
Penn Ave. and Ninth St.

FOR RENT—Private office and use of general reception room in one of the best located office buildings in the city. Address J. S. McKee, 515 Frick building.

Storerooms.

TO LET.

Store building, Penn ave., opposite Hotel Lincoln.

3-story brick building, fine business location.

A. D. WILSON,
221 Federal st.,
Allegheny, Pa.

TO LET.

Storeroom and warehouse, No. 715 Liberty avenue; at present occupied by Bartlett Furnace & Range Co. Inquire

H. & G. C. BURGWIN,
424 Fourth Ave.

FOR RENT.

$125.00—340-342 Third avenue, near Smithfield; front store, 18x30, large back room 40x50.

YODER & YODER,
Yoder Law Building, Fifth and Wylie aves.

TO LET.

Store room, Federal st., Allegheny, fine large store room and cellar.

A. D. WILSON,
221 Federal st.,
Allegheny, Pa.

Farms.

FOR RENT—Farm of 75 acres, fine apple orchard and other fruits, good farming land; good outbuildings and house; rent reasonable; 1½ miles from Glenfield station, P. Ft. Wayne R. R. Inquire adjoining farm. John Wachter.

Desk Room.

FURNISHED Fifth ave. office desires tenant; seldom occupied. D 95, The Gazette.

FOR RENT.

Business Properties.

TO LET.

LARGE DOUBLE ROOM,

KLEBER MUSIC BUILDING.

221-223 Fifth ave.

Best retail location in Pittsburgh.

JANITOR SERVICE, HEAT, LIGHT AND ELEVATOR INCLUDED; $40 MONTH; MOST REASONABLE RENT ON FIFTH AVE.

To Let Business House

446 Liberty at head Fifth st., extending through to Diamond st., 4 floors. See COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE AND TRUST COMPANY, 327 and 329 Fourth ave.

LIGHT MANUFACTURING SPACE—In new Bailey-Farrell building, Third ave. and Ross st.; absolutely fire proof; fast freight and passenger elevators; light on four sides.

S. B. KINGSLEY, 717 Frick Building.
'Phone Court 14.

ALSO

Downtown warehouse and foundry to let. Fronting on First and Second avenues. Extra strong building, containing 20,700 sq. ft. floor space.

60 horse power engine and boiler.

An unusual opportunity; low rent.

S. B. KINGSLEY, 717 Frick Building.
'Phone Court 14.

FOR RENT—

WAREHOUSE.

Three-Story Brick Building.

Downtown.

Rent Low.

A. B. HAY, JR.,
606-610 Farmers Bank Building.

FOR RENT.
Excelsior Building.
Corner Grant street and Sixth avenue.

Basement—2,006 square feet; first, fourth and fifth floors, 2,400 square feet each; passenger and freight elevator service; steam heat.

JOHN E. SHAW,
428 Frick building.

TO LET—41 WATER ST., NEAR WEST ST. Brick building, 60x80 feet. Suitable for shop, storage or stable. For information see COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE AND TRUST CO.,
327 and 329 Fourth Ave.

TO LET.

Business property PENN AVE., Pittsburgh.
WATER ST., Pittsburgh.
FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.
BEAVER AVE., Allegheny.

A. D. WILSON,
221 Federal st.,
Allegheny, Pa.

TO LET.

PENN AVE., Pittsburgh, first and third floors.
No. 415 Penn ave.

A. D. WILSON,
221 Federal st.,
Allegheny, Pa.

TO LET.

PENN AVENUE, Pittsburgh, cor. Evans alley, 3-story brick building suitable for any business.

A. D. WILSON,
221 Federal st.,
Allegheny, Pa.

FOR RENT—SPACE with light, heat and power, in the new power building, corner Penn ave. and Thirty-second st. Apply to Thomas Ward, on the premises.

FOR RENT—Brick building, 3-story and store room; Third ave., near Market st. Apply at Guskey's.

FOR RENT—Space for power or storage. J. E. Booth & Co., 435 Liberty ave.

Furnished Rooms.
FURNISHED HOUSE.

Woodland road, 14 room brick with all modern conveniences; completely furnished in elegant style; $200 per month.

UNION REALTY COMPANY,
Penn Ave. and Ninth St.

FURNISHED HOUSE.

Ben Venue ave., 8 room brick, modern, comfortably; we can write lease for one or two years; $75 per month.

UNION REALTY COMPANY,
Penn Ave. and Ninth St.

Apartments.

APARTMENTS.

For Rent—At 44 Wyoming street, Mt. Washington, near head of Monongahela incline; 6 rooms, with bath, private cellar, laundry, gas, hot water furnished; can have possession February 1, 1904.

APPLY 42 WYOMING STREET,
Mt. Washington.

HOMER APARTMENTS—In Homer st., East End, corner of Negley ave.; $27.50.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

SEWICKLEY.
LARGE COLONIAL RESIDENCE.

Center hall, 12 rooms, exclusive of store rooms, bathrooms, butler's pantries, etc.; every convenience known to modern dwelling; large porches, porte cochere; stable for five horses with man's suite of rooms; 5 acres of highly improved grounds, with kitchen garden, most beautiful view in the valley; within 5 minutes from station; suitable for all-the-year-round residence; could be profitably sub-divided; has two prominent frontages of 423 feet each; owners Centre selling before taking up permanent residence in the far west; any reasonable offer will be accepted for quick sale.

SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
Farmers Bank Building.

FINE WILKINSBURG DWELLING.

For Sale—In Penn ave., Wilkinsburg—Good residence district, 2-story and mansard brick residence, 10 rooms, reception hall, 2 bath rooms, 2 porches, hardwood finish; lot 20x140; now rents for $60 per month; can give immediate possession; price $10,000; cash, $4,500, balance mortgage at 5.4 per cent.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—$2,750—This is very cheap at $25 per month; house of 5 rooms and bath. Inquire No. 322 Grove st., McKees Rocks. Take West Park cars, get off at Wayne ave. and walk down to Grove st.

FOR SALE.
Crafton houses. Easy terms.
WILLIAM A. ZAHN,
Tradesmens Building.

INVESTIGATE THIS.

Two squares from the car line, Avalon, frame house of four rooms, gas and water; lot 25x100; price only $1,800; terms $500 cash, balance to suit.

BELLEVUE REALTY SAV. & TRUST CO.,
440 Lincoln ave., Bellevue, Pa.

FOR SALE—House, 5 rooms and bath; new house in Crafton; price, $2,500; will sell on monthly payments. Owner, 1507 Arnott bldg.

FOR SALE—
IN WILKINSBURG—A 9-room brick dwelling, bath, toilet, furnace, etc.; in good location, near R. R. station and electric cars; price only $5,850.

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
425 Fourth ave.

$2,500 for a 6-room house.
$4,500 for a reception hall brick.
Don't rent, but buy one of our houses on easy terms.
MILLER & CO., 430 Fourth ave.

East End Residences.
TWO FINE SHADYSIDE

Residence properties of 12 and 14 rooms, with all modern requirements; excellent locations; large residences all around.

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
425 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

East End Residences.

FOR SALE
$8,000 RESIDENCE

Choice location, East End district. May be purchased as of April 1st, thus affording an opportunity to get possession at once free of charge to April 1st and avoid the rush of moving season.

It is fully as cheap as rent to own this home, besides the benefit and moral of being your own landlord and also have the comforts of a new and fully modern house.

For full information see

Commonwealth Real Estate and Trust Co.
327-329 Fourth Ave.

SHADYSIDE.

Colonial house (new), center hall; 12 large rooms, 2 tile bathrooms on second floor and bath on third floor; 2 furnaces; every modern convenience; hardwood floors and trim throughout; large lot; high-class neighborhood; near Ellsworth and Fifth ave. car lines and Shadyside station. Owner will take $2,000 cash payment rather than release. Very low price for quick sale.

SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
Farmers Bank Building.

MARYLAND COLONIAL HOME.

A small cash payment, balance of $27,500 long-term mortgage will secure handsomely appointed home of Maryland Colonial type situated in one of Squirrel Hill's best streets; 2-story hall brick, 12 rooms, center hall, 3 bath rooms; billiard room in attic. Every modern appliance for comfort; let us tell you about; floored porch and cement steps; macadamized driveway and terraced lawn. Interior of house very attractive. Hardwood floors, cabinet finish throughout; handsome mantels, tile hearths, shades and chandeliers. Surrounded by homes costing $25,000 to $40,000.

REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY,
311 Fourth ave.

WE ARE bound to sell every house we have left before April 1; the price, terms, location, plan and construction of the house will do this for us; come out and see them; it is a rare chance to get an attractive, up-to-date home at an extremely low figure; office on the property, 7300 Hermitage st., cor. of Sterrett st.; take Frankstown ave., Liberty or Hamilton ave. car to Sterrett st. or P. R. R. to Homewood station.

$6,000.
MODERN EAST END HOME.

Attractive frame dwelling of 11 rooms, at 712 Summerlea st., near Fifth ave., is offered at $6,000 as the quick sale; now rents for $45 a month; lot 44x100; possession April 1.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

BAUM'S GROVE HOUSE.

Cost $9,500.
Will sell for $8,500.
Brick, 10 rooms.
Bath, furnace.
Laundry.
Cemented cellar.
Nineteen rooms cash.
Lot 35 ft.
GEO. R. LAUMAN, 434 Fourth ave.

$7,500.
SHADYSIDE RESIDENCE.

In order to close up an estate, nice residence in Maripose st., near Center ave., is offered at the low price of $7,500; brick, 10 rooms, bath, reception hall; lot 50x120 ft.; nice lawn; now rents for $50 a month; possession April 1.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

HIGH-CLASS MODERN RESIDENCE IN SQUIRREL HILL DISTRICT.

For Sale—New modern residence; Pompeiian brick; front and side porches; 14 large rooms, all hardwood finish; gymnasium, full length of house, 3 bathrooms, 2 furnaces, combination light fixtures; lot 85x185; price $24,000, or with lot 85x185, fronting on 3 streets, $30,000; corner of two favorite avenues of Squirrel Hill district.

REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY,
311 Fourth ave.

HANDSOME SHADYSIDE HOME.

For Sale—In one of the main avenues in Shadyside; handsome new property; embracing 3-story brick residence, 11 large rooms, reception hall, bathroom, laundry and good stable and carriage house; lot 40x210; macadamized driveway; price reduced to $21,500, to make immediate sale; possession April 1. Get permit from us to see through house.

REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY,
311 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—
AT REDUCED PRICE.

One or three new brick dwellings, East End; close to electric cars; 8 rooms, reception hall, bath, toilet, furnace, fine front porch; possession April 1; low price until Jan. 1; to be sold to a quick buyer; small amount of cash acceptable.

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
425 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—
AT SHERIFF'S SALE FIGURES.

Good brick dwelling of 8 rooms, reception hall, toilet, furnace, large front porch, etc.; in good location in the East End, near Negley and Stanton aves.; easy payments; possession March 1.

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
425 Fourth ave.

TWO EAST END RESIDENCES.

For only $5,000 each; two nice 8-room brick dwellings in the East End, near Stanton ave. Large lots, choice location. Will sell for ¼ cash, balance mortgage.

REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY,
311 Fourth ave.

SQUIRREL HILL, NEAR SCHENLEY PARK.

Will sell for only $14,000, beautiful new home of 12 rooms, situated on Irwin ave.; best street in Squirrel Hill district; the house is tastefully decorated, and has hardwood finish throughout; large porch; lot 55x140 feet.

REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY,
311 Fourth ave.

MODERN CENTER HALL HOUSE.

FOR SALE—121 Stratford ave., new brick, exceptionally fine house and location, 12 rooms, all conveniences, hardwood floors; lot 50x100. Bargain at $19,500; mortgage $12,000. A Leggate & Son, 212 Fourth ave.

HOUSE for sale; 8-room frame; Collins ave.; bath, furnace; price $5,000. T. Y. Crow, 108 Shady ave., exclusive agent.

Allegheny Residences.

Three Perfectly Equipped Modern Houses—New.

Ten rooms, reception hall; fine mantels; tiled bath room, tiled vestibule; hardwood floor in dining room; large porches; water heater and many other conveniences.

Offered Below the Cost of Building.

Two of these houses are in buff brick and one in red brick, and are situated on the Brighton road, near Preston ave.

The brightest and cleanest district in Allegheny.

Keys can be had at Kleber, No. 223 Fifth ave., or on adjoining property.

FOR SALE.
HOME ON EAST PARK.

Nothing better in Allegheny—price and location considered. Three-story brick residence, 12 rooms, two bath rooms, both gases, instantaneous water heater and other up-to-date conveniences, all in good order; situated 303 Union ave., fronting East Park, with 2-story brick stable and carriage house fronting rear alley. Location unsurpassed, above high-water, fine view of park, convenient to market, etc., and only 15 minutes' walk to city. Immediate possession.

S. ARNOLD & CO.,
434 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—
ALLEGHENY RESIDENCE, IN FINE Location; contiguous to electric cars; 4 minutes' ride from the parks; 8 nice rooms, bath, toilet, lavatory, cemented cellar, porticos front and rear, side entrance; house newly painted and papered throughout and everything bright and beautiful; possession given at once; very easy payments.

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
425 Fourth ave.

WANT A NICE HOME?

An Allegheny residence bargain; corner lot, 22x100 feet; two-story and attic brick, ten rooms, bath room, both gases and other modern conveniences; 5006 Washington st., one square from East park above high water; convenient to market, etc., and only 15 minutes' walk to city; possession April 1.

S. ARNOLD & CO.,
434 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—
A GOOD ALLEGHENY RESIDENCE, four minutes from the parks; 10-room brick and replete throughout with all the newest and most modern appliances; nice porch in front and good side lot; a bargain to a prompt customer.

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
425 Fourth ave.

Manufacturing Sites.

SPLENDID MANUFACTURING SITE.

For Sale—In the heart of Lawrenceville, more than 3 acres in level ground, with B. & O. and P. R. R. sidings; several hundred feet frontage on each railroad; the only property in busy Lawrenceville manufacturing district having sidings of two railroads; good office building on premises; possession at once; will sell at reasonable price; one-third cash, balance 5 per cent mortgage.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

Farms.

CHOICE 45-acre farm, Beaver county, Pa., 1 mile R. R.; very conveniently located; in good shape, underlaid with coal; good 6-room slate roof house, bank barn, good outbuildings; good water supply; the lot of large and small fruits. Possession given in 30 days. Price $4,000; will make liberal terms.

MILLS-SLAUGHENHOUPT CO.,
428 Fourth Ave.

BUTLER county farm of 54 acres, 1½ miles R. R., 8 miles Butler near plank road; fine soil; underlaid with coal; near oil territory; well watered; small house; good bank barn 36x60, painted; wood outbuildings; 4 acres in good orchard. This is a choice farm. Price $3,500. One-third cash, balance long time.

MILLS-SLAUGHENHOUPT CO.,
428 Fourth Ave.

A FARM OF 200 ACRES, with coal, in Butler county; nice land, comparatively level; well watered; good brick dwelling house, barn and sheds, spring house, orchard, etc.; entire farm underlaid with coal.

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
425 Fourth ave.

DESIRABLE OHIO FARM.

84 acres, near coal shipping point, C. & P. R. R., very nice land, in good state of cultivation; 7-room frame house, barn, all necessary buildings; good fruit of all kinds. Price $5,000. Owner wants residence in city or might consider good business.

MILLS-SLAUGHENHOUPT CO.,
428 Fourth Ave.

FARMS.

Send for our new January list of farms.

A. C. McCOMB & CO., 236 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE OHIO FARMS. Send stamp for 1904 illustrated list.

NEILL & BLAKEMORE, OAKMONT, PA.

FARMS, ALL SIZES AND PRICES. Send for our list.

ROYAL REALTY CO., 605 Times Bldg.

Lots.

$5,000.
FINE LOCATION FOR FLATS.

A lot suitable for 10 flats in Center ave. near East Liberty station. Size 50x150 ft.; alley is offered for $5,000, mortgage $3,000. Splendid site for apartment building.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—East McKeesport—Park plan lots and improved properties; also business and office rooms and flats over East McKeesport, Pa.

Real Estate—Special.

IF you want to buy or sell a business of any kind, city or country, see

MANHATTAN REALTY CO.,
Room 1001 Berger Bldg., 324 Fourth ave.

TEN ACRES good land near Allentde City for $150, payable $5 per month; no interest or taxes. Free. WALTER SECKER, 444 Fourth ave.

BE INDEPENDENT—Buy a farm; we have a large list. 306 Hamilton bldg.

Lands and Acreage.

COAL MINE—PITTSBURGH GAS COAL. Operating, drift, self-dumping R. R. screen, well equipped, 30 acres. If you have $50,000 in cash, call or write

ROYAL REALTY CO., 605 Times Bldg.

For Sale or Exchange.

EXCHANGE deals are a specialty with us. We have a number of choice propositions on hand. If you have real estate or business of any kind to exchange, see or write

MILLS-SLAUGHENHOUPT CO.,
428 Fourth ave.

Business Opportunities.

TWO STANDS—Best location in Pittsburgh market; three no horses, one cold storage box, two marble slabs; a good stand for pickles, butter, eggs, cheese, hens and vegetables; old established stand, established 25 years; this is the biggest bargain that ever was offered for the money. They are doing $250 a week business; if sold quick will accept $350.

HOWICK-THOMPSON CO.,
836 Fourth ave. Offices 616 Times Bldg.

VERY FINE FLOUR AND FEED MILL.

Situate in one of the best towns in Western Pennsylvania; 124-barrel capacity; roller process; everything equipped throughout in the most complete and perfect condition and running to its full capacity; splendid local trade; has always made money; this is an unusually attractive opening, for sale only on account of the old age of one of the partners.

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
425 Fourth ave.

PRINTING OFFICE, in good live town in Western Pennsylvania; completely equipped, $1,000.

Tea and Coffee Store, $500; low rent, big profits.

Rooming Houses to city, $250 and up.

Pool Rooms and Cigar Stand.

Confectionery specialties, $600.

We cover the entire Monongahela Valley.

MILLER & CO., 430 Fourth ave.

A SUCCESSFUL COAL, LIME AND SUPPLY Business, on line of railroad in Ohio; sales about $75,000 annually; everything running in prosperous condition.

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
425 Fourth ave.

BUSINESS of all kinds bought and sold; partners secured for established business, etc.; all transactions strictly confidential.

KIRK & VOGEL, 1106 Arrott Building.

BUSINESS CHANCES—Before buying, call or write us.

ESTEP & CO., 326 Fourth ave.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH CO., 431 Fourth ave.

Machinery.

ENGINES.

Plain threshing engines for sale or trade for ordinary service.

9x12", C. C. Clark.
10x12", C. C. Clark.
10x12", C. C. Case.
12x14", C. C. Clark.
13x16", C. C. Erie City.
14x18", L. H. Chandler & Taylor.
14x22", L. H. Ridge Valve.
16x22", L. H. Watertown.
20x30", R. H. Mehlbach & Hemgarn.
20x30", R. H. Wood.
20x30", L. H. Bartlett.
20x30", L. H. Russell.
20x30", R. H. Tuttle & Hoag.

HIGH-SPEED AUTOMATICS.

6 x 6", Hill.
8 x 8", Acme.
10 x14", Potwell.
11 x16", Westinghouse.
13 x12", Phoenix.
15 x15", Taylor-Beck.
16 x16", Brown, Providence.
17½x18", Barkeys.
24 x22", Barkeys.
Also, Corliss Engines and Boilers.

WICKER BROTHERS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Warehouses: 42d st. and A. V. R. R. Both Phones.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 10 H. P. stationary and portable upright boilers and engines. Large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers, and large lot miscellaneous machinery; second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.

JOHN S. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—Engines, boilers, sawmills, rock crushers, stirring mills, brick machinery, rock crushers, road rollers, traction engines, threshers, corn huskers, hydraulic cider mills, belting, hose, circular saws, general supplies.

R. D. REED, 32 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

HOISTING ENGINES—Sale or rent; prompt delivery. Phoenix Steel Construction Company, Ltd., Penn ave. and Third st., Pittsburgh.

New——GAS ENGINES——Second-hand. 226—THE FAIRBANKS CO.—226 So ave.
1-2 h. p.; 1-4 h. p. second-hand.
Horizontal and Vertical.

GAS ENGINES and Woodworking Machinery. PHILOSS MACHINERY CO., 4th and Liberty.

Horses and Vehicles.

WICKLIFFE FARMS.
FOR SALE
MARVELOUS HIGH STEPPERS
AND DAINTY SADDLE HORSES.
14½, to 16 Hands High.

We are now prepared to meet the intending purchasers about 50 exceptionally fine specimens, including a number of closely matched pairs. All are perfectly mannered and ready for immediate use.

SHOW HORSES A SPECIALTY.

Champion Hackney stallion, Gribthorpe Playmate, at head of stud. Personal inspection or correspondence invited.

WICKLIFFE FARMS,
ANDREW LITTLE, MANAGER.
YO

COLOMBIAN ARMY HAS NEW LEADER

Trouble Threatened by Change of Commanders in Department of Bolivar.

INTERNAL WAR IS EXPECTED

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

COLON, Feb. 12.—Political troubles in the department of Bolivar are growing. The steamer Le Calvados of the French line has arrived here from Cartagent and Savanilla and brings news of a rebellion and practically a state of anarchy in the department, which has lasted for almost two weeks, and which arose from the determination of the government at Bogota to oust Diego de Castro from his position as commander-in-chief of the military forces in Bolivar. It was deemed prudent to do this because Gen de Castro, acting in connection with Francisco Insignares, civil governor of Bolivar, sent an expedition up the Magdalena river the latter part of last month to Calamar, for the purpose of stopping certain government troops who were coming down the river.

The government soldiers were sent down by the Bogota government for the purpose of insuring the election of Joaquin Velez as president of the republic, and whose chances were considered slim in Bolivar. Insignares and De Castro proposed to meet this force in the interest of the candidature of Gen. Rafael Reyes. When the two forces met at Banco, mutual explanations were made and Insignares and De Castro were induced to return without fighting.

Took Command of Army.

Gen. Manjares, who is with the government, reached Barranquilla, where Gen. De Castro is stationed, about the end of January, and informed De Castro that he held papers from President Marroquin making him (Manjares) commander-in-chief of the military and naval forces of the department in succession to De Castro. Immediately refused to give up his post, claiming that he held his appointment from Gen. Reyes, who had been designated supreme commander of all Colombia's military forces, and that he had not been advised to hand over his command to Gen. Manjares.

Upon this refusal Gen. Manjares proceeded to Cartagena, where, without communicating with Gov. Insignares, he succeeded in inducing Gen. Araugo to turn over to him the command of the troops then in Cartagena. As soon as this had been done Manjares, with a battalion of the Cartagena troops, took train for Calama, where he arrived February 4. From Calama he telegraphed to Cartagena to at once send him 500 reinforcement. The government at Bogota also sent down 1,000 troops under Gen. Monsalve, to join and support Manjares. As soon as his forces were collected Manjares started to march on Barranquilla.

Captured Town Without Fight.

In the meantime De Castro had left Barranquilla and started up the river above. He reached Calamar and from there got into direct telegraphic communication with President Marroquin on the matter. While Gen. De Castro was up the river Manjares and his command, numbering 2,000 men, reached Barranquilla. Manjares communicated with the officer whom De Castro had left in charge there and this man agreed to turn over garrison of 3,500 men to Manjares. Manjares entered Barranquilla and took possession on February 8 without firing a shot.

It is rumored that De Castro has now retired to the province of Santander where he intends mustering force, march to Barranquilla and recapture it. It is regarded as most extraordinary in the department of Bolivar that the disorders did not culminate in the shedding of blood.

Cartagena is now quiet, but, considering the present riotous state of affairs, no one knows what will happen next and there is much apprehension. Insignares is still governor of the department, but he is expected shortly to be superseded because of his connection with De Castro in opposing the wishes of Bogota.

The result of the presidential election is not known on the coast, but it is said that Gen. Reyes polled a large majority of the votes in the department of Bolivar.

BOGOTA, COLOMBIA, Feb. 12.—The minister of war left here yesterday for the Atlantic coast. The result of the presidential election is not yet known. Joaquin Velez has 94 votes over Rafael Reyes, but the returns from five provinces have not yet been received.

J. P. BRENNAN IS HELD FOR DEATH OF DARBY

Testimony at Coroner's Inquest is Not Definite as to the Killing.

It took 45 minutes for the coroner's jury to reach a conclusion yesterday in the inquest of Thomas Darby, who was killed by a knife wound during a fight with James P. Brennan at Braddock Tuesday. The jury rendered a verdict holding Brennan for the action of the grand jury on a charge of murder. No evidence was shown that Brennan had a knife in his hand at the fight. It was proved the knife, or eraser, was Darby's property, and was in his possession when the fight started.

Rose McMonigan was the first witness, and testified to seeing the men fighting. They met in the street and had some words. Darby started away, but suddenly turned and walked back. After some words both men were seen to take off their coats. Brennan knocked Darby down. The witness saw no knife in Brennan's hand during the fray.

Mrs. Mary Holtzman testified she saw Brennan on top of Darby, beating him about the head. She tried to separate the men, and went so far as to strike Brennan in the face. Brennan had no knife in his hand, according to her testimony. Several other witnesses were called and told of the fray.

The knife identified as Darby's property. Just how the wound was inflicted in Darby's arm was not brought out by Coroner McGeary. Friends of the dead man believe that he attempted to reach for it while Brennan was beating him about the face, and in doing so accidentally severed an artery under his right arm. The case of eraser was found in the dead man's pocket, and the knife was picked up on the ground.

Justice of the Peace L. F. Holtzman, who employed Darby as a constable, made an information against Brennan charging him with murder. In the event of the coroner's jury releasing Brennan yesterday he was to be arrested by County Detective Robert G. Robinson.

Brennan was committed to jail, but it is thought an effort will be made to have him released on bail today.

FIRE LOSSES BEING PAID.

C. M. Logue & Bro. Agency Not Hurt By Baltimore Conflagration.

The following well-known fire insurance companies are represented by C. M. Logue & Bro., General Agents, No. 237 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh: The German Insurance Company of Freeport, Ill., assets $1,010,668.82; The Western Underwriters' Association, Inc., of Chicago, Ill., assets $665,680.01, and the Potomac Insurance Company of Washington, D. C., assets $905,538.83. The German of Freeport, Ill., and the Western Underwriters of Chicago, above mentioned, do not write any policies in the state of Maryland, and, therefore, have no losses at Baltimore.

The Potomac Insurance Company, however, being located so near the unfortunate city, and being so well known in that section, had a large volume of business in Baltimore, but on account of their conservative underwriting, their losses will not exceed $100,000, and they now have representatives on the ground paying all losses without discount, which convinces its policyholders that they have made no mistake in placing their insurance with the Potomac.

If your insurance is placed in any of the companies above mentioned, you can rest assured that you are fully protected and have nothing to worry about.

A magnificent Russo-Japanese war map, printed in three colors and black, on heavy paper, will be given as an extra free supplement to The Sunday Gazette tomorrow.

The world-adored PATTI at the Nixon today, February 15.

THERE WILL BE NO FAVORITISM

Evangelists Will Work to Save Rich and Poor Alike in This Vicinity.

LIST OF MEETINGS TOMORROW

"Spread the gospel to poor and rich alike" will be the policy of the evangelists when they open their mass revival meetings tomorrow. Dr. F. E. Smiley will hold a special meeting for "millionaires" Sunday night in Christ Methodist Episcopal church. Shadyside, when the best voices from East End churches will sing. The central committee, with the view of reaching all classes, has arranged for "lunch hour" meeting in the Second Presbyterian church from 12 until 12:45 each day. These services will be held throughout the two weeks of the central meetings. Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman, the evangelist general of the campaign, will be the principal speaker.

Evangelists John F. Robertson of London and Dr. Chapman arrived here last night and went direct to the Schenley hotel. Dr. Chapman will make his first appearance during the campaign in Carnegie Music hall Sunday afternoon. These men were preceded yesterday by Frank Dickson, of California, and C. N. D. Powers of New York, two well-known singers. Dickson will work with Dr. Robertson in Lawrenceville and Powers will go with Dr. Gray in the downtown district.

THE REV. DAVID WINTERS.
Who leads the Evangelistic meetings in Lower Allegheny, at the McClure Avenue Presbyterian church.

REV. AUSTIN L. PREWETT
of Nashville, Tenn., who has been leading highly evangelistic meetings at the Millvale opera house.

The most important meeting last night was held in the Fourth United Presbyterian church, Allegheny, by R. A. Winston and Dr. Smiley. Enthusiastic meetings of the Slavonic workers were held morning and afternoon yesterday in the Fourth Avenue Baptist church. C. Kralecek, a well-known foreign worker of Chicago, is assisted by Phillip Reitinger of Cleveland and William Seller of Minneapolis, in the course of meetings for the instruction of local Slavonic missionaries. These men are here at the expense of the evangelistic committee. Mr. Kralecek on Sunday will hold meetings in Allegheny and Duquesne and will continue in the Fourth Baptist church Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. After this the work will be in charge of Mr. Reitinger and Mr. Seller.

The following is a list of the central meetings for the two weeks beginning Sunday:

Allegheny—Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman, evangelistic director of campaign, one week in North Avenue Methodist Episcopal church and second week in Carnegie Music hall.

Pittsburgh, down town—Rev. W. E. Biederwolf, in Fourth Avenue Baptist church.

East Liberty—Dr. L. W. Munhall, in East Liberty Presbyterian church.

South Side—Dr. R. A. Walton, first week in Union Baptist church; second week in South Side Presbyterian church.

Lawrenceville—Dr. John F. Robertson, February 14 to 19, in Seventh United Presbyterian church; February 21 to 26, in Butler Street Methodist Episcopal church.

Oakland—Dr. James M. Gray, opened Sunday night; Dr. E. F. Hallenback continues in Oakland United Presbyterian church.

Sharpsburg—The Rev. Thomas Needham opens Sunday in Methodist Protestant church; Layman evangelist Frederick Schiverea continues upon arrival. churches to be announced.

McKeesport—The Revs. J. C. Chapman and Thomas Needham in First Presbyterian and Methodist Episcopal churches.

Carnegie—Dr. James B. Ely, in Carnegie Music hall.

Wilmerding—The Rev. W. S. Miller in Presbyterian church.

Lower Allegheny—The Rev. David Winters in McClure Avenue Presbyterian church.

Hill Top—Dr. E. L. Eaton opening February 21 in Knoxville Presbyterian, and concluding either in one or two weeks in Thirteenth United Presbyterian church.

Millvale—The Rev. Austin L. Prewett began two weeks' services February 7 in Millvale Opera house.

Homewood—Dr. L. W. Munhall, beginning February 28 in Homewood Presbyterian church.

West End—Dr. James M. Gray, daily February 14 to 28, delivers Bible lectures at 10:30 a. m. in the Sixth United Presbyterian church and at 8 p. m. in Carnegie Music hall, Allegheny.

Emsworth—Independent revival meetings starting last of February or first of March. Mr. J. Campbell White of National United Presbyterian assembly's board as evangelist.

Retired Banker Kills Himself.

WARSAW, IND., Feb. 13.—Albion Beck, a retired banker, shot himself in the head this afternoon after swallowing carbolic acid, death resulting within a few minutes. Continued sickness is the cause assigned.

Last Mid-Winter Excursion to Washington and Baltimore, Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad February 18.

$9.00 round trip; tickets good 10 days. Apply at city ticket office, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street, Pittsburgh, for sleeping car space and tickets.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

MASAMPHO KEY TO SITUATION

Hayashi Says Fortification of Korean City Bottles Up Russian Fleet.

NEW DARDANELLES IS FORMED

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The British government has information which leads it to believe that Japan is likely to be in possession of Port Arthur a week from now. In the best-informed Japanese circles here it is privately thought that the war will be over by July. Those British officials who are cognizant of the extraordinary thoroughness with which Japan prepared for the war, are inclined to share the Japanese view regarding the duration of the struggle.

The Japanese minister here, Baron Hayashi, has received a dispatch from the government at Tokyo announcing that the latter has not yet received an official report of the battle fought off Port Arthur, and adding that apparently the disembarkation of Japanese troops is proceeding satisfactorily and without disorder at Chemulpo, the port of Seoul, Korea and elsewhere.

Masampho a Big Victory.

Baron Hayashi, summing up events in the far east so far as they have gone, said:

"Whatever may be the eventual result of the war, Russia, in allowing us to occupy and fortify Masampho, has created for herself another Dardanelles. With the fortification of Masampho the integrity of Japan is assured forever. No fleet can now pass there against Japan's wishes. Even if we are beaten we would not give up Masampho."

The Japanese troops are advancing rapidly towards the Yalu river. There, it is expected, they will meet and engage the Russian forces. The Japanese declare that the numbers of the Russian troops are greatly exaggerated. The plan of the Japanese appears to be to take the road which leads almost straight to Mukden. They profess to have no doubt that they will be able to drive back the Russian forces towards Harbin.

Chinese Will Help Japan.

Baron Hayashi points out that the Mukden road, though nominally under Russian military control, will be subject to constant raids from Chinese bands, who will swoop down from the hills. Proceeding diagonally the Japanese intend to cut the line of communication between Port Arthur and the mainland of Manchuria, not only preventing reinforcements from reaching the Port Arthur garrison, but, inflicting damage on the Manchurian railroad.

The British view that the Japanese will in the meantime be able to occupy Port Arthur is based on the latest information that the Russian guns cannot be brought to bear on any force landing at Pigeon bay, which is on the western side of Port Arthur, and it is believed that the Japanese admiral will follow tactics almost exactly similar to those intended to be pursued at Santiago, the troops storming the batteries in the rear while the Japanese fleet lies waiting for the ships of Viceroy Alexieff, who in the event of land attack being successful, must either make a dash for liberty with his crippled fleet or fight where they are against hopeless odds.

It is evident that the Tokyo dispatches of yesterday received by the Reuter Telegram Company referred to the first fight at Port Arthur and not to a subsequent engagement.

PITTSBURGH NEEDS THOROUGH REVIVAL

Evangelist Chapman Says Town Has Needed Stirring Up for Six Years.

"Pittsburgh is to see the largest revival the country has known for 25 years," said Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman of New York, who arrived here last night to take charge of the evangelical campaign in Allegheny. "When I was here six years ago I noticed unmistakable signs of the need of a revival. The whole country is ready for one.

"I have just returned from the Pacific coast, where I have been holding mass meetings. It occurred to me then that some large city would respond to the necessity for a general revival. Pittsburgh has been the one. It might as well have been another place, but they will follow in quick succession. Columbus is now preparing and Chicago will soon be heard from.

"Why should we not have these meetings? We have revivals in art, literature and everything else, and why not religion? It is my opinion that the best accessions to the church are those that come slowly, gradually and in the course of events. But we have not reached perfection and the church is compelled to resort to revivals. The church either becomes busy with something else or grows indifferent, which is a dreadful species of sin. Revivals are then necessary.

"Evidences of outward sin do not always indicate a necessity for revivals. The condition of the church is the best index. From my long experience in evangelical work I found no trouble when here six years ago in rousing that Pittsburgh needed stirring up. I suppose it was intuition."

Dr. Chapman is stopping at the Schenley hotel.

NO EVIDENCE TO HOLD MRS. MARTHA J. LORENZ

One of the Defendants in Postal Trial Acquitted by Court's Order.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Before court adjourned in the postal trial today Mrs. Martha J. Lorenz was a free woman. Justice Pritchard, acting on a motion of Mr. Kumler, decided that there was not sufficient evidence to hold her and directed the jury to find a verdict of not guilty. She simply smiled at the announcement and was warmly congratulated by her counsel and friends. Justice Pritchard's decision came immediately after all the evidence was in.

Mr. Lorenz gave way under the joy, and was moved to tears as he joined in the congratulations.

Several witnesses in rebuttal testified, one of whom was John R. Tulles, the stenographer, who took down the questions and replies at the time Machen was under investigation in Gen. Bristow's office, May 27, 1903. The witness, under a searching cross-examination, admitted that he had made a number of errors in transcribing his notes.

AMALGAMATED ORGANIZER ARRESTED FOR CONTEMPT

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—William Millen, an organizer for the Amalgamated Association, was arrested here today on a charge of contempt of court. He is charged with offering non-union workmen at the steel plant of the Parkersburg Iron & Steel Company, where the union men are on a strike, money and railroad tickets to leave town. An injunction had been issued in the United States court prohibiting any kind of interference with the men at work. He will be given a hearing tomorrow.

A Splendid Addition to New York's Fine Hotels

A dignified and elegant example of modern hotel construction and equipment is the Gregorian hotel, Thirty-fifth street, New York city, between Fifth avenue and Herald square. The fact that it is owned and operated by the well-known firm of Messrs. Avery & Gregory of the Yates house, Syracuse, is a guarantee of the enterprise and ability of its management. So attractive are its arrangements and furnishings, and so central its location, that already a large and substantial clientele has been built up. New York is probably the best equipped city in the world in the matter of hotels, and among its best the Gregorian is already numbered.

JOHNSON'S LIFE MAY BE SAVED

Mrs. Apfelbach Gets Big Verdict Against Consolidated Gas Company.

LAPPE AND HARPER WILLS

The jury in the case of Frank Cuzley and John Johnson, negroes charged with the murder of James Donnelly, was still out when court adjourned yesterday at 4:30 p. m.

Attorney T. Mercer Morton, in explaining Cuzley's position and the fact that he made a special plea for Johnson, said that he showed the jury the exact position each party occupied, and what it had to be satisfied with before it could find a verdict of first degree against either of the men, but as there was no evidence that Johnson did any shooting he felt that there was more hope for him and acted accordingly. The commonwealth was surprised that Cuzley was not put on the stand. This is Attorney Morton's first murder case in Allegheny county, he having been admitted on motion but a few months ago, coming here from Detroit.

In the case brought for the city of Allegheny against E. E. Rogan to settle the contention over the ordinance imposing a license fee on peddlers, Judge Elliott Rogers has handed down an opinion deciding that the ordinance does not affect agents of installment houses. Rogan worked for an installment house in Pittsburgh and took out a license in Allegheny. He was fined under the ordinance and an appeal taken. This the court sustains on the ground that when the ordinance was passed it was not aimed at persons concerned in business of this character.

Denied Charges of Officials.

William Moon, known also as Robert Moon, was released from the workhouse by Judge Elliott Rodgers on a writ of habeas corpus yesterday. The testimony showed that Moon was taken out of bed at his own home at 3 o'clock on Thursday morning, taken to Central station and at the hearing sent to the workhouse as a suspicious person by Police Magistrate Stewart. The record said that he was a bad tramp, had been arrested before and had been convicted of larceny.

Moon proved that he had lived in the city for two years and that he was arrested at his home at that time by unprofessional men. He denied that he had ever been convicted of larceny. The city officials could not find any record of this conviction and Judge Rodgers discharged him. Moon's friends claim that he was arrested for political reasons.

In the suit of Caroline Apfelbach, administratrix of the estate of Charles Apfelbach, against the Consolidated Gas Company, a jury gave a verdict of $12,000 for the plaintiff.

The suit arose over the death of the woman's husband, who was asphyxiated by gas in his home in the rear of 2610 Wylie avenue, in April 1899. The effect of the gas rendered him mentally deranged for a number of months, his death finally occurring.

Prior to the asphyxiation of the husband a gas explosion had taken place in the Hays house, a hundred feet or more distant, and escaping gas from supply pipes permeated the vicinity.

Reversed By Supreme Court.

In a former trial Judge Evans granted a compulsory non-suit on the grounds that Charles Apfelbach had returned to the neighborhood of the explosion in the dining room over the cellar, which was known to be filled with gas. Persons had been forbidden to enter the cellar of the Apfelbach residence with a light, on account of the presence of gas. It is to the dining room where he was asleep that he was overcome. The plaintiff carried the case to the supreme court, where the judgment of the lower court was reversed.

Among the wills handed down is that of John Christian Lappe, late of Allegheny, which was either mislaid or destroyed after the death of the decedent, so that the court has decided the will had existed, and Register George H. Stengel has probated the contents as produced by M. A. Woodward and Mrs. Katherine Breedle, formerly Miss Katherine Hufnagle, the attorney who drew the will, and his stenographer.

The will is a lengthy document and the enumeration of stock and cash allowances made by the decedent to relatives indicate that he was making equal distribution among a number of devisees.

Beneficiaries of the Will.

The beneficiaries are: Emma Rohlizer, real estate, 180 and 182 Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny, bank and insurance stocks and $4,000 cash; Mrs. Katie Smith, of Denver, Col., real estate, 208 Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny, bank stocks and $1,000 cash; Edna Abby, Pittsburgh, real estate, 416 Madison avenue, Allegheny, bank stock and $2,000 cash; Martin Lappe, Emsworth, real estate, 1 Cedar avenue, bank stock and $1,000 cash; E. Adolph Lappe, real estate, 809 Liberty street, Allegheny, bank stock and $3,000 cash; Mrs. Anna M. Lappe, 809 Liberty, real estate, 1 and 3 Third street and Eastern avenue, Aspinwall, 24 shares of Third National bank stock, two shares Union bank stock, three shares of Tuscania Insurance stock and $1,000 cash; Albert C. Lappe, son, real estate, 2215 Penn avenue, Liberty street, Allegheny, 418 Madison avenue, Allegheny, and 502 First street, Allegheny, and $3,000 cash; Oscar A. Lappe, son, real estate, 810 Cedar avenue, 809 Liberty street and 809 Liberty street, Allegheny, bank stock and $1,000 cash.

Mrs. Celia Wettach, daughter, real estate, 812 North Canal street, Allegheny, insurance and bank stock and $5,000 in cash; Charles O. Lappe, son, bank stock, cancellation of $10,000 note paid, and if a $5,000 note is left unpaid directs the executors to pay it, and $5,000 in cash; Harry A. Lappe, a son, stocks; Christian Eugene Lappe, stocks.

A clause states: "All the residue of property to be divided among beneficiaries, share and share alike."

The sons are left the decedent's interest in the Pittsburgh Land & Coal Company, and real estate in West Virginia.

Estate Very Valuable.

Henry Gerwig and C. E. Lappe are named as executors. The estate is valued at $275,000 in the application for letters of administration.

Christian Lappe, who died in Pittsburgh, makes a trust fund of $50,000 for a grandson, John Harper Mallory, for his education and maintenance until he is 25 years old, when he will receive the principal. In the event of his death before reaching that age and children are to receive the principal at the termination of the trust. If he dies without children, the wife is to receive a yearly income of $2,000 and the residue of an estate valued at $525,000 is left in equal shares to son, John A. of Pittsburgh, and Orland M. and Charles S. Harper of New York.

The will of Mrs. Henrietta W. Floyd, late of Sewickley, has been probated. The recedent directed that her property in Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, be held in trust and the net income paid to her children, Mrs. Margaret J. McGeary, Mrs. Martha B. Dardis and Richard Floyd, share and share alike, during their lives. At the death of income goes to their children; should Richard Floyd leave no children his wife gets his share, if she survives him, so long as she remains his widow.

Disposition of Residence.

The property occupied by the decedent in Sewickley is left to Mrs. McGeary, who is to pay $5,000 each to Mrs. Dardis and Mr. Floyd.

A fourth sonless in Lawrence county are left to Mrs. McGeary and Mrs. Dardis, and the balance of the estate is left, share and share alike, to the three children, Margaret J. McGeary, Richard Floyd and Florence G. Dardis, appointed executors. The value of the estate is not given.

Judge J. J. Miller in orphans court handed down an opinion in the estate of James Rafferty, deceased, deciding the question of the rents collected between the date of decedent's death and the sale of real estate specifically devised. The decedent left directions to sell the property at 1213 Federal street, Allegheny, and pay certain legacies out of the proceeds, the balance of which was to revert to H. C. Harshaw. Rents payable before the sale was effected were claimed by the widow, the residuary legatee.

The court finds the rents belong to Harshaw, in part saying: "Rent is the price paid for the use of property; interest is the price paid for the use of money." Apportionment of $11,450 58 was made in the estate.

LEGAL BRIEFS.

Barr & Millin have sued Martin McTighe for $200 alleged to be due on a 50-gallon barrel of extract of vanilla.

Judge W. G. Hawkins has dismissed the petition of Nellis J. Haven to have John F. Burkhard removed as administrator of the estate of Vincent P. Haven, deceased. The court says the estate is being properly managed by the administrator.

The answer of the Allegheny county prison board to the mandamus proceedings instituted by Mayor W. P. Hays has been prepared, but will not be made public until today, when the rule is returnable. The mayor wants a seat on the prison board.

Letters of administration have been granted to J. M. Hastings on the estate of Joseph H. May, late of Sharon. The value of the personal property is given as $50,000 and real estate $5,800. Attorney C. S. Crawford has charge of the estate.

In the United States district court three petitions in bankruptcy were filed as follows: Bernhard Klusmann, a grocer of McKeesport; liabilities, $2,712 25, with assets of $2,389 33; James [illegible], of Pittsburgh; liabilities, $3,317 60; assets, $1,025 be. James L. Smith, hotel clerk of Altoona; liabilities, [illegible]; assets, $190.

F. L. Morton and others have filed their answers to the suit of J. P. Croghan to secure 200 shares of the stock of the Pittsburgh Safe Company. They aver that if Croghan has any remedy it is at law and not by equity. In addition to this they assert that Croghan did not carry out his agreement with the company.

In criminal court L. C. Rockefeller and G. D. Smith were acquitted of a charge of conspiracy, and the costs divided between them and the prosecutor, John Legge. The latter alleged that he was in the retail liquor business in Carnegie and that the firm had failed, owing Rockefeller, who was a wholesale dealer, $150 or. Rockefeller is said to have failed later. He then sold the bill to Smith against Legge for $300. Smith appeared at Wheeling, W. Va., to collect and attached Legge's wages as a workman on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. The prosecutor alleged that he lost one month's wages by the attachment.

The Three Rivers

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, Feb. 12.—The stage of the river at 6 p. m. today marked 20.5 feet and rising, making a rise of 6.3 feet during the past 24 hours. Weather clear and warmer, somewhat windy. The river was beautiful of very heavy ice at this point tonight from above. It is expected that the Ohio will be clear of it here about Monday at noon. The prosperous boats of the Pittsburgh coal fleet which was due here in the morning are tied up along the Kentucky shore for the night. The fleet, all of them will reach here about Monday evening. It is expected. The Queen City, which was pulled out on the Queen City marine ways for examination of gas. It is to be given a last flow of ice, was found to be unhurt. She is still on the ways, however, waiting for the ice to pass out of the river. When she is let off the ways she will be outfitted for the Mardi Gras trip from Pittsburgh to New Orleans and return, beginning on March 1, making the round trip of 4,000 miles with three days' stop at each end. The entire trip will take up 20 days.

WARREN—River 5 feet 4 inches. Fair and cold.

OIL CITY—River 6 feet 2 inches and falling. Cloudy and cold.

CHERRYBOOG—River 5 feet and falling. Virginia up. Clear and cold.

POINT PLEASANT—River 24 feet 6 inches and falling. Clear and cold. Down, Otto Marmet, P. J. Goble, Up, Henry M. Stanley and Virginia.

LOUISVILLE—River rising, with 9 feet in the canal, 6.8 feet on the falls and 21 feet below the locks. Clear and cold.

MARIETTA—River 17 feet and falling. Very cold. River full of heavy ice. Several fleets of coal passed down.

HUNTINGTON—River 25 feet and falling. Otto Marmet down with coal at 5 p. m.

WHEELING—River 14 feet 11 inches and falling 3 inches an hour. Weather clear and cold. Down, Wm. Neal, Tamalia, G. W. Thomas, Valiant and Dave Wood.

PARKERSBURG—River, 18 feet and falling, full of heavy ice. Weather clear and cold. Half a dozen towboats passed down today with large fleets of coal.

STEUBENVILLE—River 14 feet 3 inches and falling. Weather clear and cold. Up: Two Lads, 8:45 a. m.; Robert Jenkins, 10 a. m. Down: Tornado, 8 a. m.; J. T. Thomas, 9 a. m.; Dave Wood, 11:15 a. m.; Valiant, 11:25 a. m.; P. M. Kyle, 4 p. m.

ICE BREAKS RECORDS.

Present Conditions in Monongahela Unparalleled—Rocky Bar Removed.

Local rivers are still falling, though not as rapidly as anticipated during the past two days. A great deal of ice is coming out of the Allegheny and Monongahela. George K. Nutt, who has been superintending government work at lock No. 6, said yesterday:

"There is clear blue sky in the fifth and sixth pools, at least 16 inches thick."

Col. T. P. Roberts of the United States engineer's office regards this condition as wonderful as well as unparalleled. He said: "I have been working in connection with the Monongahela since 1844, and I have never heard of conditions anything like those existing at the present time. It will take a big rise now to carry out the heavy floes all along the upper pools. Five or six inches of solid ice up the Monongahela is usually considered pretty bad, but when it comes to 18 inches, that beats all the solid ice records up-river."

Capt. W. L. Sibert left yesterday on a trip up the Monongahela to examine work done at the head of the 5th pool. A rocky bar at the head of the pool has been removed with dynamite during the winter, and coal companies will rejoice to hear that they can now avail themselves of the full depth of the lock. There is now a foot and a half more water below the lock. The improvement has been a difficult one on account of the extremely cold weather, but it will be a boon to coal transportation in the upper pools.

In spite of bad ice, and less lower water should soon make shipments impossible, the People's Coal Company sent out the F. M. Pfaff with a fleet of 10 boats for the south yesterday. The Andy Aston also left with six boats for Steubenville. She turned them over to the G. W. Thomas, but left later with five more pieces.

No More Individual Naming.

Officials of the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal & Coke Company announced yesterday that the new fleet will be completed at Morgita about March 1. This boat has been made out of the old Noble Walton. The name has been changed to Morgita, and it is not just adopted to the end of doing away with individual naming of boats. It has been further planned to name all boats for the transportation department with names commencing with "C," the two remaining "River Coal." Already the Ranger has taken the place of the old John W. Allen, the Clark of the Clarion, the Harbor Master and the Crusader the place of the Little Dick.

Local River Notes.

The stage of water at Davis Island dam at 9 o'clock last night was 8.8 feet and the river was falling.

Capt. William Gilmore was working on the Tide yesterday.

Wharfmaster H. P. Johnson has been ill for a week or more.

Capt. A. B. Mackey received a letter yesterday from Capt. William Davis, who was injured last week by a fall with the Jim Wood. Capt. Davis is at a Cincinnati hospital and is recovering as rapidly as could be expected.

Commander A. F. Osbourne, in charge of the Eighteenth district, is here looking into the need of more lights on the Monongahela. He will go to Washington with the bill recently introduced in congress providing for 60 new lights on the river.

Since last July there have been but three departures of packet boats from this city for Cincinnati. The severe winter weather has been a record breaker for packet boat. It has been many years since navigation has been entirely closed to local packets during December and January.

The monthly report of traffic on the Monongahela river for January, as prepared by the United States engineer's office, shows the smallest amount of business done in years. The report shows that 1,150 boats of 1,000 passed up and 129,750 tons passed down through lock No. 3; 151,817 tons were raised and brought down the river.

Certain river interests are advocating the inauguration of police and firehouses in the local rivers. It is said that a great deal of river property is now being stolen, and that much could be done to prevent the evil with a police boat. The Monongahela River Consolidated has raised January arrest of a large number of pumpers recently for alleged thefts, but all the stolen property has been recovered.

REALTY DEALS WERE VERY FEW

C. H. Dixon Sells Last of Dinwiddie Street Stone Fronts.

SALES AGGREGATE $200,000

Lincoln's birthday was pretty generally observed yesterday by real estate dealers, and very little business was done locally.

C. H. Dixon of the Real Estate Trust Company disposed of the last of the Dinwiddie street stone front houses, selling five yesterday for $25,000; 206 was sold to F. Hooker, 206 to Wilhelm Shore, 208 to J. G. Smith, 271 to H. A. Phillips and 214 to Dr. E. W. Kelly.

In the past 10 days Mr. Dixon has sold the entire property of 21 houses, making a record year to what preceded it in the real estate circles. The aggregate selling price is something over $200,000, the average price for each house being $9,500. The lots are 20 by 100 feet, having on them nine-room houses with all modern conveniences.

Dare Bros. & Co. sold to H. Allen Mackenzey for Mrs. Mary Church an improved lot, 22 by 100 feet, on Copeland and Bloom streets, for $4,100.

Curtis Brothers sold for Dr. Clement B. Jones 417 North Craig street, 15 by 140 feet to Grant boulevard, for $9,500. The lot is improved with a modern brick dwelling of 10 rooms.

James W. Drape & Co. have sold 142x135 feet on Kirby street, near Homewood avenue, East End, to Mrs. Mary Hamilton, near the electric station, a brick of 10 rooms and large lot, for $6,500, and five lots at Carnegie, in the Brown plan, about 50x150 feet each, for $2,500.

KNOX IS GREAT FISHERMAN.

Story of Number of Attorney General's Catch Is Duly Verified.

PALM BEACH, FLA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Attorney General P. C. Knox went to Miami fishing yesterday, as the guest of Mr. Henry C. Frick, of Pittsburgh. Mr. Roland Knoedler of New York, who is visiting Mr. Frick, also was in the party. The result of their efforts is so remarkable that the story was at first doubted, but has been duly verified and here it is:

The three men pulled in 200 kingfish, weighing in all 1,000 pounds. They were assisted by their boatman, who hustled the hooks and took off the fish. They returned here last night tired out and feeling that they had each done a day's work.

Biscuit Company's Good Showing.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the National Biscuit Company at Jersey City on Thursday the financial report showed assets of $61,196,067 and net earnings for the year sufficient to pay $1,750,000 on the preferred and $49,432,114 50, the par cent of profit to sales being 9.15. The company has recently completed large factories in New York and Chicago for the exclusive manufacture of Uneeda biscuit, and a factory in New York solely for the making of Nabisco sugar wafers. The plants are built on the most modern lines. An interesting feature of the report is that relating to advertising, which says: "The quality of our goods is maintained at a high standard. The sales of our advertised package goods are constantly increasing, and we are always enlarging the scope of our advertising, with the effect that the value of our goodwill, which has become our most valuable asset, is continually increasing."

He's a WISE MAN who changes FOOD until he finds that which keeps him in prime HEALTH For when we use the kind of food fitted to our needs we KEEP WELL. After two days' use of Grape-Nuts FOOD you will discover "There's a Reason" and a profound one. It will make its mission well understood by the increase in brain and nerve power and that indescribable "all-over" feeling of comfort which comes with well digested food and bounding good health. Secure the little book, "The Road to Wellville" in each pkg.

SWANSON'S "5-DROPS"
ENDORSED BY PEOPLE IN ALL SECTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES
A Positive Cure For All Forms of
RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
KIDNEY TROUBLE
CATARRH, ASTHMA
AND KINDRED DISEASES
PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT
CLERGYMEN PRAISE IT.
SWANSON'S "5-DROPS" will cure Rheumatism in any of its forms or stages of development. Applied externally it affords instant relief from pain. Taken internally it rids the blood, tissues and joints of the uric acid and other poisonous matter that are the causes of the disease. It never fails to cure Lumbago, Kidney Trouble, Sciatica, Lumbago and Neuralgia. It has effected more cures of the above-named ailments than all other remedies combined. It has never failed to cure the most obstinate case. "5-DROPS" cures those diseases by going directly to the seat of the trouble and removing the cause.
REV. W. M. CURTIS, Washington Center, Mo., writes: "For years I was a sufferer from Rheumatism and Neuralgia. I tried many remedies and Sarsaparilla, and I found that for the first time I saw a chance for relief. I procured a bottle of '5-DROPS' and found relief in the use of the second, and when I had used one bottle, I entered body, limb and joints. I entered body, limb and joints. I entered body, limb and joints.

MARKETS STILL STEADY; EAR CORN IS HIGHER

Vegetables Active Considering Weather—Demand for Oats Not So Strong.

Local produce markets showed considerable activity yesterday. Prices were steady and demands generally were up to the usual standard of the close of the week. Business conditions continue excellent in the grocery line, and a better movement is looked for soon in vegetables and all kinds of fruits. In the face of unfavorable weather conditions, potatoes are still active, and there is continued good demand for onions and cabbage. Beans are moving well, and Jersey sweets are selling at the advanced prices of a few days ago in sympathy with the Irish potato market. Cucumbers are moving as well as could be expected, and new strawberries are selling fairly well for early in the season. There was no change yesterday in the egg market. Poultry is still scarce, and the demand keeps up well. Butter stays firm, and the cheese market is steady. Fish are active.

There is a better demand for corn, and prices on No. 2 yellow car have been advanced to 52c and 52½c. The demand for oats is not so strong, owing to strong apprehensions that present prices may not hold. The hay market and the straw market warrant a change in quotations. Both wheat and oats straw are advanced from $3 50 to $10 00; $8 25 was bid yesterday for oats straw.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania, 17 cars hay, 7 cars oats, 5 cars corn, 1 car straw, 2 cars feed; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 4 cars hay, 1 car corn; Baltimore & Ohio, 2 cars hay, 2 cars oats.

Hay, No. 1 timothy...$13.50@14.00,
do No. 2...$12.50@13.00
No. 1 clov...$11.25@11.50,
do No. 2...$10.50@11.00,
No. 1 mix...$11.50@12.00
Loose, from wagon...$15 00@17 00
Straw, oat...$9.50@10.00
do wheat...$8.50@10.00
do rye...$12.00@12.50
Oats, No. 2 white...40@47c
do No. 3...43@46c
do No. 4...44@45c

Rye, No. 2...
White middlings, No. 2, ton...$21.50@22.00
do brown...$20.00@20.50
Bran, ton...$20.00@21.00
Wheat, No. 2 red...87@89c
Corn, No. 2 yellow shelled...50¼@51c
High, mix...49@50c
No. 2 mix...49@50c
No. 2 yellow car...52@52½c

GROCERIES.

Flour.
Fancy pat. patent...$3.15@3.20
Fancy winter patent...$4.25@4.30
Straight win...$3.85@4.00
Bakers' pat...$3.40@3.60
Rye...$3.20@3.30
Graham...$4.00@4.50
Cornmeal bbl...$3.25@3.40
do 10-lb cotton bags...17@18c
Rolled oats, bbl...$5.50
do keg...$2.80
Roasted Coffee
Rio...15@15c
Santos...22½@23½c
Maracaibo...15½@16c
Peaberry...17½@18c
Golden Rio...14@14½c
Caracas...18@18½c
Standard pkgs...$11.55@12.05
High gr'd...$17.80@19.20
Molasses, fancy refined...35@37c
do choice...32@35c
do open kett...35@40c
Syrup.
Fancy sugar...28@30c
Sug. and cane...24@27c
Prime...24@25c
2½-lb cans, doz...90c
3-lb cans, doz...$1.10
5-lb cans, doz...$1.85
10-lb cans, doz...$3.40
Maple, gal...75c@$1.00
Oatmeal, bbl...$6.00
do kegs...$1.15
Sugar, sta. gran...4.65c
do bags...4.80c
do 2-lb carton...4.80c
do 5-lb bags...4.80c

do powdered...4.80c
do pow'd xxxx...4.85c
do cubes...4.80c
do cut loaf...5.15c
do conf. A...4.60@4.65c
do No. 1 yellow...4.30c
do No. 2 yellow...4.25c
do No. 3 yellow...4.20c

Beans.
Navy...$1.60@2.15
do fancy...$2.10
do choice...$2.00
Navy, imp...$2.00@2.10
Red kidney...$3.00@3.10
Cal. lima...4½@5c
Peas, dried bu...$1.20@1.30
do split, lb...4c
do marrow, bu...$2.00@2.10
Oil, carbon, 110 deg...13c
do headlight...10½c
do water white...13½c
do Ohio W. W. 150 deg...13½c
do miners' 25% gas...11½c
do Elaine...6½c
do special brands...20@43c
Rice, ex-fancy head, lb...7@7½c
do fancy Japan...5@5½c
do choice Carolina...6@7c
Salt, No. 1, bbl...$1.00
do No. 1 extra...$1.10
do gran. rock...90c
do packet...$1.75@1.85
do dairy...$1.20
Sauer kraut, cask...$10.00
do bbls...$7.50
do half bbl...$4.00

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std. pie...$1.10
do ple, gal...$2.50@3.00
do California
L. C...$1.90@2.35
do Maryland...$1.30@1.65
do California, Y. F...$1.80@2.00
Corn, fancy...$1.35@1.75
do std...$1.25@1.40
Cherries, Cal. white...$2.50@2.75
Lima beans...$1.25@1.45
do soaked, .75@80c
String beans, 2-lb...65c
do 3-lb...95c
Stringless beans...$1.25@1.75
Peas, marrowfat...85c@$1.00
do early June...90c@$1.00
do soaked...55@65c
Apples, N. Y. gal. cans...$2.20@2.40
Pineapples...$1.00@2.25

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl...$32.00
do half bbl...$16.50
do quar. bbl...$8.50
Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbl...$28.00
do half bbl...$14.50
do quar. bbl...$7.25
do 2-lb pails...$2.50
do 10-lb pails...$1.50

Mackerel, No. 2, bbls...$20.00
do half bbls...$10.50
do quar. bbls...$5.50
do 20-lb pails...$2.70
do 10-lb pails...$1.25
Lake herring, 100 lbs...$3.50
do 50-lb...$1.85
do 10-lb...50c

SALT FISH.

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu, small...$8.85@7.65
do mammoth...$8.95@7.15
do crimson...$4.50@4.75
do white...$7.25
Dutch...$14.00@18.00
Alsike...$8.75@9.00

Alfalfa...$8.50@9.00
Millet...$1.25@1.50
Grass, Hungarian...90c@$1.10
do lawn, lb...18@20c
do blue, 14-lb bu...$1.50@1.75
do red top, 14-lb bu...$1.10@2.00
Timothy...$1.85@1.90

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap., bags...9@12c
do 25-lb boxes...8½@11½c
Apples, bulk...6½@8½c
do 1-lb cartons...7½@7¾c
Peaches...7@10½c
Raspberries...24@24½c
Raisins, 1-lb pkgs...9½@10c

Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4 crown loose pressed...7@8c
do Ondara Val...8½@9c
do Cal. Val...7@7½c
Currants, cleaned, 25 and 50-lb pkgs...7@7½c
Prunes...8½@10c
Figs, Cal...6@8c
do Turk...12½@14c

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, store...$1.00@1.05
do track...90@95c
Jersey sweets, bushel...$1.25@1.35
do bbls...$4.00@4.25
do hamper...$1.50@1.75
String beans, bu...$5.00@6.00
do No. 2...$1.00@1.10
Kiln dried...$4.00@4.25
do mediums...$1.75@2.00
Turnips, bbl...$2.75@3.00
Onions, bbl...$3.00@3.25
do bulk, bu...$1.15@1.25
do Spanish, crate...$1.50@1.75
Havana onions, bu crates...$2.75@3.00
do Valencia, crate...$3.50@4.00
Green onions, New Orleans...75@85c
Cucumbers, hothouse, doz...$1.75@2.00
Cabbage, Danish...$35.00@60.00
do lb...3½@4c
Parsley, doz...75@85c
Radishes, doz...90@95c
Kale, bu...25@30c
Celery, California, crates...4.75@5.25
doz...85@90c
Lettuce, home, doz...30@70c
do Ashtabula, basket...30@35c
do box...40@45c
do Florida, hamper...$1.75@2.00

Florida, bbl, head...$2.00@2.25
do head, bbl...$4.00@4.50
Garlic, lb...7@8c
Carrots, bbl...$1.75@2.00
New carrots, doz...80@90c
String beans, bu...$5.00@6.00
Rhubarb, per doz...65@85c
Cauliflower, crate...$2.00@2.25
Watercress, doz...25@30c
Brussels sprouts, quart...15@16c
Florida tomatoes, 6-basket carrier, fancy...$2.50@4.00
do choice...$2.00@3.00
Spinach, bu...$1.25@1.40
Squash, Hubbard, bbl...$2.25@2.50
do marrow, fat...$2.25@2.50
Honey, new...14½@15c
Parsnips, bbl...$2.00@2.25
Rutabagas...$1.75@2.00
Beets, bbl...$2.75@3.00
New beets...60@$1.00
Popcorn, lb...4@5c
Horseradish, bbl...$7.00@7.50
Egg plant, hamper...$6.00@7.00
Strawberries, per qt...40@50c
Peppers, 6-basket carriers...$2.00@2.50

PROVISIONS

Hams.
13 lbs. and up...11¼c
Over 14 to 18 lbs...11c
Over 10 to 14 lbs...11½c
10 lbs and under...11½c
Skinned...11¾c
Boneless boiled...11¾c
California...7½c
Shoulders, N. Y. cut...7¾c
do skinned...8¼c
Breakfast bacon, ribs, 8 to 10 lbs...11½c
do 10 to 12 lbs...11c
do back strips...10½c
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs...12c
do 10 to 12 lbs...11¾c

Breakfast bacon, back strips...10½c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears...8c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs...8¼c
do 16 to 20 lbs...8½c
do under 16 lbs...8½c
Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears...9c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs...7¼c
do 16 to 20 lbs...8¼c
do under 16 lbs...9½c
Lard, pure tierces...7½c

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.
Prints...27½@28c
Tubs...27@27½
Ohio cream...24½@25½c
Dairy...15@16c
Country roll...15@16c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream...11½@12c
do Ohio...11@11½c
do ¾ crm...10@10½c

Cheese, Ohio Swiss...13@13½c
do Wis. Swiss tubs...14½@15c
do 20-lb block Swiss, new...14½@15c
do Limburger...13@13½c
do Brickstein...13½@14c
Eggs, fresh candled...34@35c
do select...35@37c

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live chickens...14@15c
Roosters...9@10c
Turkeys...17@18c
Live ducks, lb...14@15c
Geese...12@14c
Dressed hens...17@18c
Dressed spring...13@13c
Roosters...17@18c
Turkeys, fresh, dressed...20@23c
Roosters...9@10c
Ducks...15@20c
Capon, lb...22@25c
No. 1 geese feather...25c
do ex. live...65c

pair...$2.00
do teal...$1.20
do blue bill...$1.50
do ruddy...$1.50
do red head...$1.50@2.00
do canvasback...$3.00

NUTS.

Chestnuts, lb...10@11c
Filberts...11c
Spn. walnuts...11@14c
S. S. almonds...16c
Tarr. almonds...15c
Mixed...12c
Brazil...11c

Italian chestnuts...23c
Pecans...12c
Shellbarks, bu...$1.75@2.00
Walnuts...$1.00@1.25
Butternuts...$1.00
Peanuts, fancy roasted...$1.35
do choice...$1.05

TROPICAL FRUITS.

Lemons, Mes. sina...$2.75@3.00
do Verdelli...$3.25@3.50
do Californ. nia...$2.50@3.00
Limes, per 100...$1.00
Oranges, California, navel...$2.50@3.00
do Florida...$2.75@3.25
Cocoanuts, bags...$2.50
Figs, Cal. 10-lb cartons...$1.00@1.25

Bananas, bst...$1.25@1.75
do 2d's...$1.00@1.50
Pineapples, crate...$4.50@5.00
Persian Californ'a, W. Nellis...$3.50
do Claiborne...$2.75
Grapefruit...$3.50@4.00
Almeria...$3.50@4.00
Grape fruit...$3.00@5.50
Red Emperor...$1.75@2.00

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Apples, fancy, bbl...$4.00@4.25
do bulk, bbl...$2.00@2.50
do choice...$2.00@2.50

Grapes, Catawba...18@19c
Cranberries, box...$2.25@2.50
do bbl...$8.00@10.00

HIDES.

No. 1 green steer, heavy...9c
do light, under 60 lbs. and cows, all weights...9c
No. 1 inspected...7c
Calfskin, No. 1...15c
do No. 2...8c

Green salt or cured No. 1 steers...7c
do No. 2...7¼c
do No. 1 steers...8c
do No. 2...7½c
Calfskin, No. 1...10½c

STOCK EXCHANGES AND BANKS CLOSED

Banks and stock exchanges in the principal cities of the United States were closed yesterday, the anniversary of Lincoln's birthday and a legal holiday. The exchanges and financial institutions will resume business today as usual.

ALTON SYSTEM NOW UNDER NEW CONTROL

Not Purchased by the Pennsylvania, but Bought in Interest of Union Pacific.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The Pennsylvania has not purchased the Alton system, according to excellent authority, but from the same source it is learned that the system has changed hands and the stock has passed from the old control to the Union Pacific people for the common and 50 for the preferred. This means that the purchasers have paid $18,500,000 for the 200,000 shares of the preferred and $8,000,000 for the 200,000 shares of the common stock.

The rumor was secretly circulated yesterday that the Pennsylvania had purchased the Alton, and as that road is a competitor of the Wabash, a Gould line, it was pointed out by the rumor-mongers that it was a step by Mr. Cassatt to reopen the Gould-Cassatt controversy. As a result the Pennsylvania and Wabash issues were weak yesterday.

Later it developed that the purchase had been made in the interest of the Union Pacific Company. A private banking house which attends to much of the Harriman business, refused to either deny or confirm the purchase by Mr. Harriman, but it was admitted that control of the road had passed from one control to another on the basis stated.

This road is of great use to the Union Pacific, and would also be a fine addition to the Rock Island. It would extend to St. Louis and Kansas City from the western terminus of the Pennsylvania, while, on the other hand, it would give the Union Pacific a connecting link between Kansas City and with the eastern trunk lines at Chicago, thus giving it its own rails over which to handle the business, which it now turns over to the Northwestern, Alton and other roads.

George Gould and Mr. Harriman are friendly, and Mr. Gould is a director of the Alton, as is also Mr. Harriman, and it is certain that neither would have consented to the sale of the road to an interest not friendly to Mr. Gould.

HAY'S MASTER STROKE STEADIED MONEY MARKET

Japanese and Russian Securities Closed Higher on the London Stock Exchange.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Rates for money and discounts are firm today, consequent on the withdrawal of gold for Argentina. Money, 2@2½ per cent. The rate of discount for short bills is 2 1-16@2¼ per cent. The rate of discount for three months' bills is 2½@2¾ per cent. Consols for money, 89¾ per cent. Consols for account, 89 13-16 per cent. Rate for money and discounts here firm today, consequent on the withdrawal of gold for Argentina. Prices on the stock exchange opened fair to steady. Trading was quiet, in the absence of war news. Consols had a trifle easier tendency at first, but hardened later and closed firm. Americans opened stagnant, the transition in New York, due to the holiday there, having discouraged dealings here. Stocks closed firm. Grand Trunk was buoyant on the dividend declaration. Fluctuations were inactive and fairly steady. The movement on the part of the United States, to insure China's neutrality, had a steadying effect. Chinese had a better tone and Japanese and Russians were a last point higher.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—Three per cent rentes, 101 17½f for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 41c for checks. The tone on the bourse today was much improved. Business opened calm, with prices firm. The declarations of neutrality by the powers produced a good impression. There were heavy purchases of Rentes during the closing hours, and at the end the market was firm. Imperial Russian 4s closed at 92 45. Russian Government 5½ per cent. Private rate of discount, 2 17-16 per cent.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—Trading on the bourse today was firm.

IN THE OIL FIELDS.

The Sun purchasers' agency posted new quotations for credit balances yesterday, and the new price to be paid will take effect this morning. The advance is generally 10c, but not all along the line, beginning with Pennsylvania which is 10c higher at $1 40. New Lima and Indiana from $1 31 to $1 35. All other grades were subjected to the same reduction. Coming as it has so soon after the monthly pipe line certificates, which were found favorable, there is much speculation as to the cause for the reduction.

The Standard of Pennsylvania and Lima oil were reduced 10c per barrel on both barrels in January, and the runs from the wells for the same time were lower than for any previous month in many years. The outlook for the season is not encouraging. There is no new producing territory in sight, and the weather for the next three months has been such that little new oil could be made in developing the old wells.

The late waste in the Salem district, Harrison county, W. Va., have come in. Most of the producers, and there are a number, north of Salem the South Penn Oil Company has drilled its second test on the M. H. Morris farm, in Union district, and it produced 25 barrels the first 24 hours. The company has put the South Penn test drilled its No. 2 on the F. F. Caldwell farm through the Gordon sand. The Caldwell test is going by the head with the sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 3 on the T. B. Posey farm through the Gordon and will put in a 6-inch casing. Their A. V. Scott farm test, on the line from Old Furnace to Shinnston, is drilling its No. 4 on the F. Fire farm at 50 feet in the Gordon, and the tools are hung and ready to go to the first sand. It will make a little more water.

In the Pine Grove extension, Wetzel county, the South Penn has drilled in No. 5 on the Mary Hall farm through the Gordon and will put in a 6-inch casing. The Hall tract is the first lease in the new district that the South Penn has developed some gas, but it is not in paying quantities. The South Penn has drilled No. 6 on the H. Pittman farm into the sand and has a good show of oil and gas in the bailer. The same company is drilling in on the Mary at its No. 7 on the Mary A. Long farm. Both of these tests will be oil or gas.

In the same district the South Penn has shot its No. 2 on the Rhea Dulaney farm, and the well produced 250 barrels the second 24 hours. On the Dulaney tract the Pine Grove extension, the Jupiter Oil Company has completed its test on the Jackson farm and has a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon. The Pole Cat Oil Company has drilled in No. 2 on the South Penn lease drilled in rapid order and is now at 1,000 feet in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 2 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 3 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 4 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 5 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 6 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 7 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 8 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 9 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 10 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 11 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 12 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. The Southern Oil Company has drilled in No. 13 on the Mary Long farm, and it is a 25-barrel producer in the Gordon sand. 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TROOPS WILL NOT GO TO BALTIMORE

Odd Mix-Up in Fire City Leads the President to Declare Himself.

AUTHORITIES ARE IN A CLASH

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Room 10, Postal Building, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 12.

"No federal troops will be sent to Baltimore," is the final announcement today on the proposed action to send regiments to the stricken city to assist in keeping order under its 10 days of martial law. Thereby hangs a tale which consists mostly of contradictory movements and orders.

The first movement to obtain federal troops came as an almost unanimous request from citizens and business men of Baltimore, backed by Senators Gorman, McComas and Senator-elect Rayner. Senator Gorman guaranteed that the legislature on the following day would request the federal troops by resolution, and Maj. Gen. Corbin, commanding the department of the east, was ordered to proceed to Baltimore and take command.

The legislature did not pass the resolution, and Adjt. Gen. Riggs of Baltimore objected on the ground that the local militia was able to keep order. When Gen. Corbin got to Baltimore he was informed he was not wanted. The local militia failed to keep order the first day. Then there was an outcry for federal troops. Business men arose in their might, voted Gen. Riggs a tyrant and warse, and petitioned the legislature to ask Washington to send regulars. The legislature did so. Then Gov. Warfield expressed opposition and refused to approve the resolution.

Situation is Mixed.

Finally Secretary Taft wired to Baltimore for someone to come to Washington and tell him whether any living man knew what Baltimore wanted. Gen. Riggs, who has been castigated by public opinion in Baltimore for 48 hours, came to the city today and told the president and Mr. Taft that he knew that federal troops was exactly what Baltimore didn't want. So the troops will not be sent, but another request for them is expected tomorrow. They will not be sent even then.

After the cabinet meeting today, at which the entire situation was thoroughly discussed, President Roosevelt sent the following letter to Gov. Warfield of Maryland:

White House, Washington, Feb. 12, 1904.

Sir—I am in receipt of the following resolutions from the legislature of the state of Maryland, certified by the secretary of state of the state of Maryland and authenticated by your signature as governor thereof:

The Request for Troops.

Joint resolution:

A joint resolution requesting the president of the United States to direct the secretary of war to dispatch United States troops to Baltimore city.

Whereas, An exigency has occurred by reason of a great conflagration in the city of Baltimore, which makes it desirable that troops shall be placed on guard around the burned district in the said city, and,

Whereas, The police force of the said city and the available military force of the state have become exhausted by reason of long continued and arduous service;

Therefore, Be it resolved, by the general assembly of Maryland, that the president of the United States be and he is hereby requested to direct the secretary of war of the United States to dispatch such troops of the United States as may be required for the occasion to the city of Baltimore, to be used there for the protection of property and the policing of streets around the burned district, and for the maintenance of public order and peace, for such length of time as may in the judgment of the governor of this state be necessary.

And be it further resolved, That the secretary of state be and he is hereby respectfully requested to send a copy of these resolutions, duly attested under the seal of this state, to the president of the United States.

SPENCER C. JONES, President of the Senate.
GEORGE Y. EVERHART, Speaker of the House of Delegates.

I, Oswald Tilghman, secretary of the state of Maryland, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a joint resolution passed by the general assembly of Maryland on February 10, 1904.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and, by order of the governor, attested by his signature, have affixed the great seal of the state of Maryland, at the city of Annapolis, this 11th day of February, in the year nineteen hundred and four.

His excellency, the governor.
OSWALD TILGHMAN, Secretary of State.
EDWIN WARFIELD.

The President's Power.

These resolutions were delivered to me by Adjt. Gen. Riggs of the state of Maryland, with the statement that you, as governor, thought that there was not now occasion for the use of federal troops in the city of Baltimore; that should the troops be sent, in compliance with your resolutions, you would at once request their withdrawal, and that you desired to convey your opinion thus expressed officially to me through your adjutant general.

The power of the president of the United States to use the United States army to maintain peace and order in any state grows out of section 4, article 4, of the constitution, which reads as follows:

Section 4—The United States shall guarantee to every state in this union a republican form of government and shall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the legislature (or of the executive when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

In pursuance of the authority thus conferred, legislation was enacted early in the history of the government which is now embodied in section 5,297 of the revised statutes of the United States, which reads as follows:

The Colorado Question.

In case of an insurrection in any state against the government thereof, it shall be lawful for the president, on application of the legislature of such state or of the executive, when the legislature cannot be convened, to call for such number of the militia of any other state or states which may be applied for, as he deems sufficient to suppress such insurrection; or, on like application, to employ, for the same purposes, such part of the land or naval forces of the United States as he deems necessary.

Occasion has recently arisen for the construction of section 5,297, and it is contained in a telegram sent by my direction, by Secretary Root, to the governor of Colorado, who had asked for troops to suppress local disturbances. Secretary Root said:

"The president has no lawful authority to comply with the request contained in this dispatch. His authority in such cases is regulated by title 18 of the United States revised statutes. The circumstances detailed in your dispatch indicate that if any of the provisions of that title are applicable they are the provisions to be found in section 5,297. Under that section disturbances must amount to an insurrection against the government of the state, and there must be an application by the legislature of the state if it is in session or can be convened; or if it is not in session, or cannot be convened, then by the executive.

Why Troops Were Refused.

"Upon such a supplication the president is authorized to employ such part of the military forces of the United States as he deems necessary and sufficient to suppress such insurrection. He cannot place such forces at the disposal of the governor of the state, but himself direct their operations, and he must be furnished with such facts as shall enable him to judge whether the exigency has arisen upon which the government of the United States is bound to interfere. Such exigency requires both that there shall be a disturbance amounting to an insurrection against the state, and that it is beyond the power of the civil police and military forces of the state to control."

It is sufficiently clear from this construction and from other precedents which might be cited that, after the application by the legislature, or the state executive when the legislature cannot be convened, there still remains in the president discretion to determine whether domestic violence or insurrection calling for the use of the army of the United States in its suppression in fact exists. In the present case the resolutions of the legislature of the state of Maryland do not in terms declare the existence of domestic violence or insurrection; and even if the resolutions could be construed to imply existence or imminence of such a condition, they expressly delegate to the governor of the state the power to determine that the necessity for the use of troops set forth in the resolution has ceased to exist.

As already stated, I am officially advised through the adjutant general of the state, by the governor of the state, that domestic violence requiring the presence of federal troops does not now exist, and that if the federal troops are sent under this resolution now in pursuance of the terms of the resolution, I notify me that their presence is not necessary.

Under these circumstance I must, of course, decline to comply with the request of the legislature.

Respectfully yours,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

News of the Nearby Towns and Country

PITTSBURGH MEN DIE IN A BURNING HOTEL

Cliff Springs Inn, Opposite Kittanning, Destroyed — Guests Escape in Night Clothing.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

KITTANNING, PA., Feb. 12.—The Cliff Springs inn, one of the handsomest hotel buildings in Western Pennsylvania, owned by G. W. Reed and conducted by Fred Barth, formerly a well-known wrestler of Pittsburgh, situated just over the river from this place, was burned to the ground this morning, with all its contents, entailing a loss of $23,000 with insurance of $12,250. Two mill men, Aaron Davies and Richard Dady of Pittsburgh were burned to death. They came here last Sunday evening to work in the mill and were boarding at the hotel.

The origin of the fire is unknown, it evidently starting in the bar room. Some 25 people were in the house at the time and each one had a narrow escape, all of them getting out in their night clothes. The hotel was in the borough of Applewold, which has no fire protection, and a line of hose was laid across the bridge, a distance of 1,200 feet, but when it was stretched the building was too far consumed to try to save it and the firemen directed their attention to saving adjoining property, which they succeeded in doing.

Mrs. Brown, the colored cook, lost $250 in gold which she had been afraid to deposit in the bank. Guests of the hotel lost several hundred dollars in clothing, jewelry and money.

This makes the second time in 12 years that this same hotel was burned. The first one was built in 1892 and burned in 1893. The few remains of the men who were cremated in the fire were gathered up and taken to Montgomery's undertaking establishment and will probably be shipped to Pittsburgh for interment.

Will Fight to Dislodge Gorge.

MEADVILLE, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Experts with 600 quarts of nitro-glycerin were summoned here today to commence tomorrow another attempt to dislodge the gorge extending from the Bessemer railroad bridge above the fair grounds, a distance of a mile and a half. The work will cost $100 a day. Citizens decided to raise an emergency fund of $2,500.

Damages for Gas Explosion.

BEAVER, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—The jury in the case of Mrs. Margaret Hartman of New Brighton against the Citizens Natural Gas Company for $3,000 damages for the almost complete destruction of her house by a gas explosion brought in a verdict for $2,983.

Verdict Expected Today.

GREENSBURG, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—The hearing of testimony in the case of Harry Luce, station agent for the Ligonier Valley railroad at Kingston, for the killing of Alfred T. Short on Christmas eve was concluded tonight. A verdict is not expected until morning.

WOMEN ANXIOUS TO VOTE FOR PRESIDENT

Claim State Legislatures Can Authorize Equal Suffrage at National Election.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Reports of officers and committees and addresses by state presidents, occupied most of today's sessions of the National American Woman Suffrage association. At the morning session Henry B. Blackwell, chairman of the presidential committee, reported that the attention of the state societies has been called to the fact that every state legislature may at any session by a simple change in its election laws enable its women citizens to vote in the presidential election on the same terms as the male citizens or on any qualifications of education or property which it may see fit to prescribe.

The committee reported that the near approach of the presidential election has increased the difficulty of securing affirmative action on the suffrage question here, but that during the lull that succeeds the presidential campaign next year a special effort should be made.

Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton of Warren, O., the treasurer, in her annual report, announced that the association has a balance in the treasury of $11,860. During the year a bequest of $10,000 was received from Mrs. C. C. Hussey of New Jersey. The states ranking first in point of membership in the association are New York, Massachusetts, Nebraska and Pennsylvania.

There was a large attendance at the evening session. Miss Susan B. Anthony made some general observations on the progress of the suffrage movement and Miss Alice Pound made an address on "The Problem of the Individual."

Employes to Get Union Wages.

The special sub-committee of the committee on finance of Allegheny councils appointed to consider an ordinance fixing the wages of mechanics in the department of public works at the current union rates met last night. The ordinance was adopted with an amendment to the effect that the director of the department shall sign the scale of wages for the department.

ARMY LIFE CHARMS NEW CASTLE DOCTOR.

DR. WILLIAM GRAY MILLER, who served in the Philippines, will join the regular army as an assistant surgeon. He is a graduate of the medical department of the Western university.

DESPERATE FIGHT WITH FOREIGNERS

Lumbermen Engage in Conflict With Italians Who Were Destroying Property at a Camp.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

COUDERSPORT, PA., Feb. 12.—In a desperate fight between a party of lumbermen employed on the Dewey lumber job at the head of Elb run and a gang of Italians, a number of men were seriously and some fatally injured. Knives, revolvers, stones and clubs figured in the fight and the arrival of reinforcements from the lumber camp saved the lumbermen.

The Italians came to the woods several days ago and have been making themselves objectionable to the workmen. The men in charge of the camp prevented trouble until today, when the foreigners proceeded to destroy the slide for the pulp wood. The Dewey brothers, owners of the camp, ordered the Italians to stop their depredations. The fight followed and revolvers and knives were freely used by the foreigners. The woodmen were outnumbered two to one, but they succeeded in holding their own until a number of other woodsmen arrived.

W. L. Fiester Arrested.

WASHINGTON, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—W. L. Fiester, aged 22 years, a member of a prominent family, was jailed here today charged with larceny and false pretense. J. D. Hoover, a local liveryman alleges that Fiester hired a horse and buggy from him and never returned the buggy, the robe or the whip. The Union Trust Company of Washington makes the false pretense charge. It claims that Fiester gave a check on the trust company when he had no money in the bank. Fiester will be given a hearing on Monday.

Fortune a Myth.

WEST NEWTON, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—The supposed Shallenberger fortune is now declared to be a hoax. One of the claimants has received from the Oregonian, a western newspaper, a returned letter of inquiry, across the corner of which is written: "This is the worst kind of a fake. No such man was ever heard of on the Pacific slope." It was reported that the mythical millionaire had left a fortune of $40,000,000 in mining stocks.

STATE AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

SALEM, O.—Peter and Michael Carey of Leetonia were killed in a mine here yesterday.

FRANKLIN—The four-story annex of the Exchange hotel was destroyed by fire Thursday night.

NEW CASTLE—Louis Kurzenberger, a Pennsylvania railroad brakeman, was killed Thursday night by a train.

YOUNGSTOWN, O.—G. M. McKelvey of this city has retired as president of the Hubbard Banking Company of Hubbard.

CUMBERLAND, MD.—The proposition of ex-Senator Henry G. Davis to erect a $75,000 hotel if the Elkins people raised $10,000 has been accepted.

CUMBERLAND, MD.—Frederick Bortz, aged 30 years, son of Capt. Martin S. Bortz of Centerville, Pa., near here, was killed by a fall from a ladder.

WASHINGTON—As a result of a reduction of $3 a ton on the market price of the finished product, declared by the American Tin Plate Company, the McClure tin mills have shut down indefinitely.

WASHINGTON—George H. Green yesterday began suit against the Washington Oil Company for $25,000 damages on account of the death of his son, Frank Green, who was killed by a boiler explosion.

GREENSBURG—The jury in the case of John Stevenok, charged with the murder of Mele Cika at Export, on January 16 last, returned a verdict of voluntary manslaughter. Stevenok was recommended to the extreme mercy of the court.

STEUBENVILLE, O.—Charles Strawder, a miner, died yesterday from the effects of a gunshot wound in the abdomen, inflicted during a quarrel over a crap game at Dungden late Wednesday night. George Couch, alleged to have shot him, has not been apprehended.

FUNERAL OF KRUGER AT EAST LIVERPOOL

Minister Tells Family Providence Alone Will Sit in Judgment on Dead Man.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Feb. 12.—Funeral services for Charles E. Kruger were held this morning at the Rinehart undertaking establishment. There were not more than a dozen spectators, besides the members of the family, present when the body of the murderer was placed in the hearse to be conveyed to Riverview cemetery.

When the body arrived in the city there was quite a crowd at the station, and after the members of the family had gone to their home, the crowd was allowed to view the remains.

The funeral services were conducted by the Rev. Albert E. Faust of the Free Methodist church, who visited the young man at Greensburg a week prior to the time set for the execution. The minister advised the parents and other members of the family to put their trust in the Lord, as it would be He who would sit in judgment on their son. Only the parents and seven brothers and sisters of Kruger, besides the newspaper men and the undertaker were present, and only the members of the family accompanied the remains to the cemetery.

POLITICIAL SURPRISE.

Unknown Person Causes Announcement of Judge Steward for Supreme Bench.

ALTOONA, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—A political surprise was sprung here this afternoon when some person unknown caused the announcement to be made in an afternoon newspaper of the candidacy of John Stewart, president judge of Franklin county, for the supreme bench and asking the support of Blair county. The announcement purported to be signed by Judge Stewart.

Tomorrow is the last day for announcing candidates to be voted on at the next primaries and it is credited by some that a plan has been devised for thwarting the Republican state machine, as well as the Blair county organization.

HURLED TO HIS DEATH.

Passenger Thrown by One Train Against a Locomotive, Rendering It Useless

ALTOONA, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—This side of Harrisburg today, a Pullman car on the west bound Pacific express on the Pennsylvania railroad, was discovered ablaze and in Conrad Harrisburg, a passenger, alighted from the train to see the conflagration. Just as he reached the tracks the Pittsburgh flyer rushed by at the rate of 70 miles an hour and hurled him with terrific force against the eastbound Pacific express. He was instantly killed. The impact of his dead body broke the steam pipe near the cylinder and rendered the locomotive useless. Another engine brought the train here.

COLORED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL SUFFERS LOSS BY FIRE

NEW CASTLE, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—The colored industrial school, five miles north of here, suffered a heavy loss late last night when the large barn belonging to that institution took fire and was completely destroyed. All the farm machinery and crops were burned. Two horses also lost their lives. The Rev. George Kincaid, the president, left yesterday for New York to meet Andrew Carnegie and secure a donation to the school.

Accidentily Kills Himself.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Clifford Wagner of this city this afternoon was instantly killed by a shot from his own revolver, supposed accidentally, while acting as one of the sheriff's posse maintaining order about the limestone quarries. Chief Deputy Sheriff James H. Brown had just talked to him. He was the son of Philip Wagner a local merchant and was 23 years old. Coroner Porter is investigating.

Frick's Nephew Loses Finger.

WOOSTER, O., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Jay Frick, a nephew of H. C. Frick of Pittsburgh, said son of J. Edgar Frick, lost his right while skating went through the ice. His right hand was caught between two cakes of floating ice and badly smashed, the surgeons finding it necessary to take off the index finger.

Special Fares to the South For Mardi Gras Festivities.

Excursion tickets to New Orleans, Mobile and Pensacola will be sold via Pennsylvania lines daily until February 15th, inclusive, for annual Mardi Gras festivities. Get information from J. K. Dotson, district passenger agent, room 306 Park building, Pittsburgh.

A magnificent Russo-Japanese war map, printed in three colors and black, on heavy paper, will be given as an extra free supplement to The Sunday Gazette tomorrow.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

LENTEN SERVICES WILL OPEN SOON

Special Addresses for Men and Various Episcopal Meetings Are Arranged.

BIG "DOWNTOWN" MEETING

The Lenten season will commence Wednesday, and many churches have made arrangements for observing it. A special feature of the Episcopal services will be a series of noonday addresses for men. They will be held at Trinity church, Sixth avenue. At 8 o'clock tomorrow morning there will be a celebration of the Eucharist. At 10:45 the rector, the Rev. Dr. A. W. Arundel, will preach on "Some Instruments of Self-knowledge," and in the evening he will make an address on "The Forgiveness of Sin." On Ash Wednesday there will be four services at the church for the beginning of the celebration of the season of Lent. At 8 o'clock in the morning there will be a solemn celebration of the Eucharist. At 10:30 there will be morning prayer and sermon by the Rev. Dr. Arundel. Two hours later, at 12:30 p. m., the opening noonday service, under the auspices of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, will be held, at which the rector will again make the address, and at 8 o'clock in the evening an address will be made in Trinity chapel by the Rev. Dr. D. Dorchester, Jr., of Christ M. E. church on "Some Religious Changes."

Unique Programs for Sundays.

The Rev. Dr. John Crocker White, rector of St. Andrew's Episcopal church, Sixth avenue, above Smithfield street, has arranged a unique program for the afternoon of Sundays during Lent. A special musical service will be held every Sunday afternoon, beginning at 4 o'clock, and during each Sunday afternoon a sacred cantata will not only be rendered, but will also serve as the subject of an address to be made by Dr. White. The cantatas are in various with and lead up to the climax of Lent and Easter. The program is as follows:

February 21—"The Daughter of Jairus," Sir John Stainer.
February 28—"The Holy City," Alfred H. Gaul.
March 6—"The Inheritance Divine," Henry Rowe Shelley.
March 13—"Gethsemane," C. Lee Williams.
March 20—"From Olivet to Calvary," J. H. Maunder.
March 27—"The Crucifixion," Sir John Stainer.
Easter Day—"The Resurrection," Charles F. Manney.

The music for these special services will be under the direction of J. Christopher Marks, who, on April 1, will resign his position here to take charge of the music at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York. At 10:45 Sunday mornings the rector will conduct morning prayers and will preach the sermon.

A union service will be held tomorrow evening at Christ Episcopal church, Cable avenue, Allegheny, when the Rev. H. H. Young, associate rector of St. Andrew's Episcopal church, will make an address. During the evening Prof. J. Christopher Marks, choirmaster of St. Andrew's church, will preside at the organ, and St. Andrew's choir will render the cantata, "The Inheritance Divine."

Series of Sermons Will Close.

The Rev. Dr. J. H. Mellvaine, rector of Calvary Episcopal church, Penn avenue and Stanton st., East End, will close his series of special sermons to young men tomorrow evening with a sermon on "A Young Man's Possibilities." Dr. Mellvaine's sermons to young men have been the feature of the preaching at Calvary church this winter and have attracted unusually large evening congregations. Another feature has been the musical programs. The program tomorrow evening includes the anthem, "Praise the Lord, O My Soul," by Sir John Goss. This anthem was composed for the Bicentenary festival of the Sons of the Clergy, held in St. Paul's cathedral, London, at the time Goss was organist there. It is considered a splendid specimen of church music. Sir John Goss was organist of St. Paul's cathedral for 42 years. Another number of Sunday evening's program will be a solo, "Abide With Me," by Miss Richards.

Tomorrow evening there will be a mass meeting at the Fourth avenue Baptist church. Several churches will close and join in the service which will be addressed by the Rev. W. H. Bindenwolf, the famous Indian evangelist. Prof. Harry Maxwell will sing and lead the big evangelistic chorus. The Rev. Mr. Bindenwolf will preach at the Fourth avenue church every night next week. Prof. Maxwell will also sing there.

Percy Hemus, the regular soloist of St. Patrick's cathedral, New York, will be the soloist of Prof. Taft Enos Morgan's chorus at the Second Presbyterian church tomorrow morning and at the Bijou theater meeting tomorrow afternoon. Mr. Hemus, Prof. Morgan, Leon Prevost and Helen M. Wickersham will give a concert immediately before the Bijou meeting opens.

The Rev. Dr. J. Leonard Levy will lecture on "The Strenuous Life" at the Reform Congregation Rodeph Shalom, Eighth street, near Penn avenue, tomorrow morning.

ECZEMA

The World's Greatest Skin Humour.

Affects Every Age and Condition.

The Only Sure Cure is Cuticura.

If there were not another external skin disease known, eczema would be a sufficient infliction on mankind. It pervades all classes, and descends impartially through generations. While some are constantly enveloped in it, others have it confined to small patches in the ears, on the scalp, on the breast, on the palms of the hands, on the limbs, etc., but everywhere its distinctive feature is a small watery blister, which discharges an acrid fluid, causing heat, inflammation, and intense itching, scaling and crusting.

The Cuticura treatment is at once agreeable, speedy, economical and comprehensive. Bathe the affected parts freely with hot water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment to allay itching, irritation and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent, or Pills, to cool and cleanse the blood. This treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning and scaly humours, and points to a speedy, permanent and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring humours, eczemas, rashes and inflammations, from infancy to age, when all other remedies and the best physicians fail.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, Internal Remedy, $1.00. Cuticura Soap, 25c. Ointment, 50c. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. "How to Cure Eczema."

SOZODONT Tooth Powder

New Patent Top Can. Compare quantity and quality with others. Sozodont is economy.

SCHONDELMEYER'S

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

WE MUST VACATE APRIL 1st
THE TIME IS SHORT

After over a quarter of a century of Dry Goods Selling, we are retiring from the Dry Goods business, for the reason that we are unable to secure quarters large enough.

OUR STORE HAS BEEN LEASED TO OTHERS AND WE MUST VACATE

For a few days only, we will sell at private sale. After that

WE WILL AUCTION OFF EVERY DOLLAR'S WORTH OF DRY GOODS IN THE HOUSE

We have made arrangements with the party who leased our store whereby we will have entire second and third floors where we will show the largest stock of Carpets and Wall Papers in Allegheny City.

We Will Still Continue Our Carpet and Wall Paper Business . . . . . .

Prices are very much to your advantage now.

G. J. SCHONDELMEYER & CO.
113-115 East Ohio Street,
Allegheny City, Pa.

Choice and Cheap

We've started out to sell all our Winter Goods and we are going to do it. We have brushed aside all thought of profit and fixed

Prices That Command Business.

Choicest of Clothing made especially for us, now selling thus:

Every Suit, Every Overcoat and Every Pair of Trousers at

33⅓ PER CENT OFF.

All Men's and Youths' Overcoats

BELT, FROCK, ULSTER AND PLAIN STYLES.

$ 5.00 ones now	$ 3.33	$20 ones now	$13.33
$ 7.50 ones now	$ 5.00	$25 ones (silk lined)	$16.67
$10.00 ones now	$ 6.67	$30 ones (silk lined)	$20.00
$15.00 ones now	$10.00	$35 ones (silk lined)	$23.33

All Men's and Youths' Suits

SACK AND FROCK STYLES.

$ 6.00 ones now	$4.00	$15 ones now	$10.00
$ 7.50 ones now	$5.00	$20 ones now	$13.33
$10.00 ones now	$6.67	$25 ones now	$16.67

All Boys' Suits and Overcoats

NOVELTY AND PLAIN STYLES.

$2.00 ones now	$1.33	$ 6.00 ones now	$4.00
$2.50 ones now	$1.67	$ 7.50 ones now	$5.00
$3.00 ones now	$2.00	$10.00 ones now	$6.67

All Men's and Youths' Trousers

$2.00 ones now	$1.33	$5.00 ones now	$3.33
$2.50 ones now	$1.67	$6.00 ones now	$4.00
$3.00 ones now	$2.00	$7.50 ones now	$5.00

All Knee Pants

50c ones now	33c	$1.00 ones now	67c
75c ones now	50c	$1.50 ones now	$1.00

Advance Spring Styles of Soft & Stiff Hats ready

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Cures weak, watery, blurring, inflamed, congested and swollen eyes. Also granulations, stones, discharges, and soreness.

It relieves eye strain, particularly that sort of eye strain resulting from close application by artificial light, and is of great value to those wearing glasses.

The irritating results of dust, wind, and smoke vanish after applying Eye-Fix.

Use Eye-Fix to relieve serious inflammations and complications when foreign substances have been lodged in the eye.

A few drops will do wonders.

If you have never used Eye-Fix, write us. Absolutely non-injurious. Price, 50c. Send for sample.

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Leave Chicago this evening on the Golden State Limited and in less than three days you will arrive at Los Angeles.

An hour later you can be on the shores of the Pacific, listening to the roar of the surf, drinking in the wine-like air; the bluest of blue skies above you and the most charming landscapes in America all about you. This, mind you, at a time of year when the thermometer at home is 'way below zero and the newspapers are filled with details of the "greatest snow storm in years."

The Golden State Limited

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Day Express, daily	8.00 a. m.	4.40 p. m.
Main Line Express, daily	8.00 a. m.	12.15 a. m.
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Harrisburg Mail, daily	12.40 p. m.	4.40 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily	4.30 p. m.	10.00 a. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily	5.00 p. m.	1.30 a. m.
Eastern Express, daily	7.10 p. m.	3.45 a. m.
Fast Line, daily	9.00 p. m.	6.50 a. m.
New York Special, Daily, for New York only	12.00 p. m.	6.50 a. m.
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Fast Line, daily	9.00 p. m.	6.50 a. m.
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